Syllabus

Revised Basic B.Sc. Nursing



Indian Nursing Council

08th Floor, NBCC Centre, Plot No. 2, Community Centre, Okhla Phase – 1, New Delhi - 110020

SYLLABUS

GENERAL SCIENCE

PLACEMENT: I SEMESTER THEORY: 4Credits (80 hours)

DESCRIPTION: The course is designed to enable students to refresh their knowledge and understanding gained during the previous education that will enhance their ability to apply the same in nursing practice.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Recal and refresh their knowledge and understanding of concepts, principles and application of Physics and identify its relevance to nursing.
- 2. Recall and refresh their knowledge and understanding of concepts, principles and application of Chemistry and identify its relevance to nursing.
- 3. Recall and refresh their knowledge and understanding of concepts, principles and application of Chemistry and identify its relevance to nursing.

UNIT	TIME	LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING/ LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT METHODS
I-X	20 hours	Review and recall the knowledge and application of concepts and principles of Physics	PHYSICS I. Physical World and Measurement Physical world Units and Measurements II. Kinematics Motion in a straight line Motion in a plane Uniform circular motion III. Laws of motion Laws of conservation of linear momentum and its applications Laws of friction IV. Work, energy and power kinetic energy, workenergy, power. conservation of mechanical energy (kinetic and potential energies) V. Motion of system of	 Lecture cum discussion Self-directed learning Assignments 	 MCQ Short answer Evaluation of assignments

			na	rticles and rigid body-				
			_	n of particles and				
			_	onal motion				
			VI. Gr	avitation				
			VII. Pı	roperties of bulk				
				atter-				
			• Mo	echanical properties of				
			so	lids, fluids				
			• Th	ermal properties of				
			ma	atter				
			VIII. 7	Thermodynamics				
			IX. I	Behaviour of perfect				
			٤	gases and kinetic				
			t	heory of gases				
			X. Os	cillation of waves				
			• Os	scillations				
			• W	aves				
I-	20	Review and	CHEN	MISTRY	•	Lecture cum	•	MCQ
XIV	hours	recall the	I.	Some basic concepts		discussion		
		knowledge and		of chemistry		0.10.11	•	Short answer
		application of concepts and	II.	Structure of atom	•	Self-directed learning	_	Evaluation of
		principles of	III.	Classification of		learning	•	Evaluation of assignments
		Chemistry		elements and	•	Assignments		ussignments
				periodicity in		\mathcal{E}		
				properties				
			IV.	Chemical bonding				
				and molecular				
				structure				
			V.	States of matter:				
				gases and liquids				
			VI.	Chemical				
				thermodynamics				
			VII.	Equilibrium				
			VIII.	Redox reactions				
			IX.	Hydrogen				
			X.	S-Block elements				
			XI.	P-Block elements				
			XII.	Organic chemistry-				
				some basic principles				
			VIII	and techniques				
			XIII. XIV.	Hydrocarbons Environmental				
			AIV.					
				chemistry				

I-X	40	Review and	BIOLOGY	• Lastura surre	• MCO
1-7	hours	recall th	I. Diversity in Living	Lecture cum discussion	• MCQ
		knowledge an	WOIL	G 16 11 4 1	• Short answer
		application of concepts and	• Biodiversity	• Self-directed learning	Evaluation of
		principles o	Salient features and		assignments
		Biology	classification of plants	• Assignments	
			and animals II. Structural		
			Organization in		
			Animals and Plants:		
			• Plant tissues-		
			Morphology, anatomy		
			and functions of different		
			parts of flowering plants		
			• Animal tissues;		
			Morphology, anatomy		
			and functions of different		
			systems III. Cell Structure and		
			Function		
			Plant cell and animal		
			cell-structure and		
			functions		
			• Cell division: Cell cycle,		
			mitosis, meiosis and their		
			significance		
			IV. Plant Physiology		
			• Transport in plants		
			• Transport of food: Mineral nutrition-		
			Essential minerals,		
			macro and micronutrients		
			and their role		
			Nitrogen metabolism		
			Photosynthesis- Factors		
			affecting photosynthesis		
			• Respiration: Exchange of		
			gases; Cellular		
			respiration, Energy		
			V. Human Physiology		
			Digestion and absorption Proofbing and		
			Breathing and Respiratory		
			Respiration: Respiratory		

	system in humans;
	Mechanism of breathing
	and its regulation in
	humans,
	Body fluids and
	circulation
	Human circulatory
	system
	Human excretory
	system-structure and
	functions
	Locomotion and
	Movement
	Skeletal system and its
	function
	Nervous system in
	humans
	Sense organs -eye and
	ear.
	Human endocrine system
	VI. Reproduction
	Sexual reproduction in
	flowering plants
	Human Reproduction:
	Male and female
	reproductive systems,
	Reproductive health
	VII. Genetics and
	Evolution
	Chromosomes and genes
	Sex determination in
	humans
	Structure of DNA and
	RNA, Gene expression
	and regulation
	VIII. Biology and Human
	Welfare
	Health and Disease:
	Pathogens; parasites
	causing human diseases
	Basic concepts of
	immunology, Microbes
	in human welfare

Sewage treatment,
energy generation and
biofertilizers
IX. Biotechnology and
Its Applications
Biotechnology in health
and agriculture
X. Ecology and
environment
Population and
ecological adaptations
Air pollution and its
control; Water pollution
and its control
Solid waste management,
Radioactive waste
management, Greenhouse effect and
global warming, Ozone
depletion, Deforestation

COMMUNICATIVE ENGLISH

PLACEMENT: I SEMESTER THEORY: 2 Credits (40 hours)

DESCRIPTION:

The course is designed to enable students to enhance ability to speak and write the language (and use English) required for effective communication in their professional work. Students will practice their skills in verbal and written English during clinical and classroom experience.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Identify the significance of Communicative English for healthcare professionals
- 2. Apply the concepts and principles of English Language use in professional development such as pronunciation, vocabulary, grammar, paraphrasing, voice modulation, Spelling, pause and silence
- 3. Demonstrate attentive listening in different hypothetical situations
- 4. Converse effectively, appropriately and timely within the given context as an individual or to the team they are communicating with either face to face or by other means
- 5. Read, interpret and comprehend content in text, flow sheet, framework, figures, tables, reports, anecdotes etc...
- 6. Analyse the situation and apply critical thinking strategies
- 7. Enhance expressions through writing skills
- 8. Apply LSRW (Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing) Skill in combination to learn, teach, educate and share information, ideas and results.

UNIT	TIME	LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING/ LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT METHODS
I	3 hours	Identify the significance of communicative English	• What is communication? • What are communication roles of listeners, speakers, readers and writers as healthcare professionals?	 Definitions with examples, illustrations and explanations Identifying competencies/ communicative strategies in LSRW Reading excerpts on the above and interpreting them through tasks 	Checking for understanding through tasks
П	5 hours	Describe concepts and principles of Language (English) use in professional development such as pronunciation, vocabulary, grammar, paraphrasing, voice modulation, spelling, pause and silence	Introduction to LSRGW L- Listening: Different types of listening S-Speaking: Understanding Consonants, Vowels, Word and Sentence Stress, Intonation R- Reading: Medical vocabulary, Gr-Grammar: Understanding tenses, linkers W- writing simple sentences and short paragraphs emphasis on correct grammar	 Exercises on listening to news, announcements, telephone conversations and instructions from others Information on fundamentals of Speech- C, V, Stress and Intonation with tasks based on these through audio/ video and texts Reading a medical dictionary/ 	Through 'check your understanding' exercises'

III 5 hours	hypothetical situations	Attentive Listening Focusing on listening in different situations- announcements, descriptions, narratives, instructions, discussions, demonstrations Reproducing Verbatim Listening to academic talks/lectures Listening to presentation	 Listening to announcements, news, documentaries with tasks based on listening With multichoice, Yes/No and fill in the blank activities 	 Correct answers Listening for specific information Listening for overall meaning and instructions Listening to attitudes and opinions Listening to audio, video and identify key points
IV 9 hours	Converse effectively, appropriately and timely within the given context and the individual or team they are communicating with either face to face or other means	Speaking-Effective Conversation Conversation situations- informal, formal	Different types of speaking activities related to the content Guided with prompts and free discussions Presentation techniques Talking to peers and other adults. Talking to patients and Patient attenders Talking to other healthcare professionals Class room conversation scenario based learning tasks	Individual and group/ peer assessment through live speaking tests • Presentation of Situation in emergency and routine • Handoff • Reporting in doctors/nurses' rounds • Case presentation • Face to face oral communication • Speaking individually (Nurse to nurse/patient/doctor) and to others in the group • Telephonic talking

V	5 hours	Read, interpret and comprehend content in text, flow sheet, framework, figures, tables, reports, anecdotes	 Agreeing and disagreeing, giving opinions Describing people, places, events and things, narrating, reporting & reaching conclusions Evaluating and comparing Complaints and suggestions Telephone conversations Delivering presentations Reading Reading strategies, reading notes and messages Reading relevant articles and news items Vocabulary for everyday activities, abbreviations and medical vocabulary Leagure of the first strategies, giving opinions Detailed tasks and exercises on reading for information, inference and evaluation Vocabulary games and puzzles for medical lexis Grammar activities Reading/summarizing/Justify ng answers orally Patient document Doctor's Prescription or care Journal/news reading an interpretation Notes/Reports 	of
			items • Vocabulary for everyday activities, abbreviations and medical puzzles for medical lexis • Grammar activities	

			presentations		
			• Remedial		
			Grammar		
VI	5	Enhance expressions	Writing Skills	Writing tasks	Paper based assessment by
	hours	through writing skills	 Writing patient 	with focus on task	the teacher/trainer against set
			tory	fulfilment,	band descriptors
			 Note taking 	coherence and	Presentation of situation
			 Summarising 	cohesion,	Documentation
			 Anecdotal records 	appropriate	Report writing
			 Letter writing 	vocabulary and	Paper writing skills
			• Diary/ Journal	correct grammar	Verbatim reproducing
			iting	• Guided and free	Letter writing
			• Report writing	tasks	Resume/CV
			• Paper writing skills	• Different kinds	
			Abstract writing	of letter writing	
X/II	0	v 1 1 CDM/ C1.11.	I CDIV CL'II.	tasks	C Plant
VII	8	Apply LSRW Skill in	LSRW Skills	• Valuating	Consolidated assessment
	hours	combination to learn,	• Critical thinking	different	orally and through written tasks/ exercises
		teach, educate and share information,	strategies for	options/	tasks/ exercises
		share information, ideas and results	listening and readingOral reports,	multiple answers and	
		ideas and results	• Oral reports, presentations	answers and interpreting	
			• Writing	decisions	
			instructions, letters	through	
			and reports	situational	
			• Error analysis	activities	
			regarding LSRW	Demonstration	
				-individually	
				and in groups	
				• Group	
				Discussion	
				 Presentation 	
				 Role Play 	
				• Writing	
				reports	

APPLIED ANATOMY & APPLIED PHYSIOLOGY

PLACEMENT: I SEMESTER **THEORY:** 5 Credits (100 hours)

Anatomy -50 hours & Physiology -50 hours

APPLIED ANATOMY

DESCRIPTION: The course is designed to assists student to acquire the knowledge of the normal structure of human body, identify alteration in anatomical structure with emphasis on clinical application to practice nursing.

THEORY: 2.5 Credits (50 hours)

COMPETENCIES:

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Describe anatomical terms
- 2. Explain the general and microscopic structure of each system of the body
- 3. Identify relative positions of the major body organs as well as their general anatomic locations
- 4. Explore the effect of alterations in structure
- 5. Apply knowledge of anatomic structures to analyze clinical situations and therapeutic applications

UN	TIME	LEARNING	CONTENT	TEACHING	ASSESSMENT
IT	(HRS)	OUTCOMES		LEARNING	METHODS
т т	(Translation Assessment and		0 :
I	6	Define the terms relative to the anatomical position Describe the anatomical planes Define and describe the terms used to describe	Introduction to anatomical terms and organization of the human body Introduction to anatomical terms relative to position-anterior, ventral, Posterior dorsal, superior, inferior, median, lateral, proximal, distal, superficial, deep, prone, supine, palmar and plantar Anatomical planes (axial/transverse/ horizontal, sagittal/vertical plane and coronal/frontal/oblique plane)		 Quiz MCQ Short Answer questions
		movements	• Movements (flexion, extension, abduction, adduction, medial rotation, lateral rotation, inversion, eversion, supination,		

		Organization of human body and structure of cell, tissues membranes and glands Describe the types of cartilage Compare and contrast the features of skeletal, smooth and cardiac muscle	pronation, plantar flexion, dorsal flexion and circumduction. Cell structure, Cell division Tissue-definition, types, characteristics, classification, location Membrane, glands-classification and structure Identify major surface and bony landmarks in each body region, Organization of human body Hyaline, fibro cartilage, elastic cartilage Features of skeletal, smooth and cardiac muscle Application and implication in nursing	 Lecture cum discussion Video slides Anatomical Torso 	
II	5	Describe the structure of respiratory system Identify the muscles of respiration and examine their contribution to the mechanism of breathing	 The Respiratory system Structure of the organs of respiration Muscles of respiration Application and implication in nursing 	 Lecture cum discussion Models Video slides 	• Short answer questions Objective type
III	5	Describe the structure of digestive system	 The Digestive system Structure of alimentary canal and accessory organs of digestion Application and implications in nursing 	Lecture cum discussionVideo slidesAnatomical Torso	Short answerObjective type

IV	5	Describe the structure of circulatory and lymphatic system.	The Circulatory and lymphatic system Structure of blood components, blood vessels-Arterial and Venous system Position of heart relative to the associated structures Chambers of heart, layers of heart Heart valves, coronary arteries Nerve and blood supply to heart Lymphatic tissue Veins used for IV injections Application and implication in nursing	•	Lecture Models Video /slides	•	Short answer MCQ
V	4	Identify the major endocrine glands and describe the structure of endocrine Glands	The Endocrine system Structure of Hypothalamus, Pineal Gland, Pituitary gland, Thyroid, Parathyroid, Thymus, Pancreas and Adrenal glands	•	Lecture	•	Short answer questions Objective type
VI	3	Describe the structure of various sensory organs	 The Sensory organs Structure of skin, eye, ear, nose and tongue Application and implications in nursing 	•	Lecture Explain with Video/models/ charts	•	Short answer MCQ
VII	8	Describe anatomical position and structure of bones and joints Identify major bones that make up the axial and appendicular skeleton Classify the joints Identify the application and implications in nursing Describe the structure of muscle	 The Musculoskeletal system: Anatomical positions Bones- Types, structure, growth and ossification Axial and Appendicular skeleton Joints- classification, major joints and structure Application and implications in nursing The Muscular System Types and structure of Muscles Muscle groups-muscles of the head, neck, thorax, abdomen, pelvis, upper limb and lower limbs Principal muscles- deltoid, 	•	Review – discussion Lecture Discussions Explain using charts, skeleton and loose bones and torso	•	Short answer questions Objective type

		Apply the knowledge in performing nursing procedures/skills	biceps, triceps, respiratory, abdominal, pelvic floor, pelvic floor muscles, gluteal muscles and vastus lateralis Major muscles involved in nursing procedures		
VIII	4	Describe the structure of renal system	 The Renal System Structure of kidney, ureters, bladder, urethra Application and implication in nursing 	• Lecture	MCQShort answer
IX	4	Describe the structure of reproductive system	 The Reproductive System Structure of male reproductive organs Structure of female reproductive organs Structure of breast 	• Lecture	MCQShort answer
X	6	Describe the structure of nervous system including the distribution of the nerves, nerve plexuses Describe the	 The Nervous system Review Structure of neurons CNS, ANS and PNS (Central, autonomic and peripheral) Structure of brain, spinal cord, cranial nerves, spinal nerves, peripheral nerves, functional areas of cerebral cortex 	 Lecture Explain with models Video slides 	MCQShort answer
		Describe the ventricular system	 Ventricular system, formation, circulation, and drainage Application and implication in nursing 		

APPLIED PHYSIOLOGY

DESCRIPTION: The course is designed to assists student to acquire comprehensive knowledge of the normal functions of the organ systems of the human body to facilitate understanding of physiological basis of health, identify alteration in functions and provide the student with the necessary physiological knowledge to practice nursing.

THEORY: 2.5 Credits (50 hours)

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Develop understanding of the normal functioning of various organ systems of the body
- 2. Identify the relative contribution of each organ system towards maintenance of homeostasis
- **3.** Describe the effect of alterations in functions
- **4.** Apply knowledge of physiological basis to analyze clinical situations and therapeutic applications

UNIT	TIME (HRS)	LEARNING OUTCOME S	CONTENT	TEACHING LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMEN T METHODS
I	3 hrs	Describe the physiology of cell, tissues, membranes and glands	 General Physiology-Basic concepts Cell physiology including transportation across cell membrane Body fluid compartments, Distribution of total body fluid, intracellular and extracellular compartments, major electrolytes and maintenance of homeostasis Cell cycle Tissue- formation, repair Membranes and glandsfunctions Application and implication in nursing 	 Review – discussion Lecture cum discussion Video demonstrations 	 Quiz MCQ OSPE Short Answer questions

II	5hrs	Describe the physiology and mechanism of respiration Identify the muscles of respiration and examine their contribution to the mechanism of breathing	 Respiratory system Functions of respiratory organs Physiology of respiration Pulmonary circulation-functional features Pulmonary ventilation, Exchange of gases Carriage of oxygen and Carbon-dioxide, Exchange of gases in tissue Regulation of respiration Hypoxia, cyanosis, dyspnoea, periodic breathing PFT Respiratory changes during exercise Aging changes Application and implication in nursing 	LectureVideo slides	 Essay Short answer MCQ
III	6hrs	Describe the functions of digestive system	 Digestive system Functions of the organs of digestive tract Saliva-composition, regulation of secretion and functions of saliva Composition and function of gastric juice, mechanism and regulation of gastric secretion Composition of pancreatic juice, function, regulation of pancreatic secretion Functions of liver, gall bladder and pancreas Composition of bile and function Secretion and Function of small and large intestine Movements of alimentary tract Digestion in mouth, stomach, small intestine, large intestine, Absorption of food Metabolism of CHO, fat and proteins Application and 	Lecture cum discussion Video slides	 Essay Short answer MCQ

			implications in nursing		
IV	5hrs	Explain the	Circulatory and lymphatic		
		functions of the	system		
		heart, and	• Functions of heart,		
		physiology of	conduction system, cardiac		
		circulation	cycle, Stroke volume and		
			cardiac output	 Lecture 	• Short
			Blood pressure and Pulse Giantletian principles	Discussion	answer
			• Circulation- principles, factors influencing blood	Video/slides	• MCQ
			pressure, pulse	Video/shdes	· MCQ
			 Coronary circulation, 		
			Pulmonary and systemic		
			circulation		
			Heart rate-regulation of		
			heart rate,		
			Normal value and		
			variations		
			Cardiovascular		
			homeostasis in exercise		
			and posture		
			Aging changesApplication and		
			 Application and implication in nursing 		
V	4hrs	Describe the	Blood	Lecture	• Essay
,	IIIS	composition and	Blood-Functions, Physical	Discussion	• Short
		functions of	characteristics,	• Videos	answer
		blood	Components		• MCQ
			• Formation of blood cells		
			• Erythropoiesis, Functions		
			of RBC, RBC life cycle		
			WBC- types, functions		
			Platelets-Function and Platelets of platelets		
			production of plateletsClotting mechanism of		
			• Clotting mechanism of blood, clotting time,		
			bleeding time, PTT		
			Hemostasis –role of		
			vasoconstriction, platelet		
			plug formation in		
			hemostasis, coagulation		
			factors, intrinsic and		
			extrinsic pathways of		
			coagulation		
			Blood groups and typesFunctions of reticulo-		
			• Functions of reticulo- endothelial system,		
			Immunity		
			 Application in nursing 		
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VI	4hrs	Identify the	The endocrine system	• Lecture	• Short
		major endocrine glands and describe their functions	 Functions and hormones of Pineal Gland, Pituitary gland, Thyroid, Parathyroid, Thymus, Pancreas and Adrenal glands. Other hormones Alterations in disease Application and implication in nursing 	Explain using charts	answer • MCQ
VII	4hrs	Describe the structure of various sensory organs	 The sensory Organs Functions of skin Vision, hearing, taste and smell Errors of refraction, aging changes Application and implications in nursing 	LectureVideo	Short answerMCQ
VIII	4hrs	Describe the functions of bones, joints, various types of muscles, its special properties and nerves supplying them	 Musculo-skeletal system Bones- Functions, movements of bone s of axial and appendicular skeleton, Bone healing Joints and joint movements Alteration of joint disease Properties and Functions of skeletal muscles – mechanism of muscle contraction Structure and properties of cardiac muscles and smooth muscles Application and implication in nursing 	LectureDiscussionVideo presentation	 Structured essay Short answer MCQ
IX	4hrs	Describe the physiology of renal system	 Renal system Functions of kidney in maintaining homeostasis GFR Functions of ureters, bladder and urethra Micturition Regulation of renal function Application and implication in nursing 	LectureCharts and models	Short answerMCQ

X	4hrs	Describe the	The Reproductive System	• Lecture	• Short
		structure of reproductive system	 Female reproductive system- Menstrual cycle, function and hormones of ovary, oogenesis, fertilization, implantation, Functions of breast Male reproductive system-Spermatogenesis, hormones and its functions, semen Application and implication in providing nursing care 	Explain using charts, models, specimens	answer • MCQ
XI	7hrs	Describe the functions of brain, physiology of nerve stimulus, reflexes, cranial and spinal nerves	Nervous system Overview of nervous system Review of types, structure and functions of neurons Nerve impulse Review functions of Brain-Medulla, Pons, Cerebrum, Cerebellum Sensory and Motor Nervous system Peripheral Nervous system Autonomic Nervous system Limbic system and higher mental Functions-Hippocampus, Thalamus, Hypothalamus Vestibular apparatus Functions of cranial nerves Autonomic functions Physiology of Pain-somatic, visceral and referred Reflexes CSF formation, composition, circulation of CSF, blood brain barrier and blood CSF barrier Application and implication in nursing	 Lecture cum Discussion Video slides 	 Brief structured essays Short answer MCQ Critical reflection

APPLIED SOCIOLOGY AND PSYCHOLOGY

PLACEMENT: I SEMESTER

THEORY: 5 Credits (100 Hours)

Sociology-2 credits (40hrs) & **Psychology -**3 credits (60hrs)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable the students to develop understanding about basic concepts of sociology and psychology and its application in personal and community life, health, illness and nursing. It further provides students opportunity to recognize the significance and application of soft skills and self-empowerment in the practice of nursing.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Identify the scope and significance of sociology in nursing
- 2. Apply the knowledge of social structure and different culture in a society in identifying social needs of sick clients
- 3. Identify the impact of culture on health and illness
- 4. Develop understanding about types of family, marriage and its legislation
- 5. Identify different types of caste, class, social change and its influence on health and health practices
- 6. Develop understanding about social organization and disorganization and social problems in India
- 7. Integrate the knowledge of clinical sociology and its uses in crisis intervention
- 8. Identify the importance of psychology in individual and professional life
- 9. Develop understanding of the biological and psychological basis of human behaviour
- 10. Identify the role of nurse in promoting mental health and dealing with altered personality
- 11. Perform the role of nurses applicable to the psychology of different age groups
- 12. Identify the cognitive and affective needs of clients
- 13. Integrate the principles of motivation and emotion in performing the role of nurse in caring for emotionally sick client.
- 14. Demonstrate basic understanding of psychological assessment and nurse's role
- 15. Apply the knowledge of soft skills in workplace and society
- 16. Apply the knowledge of self-empowerment in workplace, society and personal life

UNIT	TIME (HRS)	LEARNING OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTLINE	TEACHING LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT METHODS
I	1hr	Describe the scope and significance of sociology in nursing	 Introduction Definition, nature and scope of sociology Significance of sociology in nursing 	LectureDiscussion	EssayShort answers
II	10hrs	Describe the individualization, Groups, processes of Socialization, social change and its importance	Social structure Basic concept of society, community, association and institution Individal and society Personal disorganization Social group- meaning, characteristics, and classification. Social processes- definition and forms, Co-operation, competition, conflict, accommodation, assimilation, isolation Socialization-characteristics, process, agencies of socialization Social change- nature, process, and role of nurse Structure and characteristics of urban, rural and tribal community. Major health problems in urban, rural and tribal communities Importance of social structure in nursing profession	Lecture cum Discussion	 Essay type Short answers objective type
III	5hrs	Describe culture and its impact on health and disease	 Culture Nature, characteristic and evolution of culture Diversity and uniformity of culture Difference between culture and civilization Culture and socialization Transcultural society Culture, Modernization and its impact on health and disease 	LecturePanel discussion	EssayShort answer

IV	5hrs	Explain family, marriage and legislation related to marriage	 Family and Marriage Family-characteristics, basic need, types and functions of family Marriage- forms of marriage, social custom relating to marriage and importance of marriage Legislation on Indian marriage and family. Influence of marriage and family on health and health practices 	LectureFamily case study	 Essay, Short answer Case study report
V	5hrs	Explain different types of caste and classes in society and its influence on health	 Social stratification- Introduction- Characteristics & forms of stratification Function of stratification Indian caste system- origin and characteristics Positive and negative impact of caste in society. Class system and status Social mobility-meaning and types Race- concept, criteria of racial classification Influence of class, caste and race system on health. 	LecturePanel discussionCommunity Survey	 Essay type Short answer Objective type Report of community survey
VI	12hrs	Explain social organization, disorganization, social problems and role of nurse in reducing social problems	 social organization and disorganization- Social organization-meaning, elements and types Voluntary associations Social system-definition, types, role and status as structural element of social system. Interrelationship of institutions Social control-meaning, aims and process of social control Social norms, moral and values Social disorganization-definition, causes, Control and planning 	 Lecture group Discussion Observational visit 	 Essay type Short answer, Objective type question Visit report

VII	2hrs	Explain clinical sociology and its application in the hospital and community	 Major social problems-poverty, housing, food supplies, illiteracy, prostitution, dowry, Child labour, child abuse, delinquency, crime, substance abuse, HIV/AIDS Vulnerable group-elderly, handicapped, minority and other marginal group. Fundamental rights of individual, women and children Role of nurse in reducing social problem and enhance coping Social welfare programmes in India Clinical sociology Introduction to clinical sociology Sociological strategies for developing services for the abused Use of clinical sociology 	 Lecture Group c Role plan 	liscussion	Essay Short answer
			in crisis intervention			
			APPLIED PSYCHOLOGY			
VIII	2hrs	Describe scope, branches and significance of psychology in nursing.	 Introduction Meaning of Psychology Development of psychology branches and methods of psy Relationship with other subjection Significance of psychology in Applied psychology to solve issues 	chology ects n nursing	• Lectucum Discun	EssayShort answer
IX	3hrs	Describe biology of human behaviour	Biological basis of behaviour- Introduction Body mind relationship Genetics and behaviour Inheritance of behaviour Brain and behaviour. Psychology and sensation- seprocess -normal and abnorm	•	Lectu Discu n	• Essay and short answer type

X	5hrs	Explain mentally healthy person and defence mechanisms	 Mental health and mental hygiene Concept of mental health and mental hygiene Characteristic of mentally healthy person Warning signs of poor mental health Promotive and preventive mental health strategies and services Defense mechanism and its implication Frustration and conflict- types of conflicts and measurements to overcome Role of nurse in reducing frustration and conflict and enhancing coping. 	 Lecture Case discussion Role play 	 Essay type Short answer Objective type
XI	5hrs	Describe psychology of people in different age groups and role of nurse	 Developmental psychology Psychological needs of various groups in health and sickness- Infancy, childhood, adolescence, adulthood and old age Introduction to child psychology and role of nurse in meeting the psychological needs of children Psychology of vulnerable individuals-challanged, women, sick etc. Role of nurse with vulnerable group 	LectureGroupdiscussion	EssayShort answer
XII	4hrs	Explain personality and role of nurse in identification and improvement in altered personality	 Personality Meaning, definition of personality Classification of personality Measurement and evaluation of personality-Introduction Alteration in personality Role of nurse in Identification of individual personality and improvement in altered personality. 	Lecture Discussion Demonstratio n	Essay and short answer type Objective type
XIII	14hrs	Explain cognitive process and their applications	Cognitive process Attention- definition, types, determinants, duration, degree and alteration in attention Perception - Meaning of Perception, principles, factor affecting perception, Intelligence - Meaning of intelligence - Effect of heredity and environment in intelligence, classification, Introduction to measurement of intelligence tests - Mental deficiencies Learning - Definition of learning, types of learning, Factors influencing learning - Learning process, Habit formation	Lecture Discussio n	 Essay and short answer type Objective type

			 Memory-meaning and nature of memory, factors influencing memory, methods to improve memory, forgetting Thinking- types, level, reasoning and problem solving. Aptitude- concept, types, individual differences and variability Psychometric assessment of cognitive processes-Introduction Alteration in cognitive processes 		
XIV	6hrs	Describe motivation, emotion, attitude and role of nurse in emotionally sick client.	 Motivation and emotional processes Motivation- meaning, concept, types, theories of motivation, motivation cycle, biological and special motives Emotions - Meaning of emotions, development of emotions, alteration of emotion, emotions in sickness - handling emotions in self and other Stress and adaptation- stress, stressor, cycle, effect, adaptation and coping Attitudes - Meaning of attitudes, nature, factor affecting attitude, attitudinal change, Role of attitude in health and sickness Psychometric assessment of emotions and attitude-Introduction Role of nurse in caring for emotionally sick client 	Lecture Group Discussio n	 Essay and short answer type Objective type
XV	4hrs	Explain psychological assessment and tests and role of nurse	Psychological assessment and tests - introduction Types, development, characteristics, principles, uses, interpretation Role of nurse in Psychological assessment	LectureDiscussionDemonstrati on	Short answer typeAssessment of practice
XVI	12hrs	Explain concept of soft skill and its application in work place and society	 Application of soft skill Concept of soft skill – visual, aural and communication skill The way of communication Building relationship with client and society Interpersonal Relationships (IPR): Definition, Types, and Purposes, Interpersonal skills, Barriers, Strategies to overcome barriers Survival strategies- managing time, coping stress, resilience, work- life balance 	 Lecture Group Discussio n Role play 	• Essay and short answers

			Applying soft skill to workplace and societyUse of soft skill in nursing			
XVII	5hrs	Explain self- empowerment	 Self-empowerment Dimensions of self-empowerment Self-empowerment development Importance of women's empowerment in society Professional etiquette and personal grooming Role of nurse in empowering others 	LectureDiscussion	Short answersObjective type	e

NURSING FOUNDATIONS I

PLACEMENT: 1st SEMESTER THEORY: 6 Credits (120 Hours)

(Skill Lab): 2 Credits (80 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help novice nursing students develop knowledge and competencies required to provide evidence-based, comprehensive basic nursing care for adult patients, using nursing process approach.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Develop understanding about the concept of health, illness and scope of nursing within health care services
- 2. Apply values, code of ethics and professional conduct in professional life
- 3. Apply the principles and methods of effective communication in establishing communication links with patients, families and other health team members
- 4. Develop skill in recording and reporting
- 5. Demonstrate competency in monitoring and documenting vital signs
- 6. Develop understanding about fundamentals of health assessment and perform health assessment in supervised clinical settings
- 7. Describe the principles and techniques of infection control and biomedical waste management
- 8. Identify and meet the comfort needs of the patients
- 9. Perform admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient under supervision applying the knowledge
- 10. Demonstrate understanding and application of knowledge in caring for patients with restricted mobility
- 11. Identify the educational needs of patients and demonstrate basic skills of patient education.

UNIT	TIME (HRS) T & L/SL	LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT METHODS
I	5 T	Describe the concept of health and illness	 Introduction to health and illness Concept of Health: Definitions (WHO), Dimensions Maslow's hierarchy of needs Health - Illness continuum Factors influencing health Causes and risk factors for developing illnesses Illness: Types, Illness behavior Impact of illness on patient and family 	LectureDiscussion	EssayShort answersObjective type
II	5 T 2 L	Describe the levels of Illness prevention and care, health care	Health Care delivery Systems: Introduction of basic concepts & meanings • Levels of Illness Prevention-	LectureDiscussionExperiential learning – Visit	EssayShort AnswersObjective

		services	primary (health promotion),	to Primary Health Centre	type
			 secondary and tertiary Levels of care-Primary, Secondary and Tertiary Types of health care agencies/ Services-Hospitals, clinics, Hospice, rehabilitation centres, extended care 	(observation of real settings)	• Visit report
			 facilities Hospitals: Types, Organization and Functions Health care teams in hospitals-members 		
			and their Role		
III	12 T	Trace the history of Nursing Explain the concept, nature and scope of nursing Describe values, code of ethics and professional conduct for nurses in India	 History of Nursing and Nursing as a profession History of Nursing, History of Nursing in India Contributions of Florence Nightingale Nursing: Definition- Nurse, Nursing, Concepts, philosophy, objectives, Characteristics, nature and Scope of Nursing/ Nursing practice, Functions of nurse, Qualities of a nurse, Categories of nursing personnel Nursing as a profession- Definition and Characteristics/ criteria of profession Values: Introduction-meaning and importance Code of ethics and professional 	 Lecture Discussion Case discussion Role plays 	 Essay Short answers Objective type
IV	8 T 3 L	Describe the process, principles, and types of communication Explain therapeutic, non therapeutic and professional communication Communicate effectively with patients, their families and team	conduct for nurses-Introduction Communication and Nurse patient relationship Communication: Levels, Elements and Process, Types, Modes, Factors influencing communication Methods of effective communication/Therapeutic Communication Techniques Barriers to effective communication / Nontherapeutic Communication techniques Professional communication Helping Relationships (Nurse Patient Relationship): Purposes and Phases Communicating effectively with patient, families and team members Maintaining effective human relations	 Lecture Discussion Role play and video film on Therapeutic Communication 	 Essay Short Answers Objective type

members	and communication with vulnerable		
memoers	groups (children, women, physically		
	and mentally challenged and elderly)		
Describe the purposes, types and techniques of recording and reporting Maintain records and reports accurately	 Documentation and Reporting Documentation: Purposes of Reports and Records Confidentiality Types of Client records/ Common Record-keeping forms Methods/ Systems of documentation/ Recording Guidelines for documentation Do's and Don'ts of documentation/ Legal guidelines for Documentation/ Recording Reporting: Change-of shift reports, Transfer reports, Incident reports 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration 	 Essay Short Answers Objective type
5 T 20 L Describe	Vital signsGuidelines for taking vital signs	• Lecture	
principles and techniques of monitoring and maintaining vital signs Assess and record vital signs accurately	 ➢ Body temperature: ○ Definition, Physiology, Regulation, Factors affecting body temperature: ○ Assessment of body temperature: sites, equipment and technique ○ Temperature alterations: Hyperthermia, Heat Cramps, Heat Exhaustion, Heatstroke, Hypothermia ○ Fever/Pyrexia-Definition, Causes, Stages, Types, Nursing Management ○ Hot and Cold applications ➢ Pulse: ○ Definition, Physiology and Regulation, Characteristics, Factors affecting pulse ○ Assessment of pulse: sites, equipment and technique ○ Alterations in pulse ➢ Respiration: ○ Definition, Physiology and Regulation, Mechanics of breathing, Characteristics, Factors affecting respiration ○ Assessment of respirations: technique ○ Arterial Oxygen saturation ○ Alterations in respiration ➢ Blood pressure: ○ Definition, Physiology and Regulation, Characteristics, Factors 	 Discussion Demonstration and Redemonstration 	 Essay Short answers Objective type Document the given values of temperatur e, pulse, and respiration in the graphic sheet

VII	25 T 10 L	Describe the purpose and process of health assessment	affecting BP Assessment of BP: sites, equipment and technique, Common Errors in BP Assessment Alterations in Blood Pressure Documenting Vital Signs Health assessment Interview techniques Observation techniques Purposes of health assessment Process of Health assessment Health history Physical examination: Methods- Inspection, Palpation, Percussion, Auscultation, Olfaction Preparation for examination: patient and unit General assessment Assessment of each body system Documenting health assessment	Modular learning Health assessment module Lecture cum Discussion Demonstration	 Essay Short Answers Objective type
VIII	3 T	Maintain equipment and linen	findings Equipment and Linen Types: Disposables and reusable Linen, rubber goods, glassware, metal, plastics, furniture Introduction: Indent, maintenance, Inventory		
IX	10 T 4 L	Describe the basic principles and techniques of infection control and biomedical waste management	Introduction to Infection control in Clinical setting Infection • Nature of infection, • Chain of infection • Types of infection • Stages of infection • Factors increasing susceptibility to infection • Body defenses against infection: Inflammatory response & Immune response • Health care associated infection (Nosocomial infection) Introductory concept of Asepsis: Medical & Surgical asepsis Precautions • Hand Hygiene • (Hand washing and use of hand Rub) • Use of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) • Standard precautions Biomedical Waste management- Types	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Observation of autoclaving and other sterilization techniques Visit to Infection Control Department 	 Essay Short answers Objective type

			of hospital waste, waste segregation and hazards		
X	12 T 20 L	Identify and meet the comfort needs of the patients	Comfort, Rest & Sleep and Pain Comfort Factors Influencing Comfort Types of beds & bed making Therapeutic positions Comfort devices Sleep and Rest Physiology of sleep Factors affecting sleep Factors affecting sleep Promoting Rest and sleep Sleep Disorders Pain (Discomfort) Physiology Common cause of pain Types Assessment Pharmacological and Non-pharmacological pain relieving measures Invasive techniques of pain management CAM (Complementary & Alternative healing Modalities)	Lecture Discussion Demonstration and re demonstration	• Essay • Short answers • Objective type
XI	3 T 5 L	Describe the concept of patient environment	Promoting Safety in Health Care Environment • Physical environment: Temperature, Humidity, Noise, Ventilation, Light, Odor, Pest control	LectureDiscussionDemonstration	EssayShort answersObjective type
			 Reduction of Physical hazards: fire, accidents Fall Risk Assessment Role of nurse in providing safe and clean environment Safety devices: Restraints- Types, Purposes, Indications, Legal Implications and Consent, Application of Restraints- Skill and Practice guidelines Other Safety Devices: Side rails, Grab bars, Ambu alarms, non-skid slippers etc. 		

XII	6 T 2 L	Explain and perform admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient	Hospital Admission and discharge Admission to the hospital Unit and preparation of unit Admission bed Admission procedure Medico-legal issues Roles and Responsibilities of the nurse Discharge from the hospital Types: Planned discharge, LAMA and Abscond, Referrals and transfers Discharge Planning Discharge procedure Medico-legal issues Roles and Responsibilities of the nurse Roles and Responsibilities of the nurse Care of the unit after discharge	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration 	 Essay Short answers Objective type
XIII	8 T 10 L	Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility	Mobility and Immobility Elements of Normal Movement, Alignment & Posture, Joint Mobility, Balance, Coordinated Movement Principles of body mechanics Factors affecting Body Alignment and activity Exercise- Types and benefits Effects of Immobility Maintenance of normal Body Alignment and Activity Alteration in Body Alignment and mobility Nursing interventions for impaired Body Alignment and Mobility: assessment, types, devices used, method Range of motion exercises Muscle strengthening exercises Muscle strengthening exercises Maintaining body alignment: positions Moving Lifting Transferring Walking Assisting clients with ambulation Care of patients with Immobility using Nursing process approach Care of patients with casts and splints	Lecture Discussion Demonstration & Redemonstration	 Essay Short answers Objective type
XIV	4 T 2 L	Describe the principles and practice of patient education		• Discussion Role plays	EssayShort answersObjective type

APPLIED BIOCHEMISTRY

PLACEMENT: II SEMESTER THEORY: 1credit (20 hours)

DESCRIPTION: The course is designed to assist the students to acquire knowledge of the normal biochemical composition and functioning of human body, its alterations in disease conditions and to apply this knowledge in the practice of nursing.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Describe the metabolism of carbohydrates and its alterations
- 2. Explain the metabolism of lipids and its alterations
- 3. Explain the metabolism of proteins and amino acids and its alterations
- 4. Explain clinical enzymology in various disease conditions
- 5. Explain acid base balance, imbalance and its clinical significance
- 6. Describe the metabolism of hemoglobin and its clinical significance
- 7. Explain different function tests and interpret the findings
- 8. Illustrate the immunochemistry

UNIT	TIM E	LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING/ LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT METHODS
I.	5 hours	Describe the metabolism of carbohydrates and its alterations	 Carbohydrates Digestion, absorption and metabolism of carbohydrates and related disorders Regulation of blood glucose Diabetes Mellitus - type 1 & type 2, symptoms, complications & management in brief Investigations of Diabetes Mellitus OGTT: Indications, Procedure, Interpretation and types of GTT curve Mini GTT, extended GTT, GCT, IV GTT HbA1c (Only definition) Hypoglycemia-definition & causes 	 Lecture cum discussion using charts and slides Demonstration of laboratory tests 	 Essay Short answers Very short answers
II.	4 hours	Explain the metabolism of lipids and its	Lipids • Fatty acids: Definition, classification	Lecture,Discussion	EssayShort

		alterations	 Definition & Clinical significance of MUFA & PUFA, Essential fatty acids, Trans fatty acids Digestion, absorption & metabolism of lipids & related disorders Compounds formed from cholesterol Ketone bodies (name, types & significance only) Lipoproteins – types & functions (metabolism not required) Lipid profile Atherosclerosis (in brief) 	 Explain using Charts/Slides Demonstration of laboratory tests 	Very short answers
III.	5hour s	Explain the metabolism of amino acids and proteins Identify alterations in disease conditions	 Proteins Classification of amino acids based on nutrition, metabolic rate with examples Digestion, absorption & metabolism of protein & related disorders Biologically important compounds synthesized from various amino acids (only names) In born errors of amino acid metabolism – only aromatic amino acids (in brief) Plasma protein – types, function & normal values Causes of proteinuria, hypoproteinemia, hyper-gamma globinemia Principle of electrophoresis, normal & abnormal electrophoretic patterns (in brief) 	 Lecture cum Discussion Explain using charts, models Slides 	 Essay Short answers Very short answers
IV	1 hour	Explain clinical enzymology in various disease conditions	 Clinical Enzymology Isoenzymes – Definition & properties Enzymes of diagnostic importance in Liver Diseases-ALT, AST, ALP, GGT Myocardial infarction-CK, cardiac troponins, AST, LDH Muscle diseases-CK, Aldolase Bone diseases-ALP Prostate cancer-PSA, ACP 	 Lecture cum Discussion Explain using Charts & slides 	 Essay Short answers Very short answers

V	2 hours	Explain acid base balance, imbalance and its clinical significance	 Acid base maintenance pH - definition, normal value Regulation of blood pH - blood buffer, respiratory & renal ABG - normal values Acid base disorders -types, definition & causes 	 Lecture cum Discussion Explain using Charts/ slides 	Short answersVery short answers
VI	1 hours	Describe the metabolism of hemoglobin and its clinical significance	 Heme catabolism Heme degradation pathway Jaundice – type, causes, urine & blood investigations (van den berg test) 	Lecture cum DiscussionCharts/ slides	Short answersVery short answers
VII	1hour	Explain different function tests and interpret the findings	Organ function tests (biochemical parameters & normal values only) Renal Liver Thyroid	 Lecture cum Discussion Visit to Lab Explain using Charts/slides 	Short answersVery short answers
VIII	1 hour	Illustrate the immunochemis try	 Immunochemistry Structure & functions of immunoglobulin Investigations & interpretation-ELISA 	 Lecture cum Discussion Explain using Charts/ slides Demonstration of Lab tests 	Short answersVery short answers

APPLIED NUTRITION AND DIETETICS

PLACEMENT : II SEMESTER

THEORY & LAB : 2 credits (40 hours) Theory: 34 hours

Lab: 6 hours

TEACHING/ ASSESSMENT

DESCRIPTION: The course is designed to assist the students to acquire basic knowledge and understanding of the principles of Nutrition and Dietetics and apply this knowledge in the practice of Nursing.

COMPETENCIES

UNIT TIME LEARNING

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Identify the importance of nutrition in health and wellness.
- 2. Apply nutrient and dietary modifications in caring patients.
- 3. Explain the principles and practices of Nutrition and Dietetics.
- 4. Identify nutritional needs of different age groups and plan a balanced diet for them.
- 5. Identify the dietary principles for different diseases.
- 6. Plan therapeutic diet for patients suffering from various disease conditions.
- 7. Prepare meals using different methods and cookery rules.

COURSE OUTLINE

CONTENT

UNII	·		CONTENT	LEADNING	ASSESSIVENT
	in	OUTCOMES		LEARNING	METHODS
	hours			ACTIVITIES	
Ι	T-2	Define nutrition	Introduction to Nutrition	• Lecture cum	 Essay
		and its	Concepts: Definition of Nutrition & Health	 Discussion 	 Short answers
		relationship to	Malnutrition- Under Nutrition & Over		 Very short
		Health	Nutrition		answers
			Role of Nutrition in maintaining health	• Charts/	
			 Factors affecting food and nutrition 	Slides	
			Nutrients		
			Classification		
			 Macro & Micronutrients 		
			 Organic & Inorganic 		
			• Energy Yielding & Non-Energy		
			Yielding		
			Food		
			 Classification-Food groups 		
			Origin		
II	T-2	Describe the	Carbohydrates	• Lecture cum	 Essay
		classification,	• Composition -starches, sugar and	Discussion	 Short answers
		functions,	cellulose		 Very short
		sources and	Recommended Daily Allowance (RDA)	• Charts/	answers
		recommended	Dietary sources	Slides	
		daily allowances	• Functions	 Models 	

		(RDA) of carbohydrates Explain BMR and factors affecting BMR	 Energy Unit of energy-Kcal Basal Metabolic Rate (BMR) Factors affecting BMR 	Display of food items	
Ш	T-3	Describe the classification, Functions, sources and RDA of proteins.	Proteins	 Lecture cum Discussion Charts/ Slides Models Display of food items 	EssayShort answersVery short answers
IV	T-2	Describe the classification, Functions, sources and RDA of fats	 Fats Classification-saturated & unsaturated Calorie value Functions Dietary sources of fats and fatty acids Fat requirements-RDA 	 Lecture cum Discussion Charts/ slides Models Display of food items 	EssayShort AnswersVery Short answers
V	T-3	Describe the classification, functions, sources and RDA of vitamins	 Vitamins Classification-fat soluble & water soluble Fat soluble-Vitamins A, D, E, and K Water soluble-Thiamine (vitamin B1), Riboflavin (vitamin B2), Nicotinic acid, Pyridoxine (vitamin B6), Pantothenic acid, Folic acid, Vitamin B12, Ascorbic acid (vitamin C) Functions, Dietary Sources & Requirements-RDA of every vitamin 	 Lecture cum Discussion Charts/slides Models Display of food items 	EssayShort AnswersVery Short Answers
VI	T-3	Describe the classification, functions, sources and RDA of minerals	Minerals Classification- Major minerals (Calcium, phosphorus, sodium, potassium, and magnesium) and Trace elements Functions Dietary Sources Requirements- RDA	 Lecture cum Discussion Charts/slides Models Display of food items 	Short AnswersVery Short Answers

VII	T-4	Describe and	Balanced diet	Lecture cum	Short Answers
	L-3	plan balanced diet for different age groups, pregnancy, and lactation	 Definition, principles, steps Food guides – Basic Four Food Groups RDA – Definition, limitations, uses Food Exchange System Calculation of nutritive value of foods Dietary fibre Nutrition across life cycle Meal planning/Menu planning – Definition, principles, steps Infant and Young Child Feeding (IYCF) guidelines- breast feeding, infant foods Diet plan for different age groups-Children, adolescents and elderly Diet in pregnancy- nutritional requirements and balanced diet plan Anemia in pregnancy-diagnosis, diet for anemic pregnant women, iron & folic acid supplementation and counseling Nutrition in lactation-nutritional requirements, diet for lactating mothers, complementary feeding/weaning 	Discussion Meal planning Lab session on Preparation of balanced diet for different categories and low cost nutritious dishes	Very Short Answers
VIII	T-4	Classify and describe the common nutritional deficiency disorders and identify nurses' role in assessment, management and prevention	 Nutritional deficiency disorders Protein energy malnutrition- magnitude of the problem, causes, classification, signs & symptoms, Severe acute malnutrition (SAM), management & prevention, nurses' role Childhood obesity-Signs & symptoms, assessment, management & prevention and nurses' role Vitamin deficiency disorders- vitamin A, B, C & D deficiency disorders: causes, signs & symptoms, management & prevention and nurses' role Mineral deficiency diseases-iron, iodine and calcium deficiencies: causes, signs & symptoms, management & prevention and nurses' role 	 Lecture cum discussion Charts/slide s/models 	 Essay Short Answer Very Short Answer
IX	T-4 L-3	Principles of diets in various diseases	 Therapeutic diets Definition, Objectives, Principles Modifications – Consistency, Nutrients, Feeding techniques. Diet in Diseases – Obesity, Diabetes Mellitus, CVD, Underweight, Renal diseases, Hepatic disorders Constipation, Diarrhea, Pre and Post operative period 	 Lecture cum Discussion Meal planning Lab session on preparation of therapeutic diets 	EssayShort AnswerVery Short Answer

X	T-3	Describe the rules and preservation of nutrients	 Cookery rules and preservation of nutrients Cooking – Methods, Advantages and Disadvantages Preservation of nutrients Measures to prevent loss of nutrients during preparation Safe food handling and Storage of foods Food preservation Food additives and food adulteration Prevention of Food Adulteration Act (PFA) Food standards 	•	Lecture cum Discussion Charts/ slides	•	Essay Short Answer Very Short
XI	T-2	Explain the methods nutritional assessment and nutrition education	 Nutrition assessment and nutrition education Objectives of nutritional assessment Methods of assessment-clinical examination, anthropometry, laboratory & biochemical assessment, assessment of dietary intake including Food frequency questionnaire (FFQ) method Nutrition education-purposes, principles and methods 	•	Lecture cum discussion Demonstrati on Writing nutritional assessment report	•	Essay Short Answer Evaluation of Nutritional assessment report
XII	T-2	Describe nutritional problems in India and nutritional programs	 National Nutritional Programmes and role of nurse Nutritional problems in India National nutritional policy National nutritional programmes: Vitamin Supplementation, Anemia Mukt Bharat Programme, Integrated Child Development Services (ICDS), Mid-day Meal Scheme (MDMS), National Iodine Deficiency Disorders Control Programme (NIDDCP), Weekly Iron Folic Acid Supplementation (WIFS) and others as introduced 	•	Lecture cum Discussion	•	Essay Short Answer Very Short Answer

• Role of nurse in every programme

Food born diseases and food safety are dealt in Introduction to Community Health Nursing

NURSING FOUNDATIONS - II

NURSING FOUNDATIONS II (SEMESTER II)

THEORY: 6 Credits (120 Hours) (Lab-L/Skill Lab-SL): 3 Credits (120hours)

- 1. Identify and meet the hygienic needs of patients
- 2. Demonstrate fundamental skills of assessment, planning, implementation and evaluation of nursing care using Nursing process approach in supervised clinical settings
- 3. Assess the Nutritional needs of patients and provide relevant care under supervision
- 4. Identify and meet the elimination needs of patient
- 5. Interpret findings of specimen testing applying the knowledge of normal values
- 6. Promote oxygenation based on identified oxygenation needs of patients under supervision
- 7. Review the concept of fluid, electrolyte balance integrating the knowledge of applied physiology
- 8. Apply the knowledge of the principles, routes, effects of administration of medications in administering medication
- 9. Calculate conversions of drugs and dosages within and between systems of measurements
- 10. Demonstrate knowledge and understanding in caring for patients with altered functioning of sense organs and unconsciousness
- 11. Explain loss, death and grief
- 12. Describe sexual development and sexuality
- 13. Identify stressors and stress adaptation modes
- 14. Integrate the knowledge of culture and cultural differences in meeting the spiritual needs
- 15. Explain the introductory concepts relevant to models of health and illness in patient
- 16. Perform first aid measures during emergencies

*Module used in teaching/learning:

II Semester: First Aid-40 Hours (including Basic CPR)

COURSE OUTLINE

UNIT	TIME (HRS) T & L/SL	LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT METHODS
I	5 T 15 L	Identify and meet the hygienic needs of patients	 Hygiene Factors Influencing Hygienic Practice Hygienic care: Indications and purposes, effects of neglected care Care of the Skin- (Bath, feet and nail, Hair Care) Care of pressure points Assessment of Pressure	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration 	• Essay • Short answers Objective type
II	14 T 7 L	Describe assessment, planning, implementation and evaluation of nursing care using Nursing process approach	 The Nursing Process Critical Thinking Competencies, Attitudes for Critical Thinking, Levels of critical thinking in Nursing Nursing Process Overview Assessment Collection of Data: Types, Sources,	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Supervised Clinical practice 	 Essay Short answers Objective type Evaluation of care plan

III	5 L the Nut	of patients • Fa	nportance ctors affecting nutritional needs	• Lecture • Discussion	• Essay
		 Re Sc Re Ca M 	ssessment of nutritional status eview: special diets- Solid, Liquid, oft eview on therapeutic diets are of patient with Dysphagia, norexia, Nausea, Vomiting eeting Nutritional needs: Principles, uipment, procedure, indications Oral Enteral: Nasogastric/ Orogastric, Introduction to other enteral feeds- types, indications, Gastrostomy, Jejunostomy Parenteral- TPN	 Demonstration Exercise Supervised Clinical practice 	 Short answers Objective type Evaluation of nutritional assessmen t & diet planning
IV	10 T Identify 10 L meet th elimina needs o	ne U	Elimination, Composition and characteristics of urine Factors Influencing Urination Alteration in Urinary Elimination	LectureDiscussionDemonstration	EssayShort answersObjective type

			assessment, types, equipment, procedures and special considerations Providing urinal/bed pan Care of patients with Condom drainage Intermittent Catheterization Indwelling Urinary catheter and urinary drainage Urinary diversions Bladder irrigation Bowel Elimination Review of Physiology of Bowel Elimination, Composition and characteristics of feces Factors affecting Bowel elimination Alteration in Bowel Elimination Alteration in Bowel Elimination: Assessment, equipment, procedures Enemas Suppository Bowel wash Digital Evacuation of impacted feces Care of patients with Ostomies (Bowel Diversion Procedures)		
V	3 L	Explain various types of specimens and identify normal values of tests Develop skill in specimen collection, handling and transport	 Phases of diagnostic testing (pre-test, intra-test & post-test) in Common investigations and clinical implications Complete Blood Count Serum Electrolytes LFT Lipid/Lipoprotein profile Serum Glucose- AC, PC, HbA1c Monitoring Capillary Blood Glucose (Glucometer Random Blood Sugar-GRBS) Stool Routine Examination Urine Testing- Albumin, Acetone, pH, Specific Gravity Urine Culture, Routine, Timed Urine Specimen Sputum culture Overview of Radiologic & Endoscopic Procedures 	LectureDiscussionDemonstration	 Essay Short answers Objective type

VI	11 T 10 L	Assess patients for oxygenation needs, promote oxygenation and provide care during oxygen therapy	Oxygenation needs Review of Cardiovascular and Respiratory Physiology Factors affecting respiratory functioning Alterations in Respiratory Functioning Conditions affecting airway movement of air diffusion Oxygen transport Alterations in oxygenation Nursing interventions to promote oxygenation: assessment, types, equipment used & procedure Maintenance of patent airway Oxygen administration Suctioning- oral, tracheal Chest physiotherapy- Percussion, Vibration & Postural drainage Care of Chest drainage- principles & purposes Pulse Oximetry- Factors affecting measurement of oxygen saturation using pulse oximeter, Interpretation Restorative & continuing care Hydration Humidification Coughing techniques Breathing exercises Incentive spirometry	Lecture Discussion Demonstration & Redemonstration	 Essay Short answers Objective type
VII	7 T 8 L	Describe the concept of fluid, electrolyte balance	Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid – Base Balances Review of Physiological Regulation of Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid – Base Balances Factors Affecting Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid – Base Balances Disturbances in fluid volume: Deficit- Hypovolemia Dehydration Excess- Fluid overload Edema Electrolyte imbalances (hypo and hyper) Acid-base imbalances Metabolic- acidosis & alkalosis	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration 	 Essay Short answers Objective type Problem solving- calculation s

			1
	 Respiratory- acidosis & alkalosis Intravenous therapy Peripheral venipuncture sites Types of IV fluids Calculation for making IV fluid plan Complications of IV fluid therapy Measuring fluid intake and output Administering Blood and Blood components Restricting fluid intake Enhancing Fluid intake 		
VIII 22 T 20 L Explain the principles, routes, effects of administration of medications Calculate conversions of drugs and dosages within and between systems of measurements Administer oral and topical medication and document accurately under supervision	 Administration of Medications Introduction-Definition of Medication, Administration of Medication, Drug Nomenclature, Effects of Drugs, Forms of Medications, Purposes, Pharmacodynamics and Pharmacokinetics Factors influencing Medication Action Medication orders and Prescriptions Systems of measurement Medication dose calculation Principles, 10 rights of Medication Administration Errors in Medication administration Routes of administration Storage and maintenance of drugs and Nurses responsibility Terminologies and abbreviations used in prescriptions and medications orders Developmental considerations Oral, Sublingual and Buccal routes: Equipment, procedure Introduction to Parenteral Administration of Drugs- Intramuscular, Intravenous, Subcutaneous, Intradermal: Location of site, Advantages and disadvantages of the specific sites, Indication and contraindications for the different routes and sites. Equipment- Syringes & needles, cannulas, Infusion sets - parts, types, sizes Types of vials and ampoules, Preparing Injectable medicines from vials and ampoules Care of equipment: decontamination and disposal of syringes, needles, infusion sets Prevention of Needle-Stick Injuries 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration & Redemonstration 	 Essay Short answers Objective type

Topical Administration: Types, purposes, site, equipment, procedure	
 Application to skin & mucous membrane Direct application of liquids, Gargle and swabbing the throat Insertion of Drug into body cavity: Suppository/ medicated packing in rectum/vagina Instillations: Ear, Eye, Nasal, Bladder, and Rectal Irrigations: Eye, Ear, Bladder, Vaginal and Rectal Spraying: Nose and throat Inhalation: Nasal, oral, endotracheal/tracheal (steam, oxygen and medications)- purposes, types, equipment, procedure, recording and reporting of medications administered Other Parenteral Routes: Meaning of epidural, intrathecal, intraosseous, intraperitoneal, intrapleural, intraarterial 	
IX 7 T provide care to patients with altered functioning of sense organs and unconsciousness in supervised clinical practice Sensory needs Introduction Components of sensory experience-Reception, Perception & Reaction Arousal Mechanism Factors affecting sensory function Assessment of Sensory alterations-sensory poverty Management Promoting meaningful communication (patients with Aphasia, artificial airway & Visual and Hearing impairment) Care of Unconscious Patients Unconsciousness: Definition, causes & risk factors, pathophysiology, stages of Unconsciousness, Clinical Manifestations Assessment and nursing management of patient with unconsciousness, complications	
X 5 T Explain loss, 5 L death and grief Care of Terminally ill, death and dying Loss- Types Grief, Bereavement & Mourning Types of Grief responses Manifestations of Grief	

			 Factors influencing Loss & Grief Responses Theories of Grief & Loss-Kubler Ross 5 Stages of Dying The R Process model (Rando's) Death- Definition, Meaning, Types (Brain & Circulatory Deaths) Signs of Impending Death Dying patient's Bill of Rights Care of Dying Patient Physiological changes occurring after Death Death Declaration, Certification, Autopsy, Embalming Last office/Death Care Counseling & supporting grieving relatives Placing body in the Mortuary Releasing body from Mortuary Overview- Medico-legal Cases, Advance directives, DNI/DNR, Organ Donation, Euthanasia PSYCHOSOCIAL NEEDS (A-D) 	Death care/last office	Objective type
XI		Develop basic understanding of self- concept	 A. Self-concept Introduction Components (Personal Identity, Body Image, Role Performance, Self Esteem) Factors affecting Self Concept Nursing Management 	LectureDiscussionDemonstrationCase Discussion/ Role play	EssayShort answersObjective type
XII	T	Describe sexual development and sexuality	 B. Sexuality Sexual development throughout life Sexual health Sexual orientation Factors affecting sexuality Prevention of STIs, unwanted pregnancy, avoiding sexual harassment and abuse Dealing with inappropriate sexual behavior 	LectureDiscussionDemonstration	EssayShort answersObjective type
XIII	3 T 3 L	Describe stress and adaptation	 C. Stress and Adaptation-Introductory concepts Introduction Sources, Effects, Indicators & Types of Stress Types of stressors Stress Adaptation- General Adaptation Syndrome (GAS), Local Adaptation Syndrome (LAS) Manifestation of stress- Physical & psychological 	LectureDiscussionDemonstration	EssayShort answersObjective type

			 Coping strategies/ Mechanisms Stress Management Assist with coping and adaptation Creating therapeutic environment 		
XIV	6 T	Explain culture and cultural norms Integrate cultural differences and spiritual needs in providing care to patients under supervision	 Recreational and diversion therapies D. Concepts of Cultural Diversity and Spirituality Cultural diversity Cultural Concepts- Culture, Subculture, Multicultural, Diversity, Race, Acculturation, Assimilation Transcultural Nursing Cultural Competence Providing Culturally Responsive Care Spirituality Concepts- Faith, Hope, Religion, Spirituality, Spiritual Wellbeing Factors affecting Spirituality Spiritual Problems in Acute, Chronic, Terminal illnesses & Near-Death Experience Dealing with Spiritual Distress/Problems 	• Lecture • Discussion	 Essay Short answers Objective type
XV	T	Explain the significance of nursing theories	 Nursing Theories: Introduction Meaning & Definition, Purposes, Types of theories with examples, Overview of selected nursing theories- Nightingale, Orem, Roy Use of theories in nursing practice 	LectureDiscussion	EssayShort answersObjective type
XVI	20 T 20 L	Explain and apply principles of First Aid during emergencies	First Aid & Emergencies * Definition, Basic Principles, Scope & Rules First Aid Management Wounds, Hemorrhage & Shock Musculoskeletal Injuries: Fractures, Dislocation, Muscle injuries Transportation of Injured persons Respiratory Emergencies & Basic CPR Unconsciousness Foreign Bodies- Skin, Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat & Stomach Burns & Scalds Poisoning, Bites & stings Frostbite & Effects of Heat Community Emergencies	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration & Redemonstration Module completion National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA) First aid module 	 Essay Short answers Objective type OSCE

NURSING FOUNDATIONS I & II – (SKILL LAB & CLINICAL)

PLACEMENT: Semester I & II

Skill Lab: 200 (80+120) hours Clinical: 480 (160 + 320) hours

Semester I- Lab 80 Hours (2 Credits), Clinical- 160 Hours (2 Credits)

Semester II- Lab- 120 Hours (3 Credits), Clinical- 320 Hours (4 Credits)

COMPETENCIES

SEMESTER I

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Maintain effective human relations (projecting professional image)
- 2. Communicate effectively with patient, families and team members
- 3. Demonstrate skills in techniques of recording and reporting
- 4. Demonstrate skill in monitoring vital signs
- 5. Care for patients with altered vital signs
- 6. Perform health assessment of each body system
- 7. Demonstrate skill in implementing standard precautions and use of PPE
- 8. Demonstrate skill in meeting the comfort needs of the patients
- 9. Provide safe and clean environment
- 10. Demonstrate skill in admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient
- 11. Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility
- 12. Plan and provide appropriate health teaching following the principles.

SEMESTER II

- 13. Implement basic nursing techniques in meeting hygienic needs of patients
- 14. Develop skills in assessment, planning, implementation and evaluation of nursing care using Nursing process approach
- 15. Identify and meet the Nutritional needs of patients
- 16. Plan and Implement care to meet the elimination needs of patient
- 17. Develop skills in instructing and collecting samples for investigation.
- 18. Perform simple lab tests and analyze & interpret common diagnostic values
- 19. Identify patients with impaired oxygenation and demonstrate skill in caring for patients with impaired oxygenation
- 20. Identify and demonstrate skill in caring for patients with fluid, electrolyte and acid base imbalances
- 21. Assess, plan, implement & evaluate the basic care needs of patients with altered functioning of sense organs and unconsciousness
- 22. Care for terminally ill and dying patients

- 23. Identify stress and assist patients to adopt various coping strategies24. Acquire skills in assessing and performing First Aid during emergencies

Skill Lab **Use of mannequins and simulators**

S. NO	COMPETENCIES	MODE OF DEMONSTRATION
	Semester I	
1.	Therapeutic Communication and Documentation	Role Play
2.	Vital signs	Simulator/ Standardized patient
3.	Physical Examination	Simulator/ Mannequin / Standardized patient
4.	Medical and Surgical Asepsis	-
5.	Pain Assessment	Standardized patient
6.	Comfort Devices	Mannequin
7.	Therapeutic Positions	Mannequin
8.	Physical Restraints and Side rails	Mannequin
9.	ROM Exercises	Standardized patient
10.	Ambulation	Standardized patient
11.	Moving and Turning patients in bed	Mannequin
12.	Changing position of helpless patients	Mannequin/ Standardized patient
13.	Transferring patients bed to stretcher/ wheel chair	Mannequin/ Standardized patient
14.	Admission, Transfer, Discharge & Health Teaching	Role Play
	Semester II	
15.	Sponge bath, oral hygiene, perineal care	Mannequin
16.	Nutritional Assessment	Standardized Patient
17.	Nasogastric tube feeding	Trainer/ Simulator
18.	Providing bed pan & urinal	Mannequin
19.	Catheter care	Catheterization Trainer
20.	Bowel wash, enema, insertion of suppository	Simulator/ Mannequin
21.	Oxygen administration- face mask, venture mask, nasal prongs	Mannequin
22.	Administration of medication through Parenteral route- IM, SC, ID, IV	IM injection trainer, ID injection trainer, IV arm (Trainer)
23.	Last Office	Mannequin
24.	CPR	CPR Mannequin

SEMESTER I- 10 weeks- 16 hours/ week

CLINICAL POSTINGS- General Medical/Surgical Wards

Clinical Unit	Duration in Weeks	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/Clinical Skills (Supervised clinical practice)	Clinical Requirem ents	Assessment Methods
General Medical / Surgical wards	_	Maintain effective human relations (projecting professional image) Communicate effectively with patient, families and team members Demonstrate skills in techniques of recording and reporting Demonstrate skill in monitoring vital signs Care for patients with altered vital signs	Communication and Nurse patient relationship Maintaining Communication with patient and family and interpersonal relationship Documentation and Reporting Documenting patient care and procedures Verbal report Written report Vital signs Monitor/measure and document vital signs in a graphic sheet Temperature (oral, tympanic, axillary) Pulse (Apical and peripheral pulses) Respiration Blood pressure Pulse oximetry Interpret and report alteration Cold Applications- Cold Compress, Ice cap, Tepid Sponging Care of equipment — thermometer, BP apparatus, Stethoscope, Pulse oximeter	Care of patients with alterations in vital signs- 2	 OSCE Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE
,, ,,	2	Perform health assessment of each body system	Health assessment & Infection control in Clinical settings Health Assessment • Nursing/ Health history taking • Perform physical examination:	 History Taking- 2 Physical examination- 2 	 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE

	Demonstrate skill in implementing standard precautions and use of PPE	 Use various methods of physical examination-Inspection, Palpation, Percussion, Auscultation, Olfaction Identification of system wise deviations Documentation of findings Infection control in Clinical settings Hand hygiene Use of PPE 		 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE
	Demonstrate skill in meeting the comfort needs of the patients	Comfort, Rest & Sleep, Pain and Promoting Safety in Health Care Environment		
2	Dravida safa and alaan	Comfort, Rest & Sleep Bed making- Open Closed Occupied Post-operative Cardiac bed Fracture bed Comfort devices Pillows Over bed table/cardiac table Back rest Bed Cradle Therapeutic Positions Supine Fowlers (low, semi, high) Lateral Prone Sim's Trendelenburg Dorsal recumbent Lithotomy Knee chest Pain Pain assessment and provision for comfort	• Presentation	Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE
	Provide safe and clean environment	 Promoting Safety in Health Care Environment Care of Patient's Unit Use of Safety devices: Side Rails Restraints (Physical) Fall risk assessment and Post Fall Assessment 	 Presentation on Physical restraints- 1 Fall risk assessment - 2 	 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE

	Demonstrate skill in admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient	Hospital Admission and discharge, Mobility and Immobility and Patient education Hospital Admission and discharge Perform & Document: • Admission • Transfer		 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE
2	Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility	 Planned Discharge Mobility and Immobility Range of Motion Exercises Assist patient in: Moving Turning Logrolling Changing position of helpless patient Transferring (Bed to and from chair/ wheelchair/ stretcher) 		Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE
	Plan and provide appropriate health teaching following the principles	Patient education	 Individual teaching - 1 	 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE
4	Implement basic nursing techniques in meeting hygienic needs of patients Develop skills in assessment, planning, implementation and evaluation of nursing care using Nursing process approach	Oral HygienePerineal Hygiene	• Nursing care plan Patient with Pain- 1 Patient with Fever-1	 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE Evaluation of Nursing process with criteria

	Identify and meet the Nutritional needs of patients	Nutritional needs, Elimination needs& Diagnostic testing Nutritional needs Nutritional Assessment Preparation of Nasogastric tube feed Nasogastric tube feeding	 Nutritional Assessment- 1 Clinical Presentation on Care of patient with Nasogastric tube feeding- 	 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE
3	Plan and Implement care to meet the elimination needs of patient	Elimination needs Providing -Urinal -Bedpan • Insertion of Suppository • Enema • Urinary Catheter care • Care of urinary drainage	 Clinical Presentation on Care of patient with Constipation-1 	• Assessment
	Develop skills in instructing and collecting samples for investigation.	 Diagnostic testing Specimen Collection Urine routine and culture Stool routine Sputum Culture Perform simple Lab Tests 	• Lab values- interpretation	of clinical skills using checklist • OSCE
	Perform simple lab tests and analyze & interpret common diagnostic values	using reagent strips Ourine- Glucose, Albumin, Acetone, pH, Specific gravity Blood-GRBS Monitoring	P	
3	Identify patients with impaired oxygenation and demonstrate skill in caring for patients with impaired oxygenation	Oxygenation needs, Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid – Base Balances Oxygenation needs Oxygen administration Methods Nasal Prongs Face Mask/ Venturi Mask Steam inhalation Chest Physiotherapy Deep Breathing & Coughing Exercises Oral Suctioning	Presentation on methods of Oxygen administration	 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE
	Identify and demonstrate skill in caring for patients with fluid, electrolyte and	Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid – Base Balances • Maintaining intake output chart • Identify & report	 Presentation on Blood & Blood Component therapy 	 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE

	acid – base imbalances	 complications of IV therapy Observe Blood & Blood Component therapy Identify & Report Complications of Blood & Blood Component therapy 		
3	 Explain the principles, routes, effects of administration of medications Calculate conversions of drugs and dosages within and between systems of Measurements Administer drugs by the following routes-Oral, Intradermal, Subcutaneous, Intramuscular, Intra Venous Topical, inhalation 	Administration of Medications Calculate Drug Dosages Preparation of lotions & solutions Administer Medications Oral Topical Inhalations Parenteral Intradermal Subcutaneous Instillations Eye, Ear, Noseinstillation of medicated drops, nasal sprays, irrigations		 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE
	Assess, plan, implement & evaluate the basic care needs of patients with altered functioning of sense organs and unconsciousness	Sensory Needs and Care of Unconscious patients, Care of Terminally ill, death and dying& Stress and Adaptation Sensory Needs and Care of Unconscious patients • Assessment of Level of Consciousness using Glasgow Coma Scale	 Nursing rounds on care of patient with altered sensorium 	 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE
2	Care for terminally ill and dying patients	Terminally ill, death and dying • Death Care Stress and Adaptation	Presentation on dying patient's bill of rights	• Assessment of clinical skills using checklist
	Identify stress and assist patients to adopt various coping strategies		on Relaxation techniques	

1	Demonstrate skills in assessing and performing First Aid during emergencies	First aid and Emergencies Bandaging Techniques Basic Bandages: Circular Reverse-Spiral Recurrent Figure of Eight Special Bandages: Caplin Eye / Ear Bandage Jaw Bandage Jaw Bandage Thumb spica Triangular Bandage/ Sling (Head & limbs) Binders Basic CPR	 Mock drill- Fire Safety Module completion National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA) First aid module 	 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE (first aid competencies)
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INTRODUCTION TO COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING

PLACEMENT : II SEMESTER

THEORY: 2 Credits (40 Hours)
PRACTICUM: Clinical-1 Credit (80 Hrs)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help students develop broad perspectives of health, its determinants, about community health nursing and understanding about the health care delivery services, health care policies and regulations in India. It helps the students to develop knowledge and understanding of environment, environmental health and sanitation, nutrition and food safety. It further helps them to apply the principles and concepts of BCC and health education for health promotion and maintenance of health within the community in wellness and illness continuum.

COMPETENCIES:

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Explore the evolution of public health in India and community health nursing
- 2. Explain the concepts and determinants of health
- 3. Identify the levels of prevention and health problems of India
- 4. Develop basic understanding about the health care planning and the present health care delivery system in India at various levels
- 5. Locate the significance of primary health care and comprehensive primary health care as part of current health care delivery system focus
- 6. Discuss health care policies and regulations in India
- 7. Demonstrate understanding about an overview of environmental science
- 8. Identify the role and significance of environmental protection and preservation
- 9. Relate the influence of environmental factors and sanitation on health and disease
- 10. Demonstrate skill in nutritional assessment for different age groups in the community and provide appropriate nutritional counseling
- 11. Identify the importance of food safety in prevention of food borne diseases
- 12. Discuss basic issues and concepts of Behavior Change Communication (BCC) and Social Behavior Change Communication (SBCC) and identify the methods of BCC to target the audience
- 13. Provide health education to individuals and families applying the principles and techniques of behavior change appropriate to community settings

COURSE OUTLINE

UNIT	TIME	LEARNING	CONTENT	TEACHING/	ASSESSMENT
	(Hours)	OUTCOMES		LEARNING	METHODS
				ACTIVITIES	
I	4 T	Define public health,	Concepts of Community	• Lecture,	
		community health and	Health and Community	Discussion	• Short
		community health nursing	Health Nursing	Explain using	answers
				chart, graphs	• Essay type
		Explain the evolution of	• Definition of public	Community	and

	public health in India and scope of community health nursing Explain various concepts of health and disease, dimensions and determinants of health Explain the natural history of disease and levels of prevention Discuss the health problems of India	 health, community health and community health nursing Public health in India and its evolution and Scope of community health nursing Review: Concepts of health & Illness/disease-Definition, dimensions and determinants of health and disease 	needs assessment (Field survey on identification of demographic characteristics, health determinants and resources of a rural and an urban community) Explain using examples	objective type • Survey report
		 Natural history of disease Levels of prevention-Primary, Secondary & tertiary prevention-Review Health problems (Profile) of India 	-	
II 8	Describe health planning and its steps, and various health plans, and committees Discuss health care delivery system in India at various levels Describe SDGs, primary health care and comprehensive primary health care (CPHC) Explain health care policies and regulations in India	Health Care Planning and Organization of Health Care at various levels Health planning steps Health planning in India various committees and commissions on health and family welfare and Five Year plans Participation of community and stakeholders in health planning Health care delivery system in India-Infrastructure and Health sectors, Delivery of health services at sub centre (SC)PHC, CHC, District level, state level and national level,	 Lecture Discussion Field visits to CHC, PHC, SC/ Health Wellness Centers (HWC) 	 Short answers Essay type Evaluation of Field visit reports & presentation
	and regulations in India	• Sustainable development goals (SDGs), Primary	• Directed	

Ш	15 T	Identify the role of an individual in the	 SC/Health Wellness Center (HWC) National Health Care Policies and Regulations National Health Policy (1983, 2002, 2017) National Health Mission (NHM): National Rural Health Mission (NRHM), National Urban Health Mission (NUHM), NHM National Health Protection Mission (NHPM) Ayushman Bharat Universal Health Coverage Environmental Science, Environmental Health, and Sanitation 	• Lecture	• Short
		conservation of natural resources Describe ecosystem, its structure, types and functions Explain the classification, value and threats to biodiversity Enumerate the causes, effects and control measures of environmental pollution Discuss about climate change, global warming,	 Natural resources: Renewable and non-renewable resources, natural resources and associated problems- Forest resources, water resources, mineral resources, food resources, energy resources and land resources Role of individuals in conservation of natural resources, and equitable use of resources for sustainable lifestyles • Ecosystem: Concept, structure and functions of ecosystems, Types & Characteristics- Forest ecosystem, Grassland 	 Discussion Debates on environmental protection and preservation Explain using Charts, graphs, Models, films, slides 	answers • Essay type • Field visit reports

acid rain, and ozone layer depletion

Enumerate the role of an individual in creating awareness about the social issues related to environment

List the acts relation to environmental protection and preservation

Describe the concept of environmental health and sanitation

Describe water conservation, rain water harvesting and water shed management

Explain waste management

- ecosystem, Desert ecosystem, Aquatic ecosystem, Energy flow in ecosystem
- Biodiversity:
 classification, value of
 bio-diversity, threats to
 biodiversity,
 conservation of
 biodiversity
- Introduction, Causes, effects and control measures of:
 Air pollution, Water pollution, Soil pollution, Marine pollution, Noise pollution, Thermal pollution, nuclear hazards & their impact on health
- Climate change, global warming-eg. heat wave, acid rain, ozone layer depletion, waste land reclamation & its impact on health
- Social issues and environment: sustainable development, urban problems related to energy, water and environmental ethics
- Acts related to environmental protection and preservation

Environmental health & Sanitation

- Concept of environment health and sanitation
- Concept of safe water, sources of water, waterborne diseases, water purification processes, household

- Directed reading
- Visits to water supply & purification sites
- Observe rain water harvesting plants
- Visit to
 Sewage
 disposal and
 treatment
 sites, and
 waste disposal
 sites

IV	4 T	Describe the various nutrition assessment methods at the community level Plan and provide diet plans for all age groups including therapeutic diet Describe the national	 Air & noise pollution Role of nurse in prevention of pollution Solid waste management, human excreta disposal & management and sewage disposal and management Commonly used insecticides and pesticides Nutrition Assessment and Nutrition Education Review of Nutrition Concepts, types Meal planning -aims, steps & diet plan for different age groups Nutrition assessment of individuals, families and community by using 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role play Market visit Nutritional assessment for different age groups 	 Performance assessment of nutrition assessment for different age groups Evaluation on nutritional assessment
		nutrition programs and	appropriate methodsPlanning suitable		reports

Discuss the importance of food hygiene and food safety Explain the Acts related to food safety	advice Nutrition education- purpose, principles & methods and Rehabilitation Review- Nutritional deficiency disorders National nutritional policy & programs in India Food Borne Diseases and	•	Lecture Discussion	•	Short answers Essay type
	Food Safety Food borne diseases Definition, & burden, Causes and classification Signs & Symptoms Transmission of food borne pathogens & toxins Early identification, initial management and referral Food poisoning & food intoxication Epidemiological features/clinical characteristics, Types of food poisoning Food intoxication- features, preventive & control measures Public health response to food borne diseases Food safety Definition, Food safety considerations & measures Food safety regulatory measures in India- Relevant Acts Five keys to safer food Food storage, food handling and cooking General principles of	•	Field visits to milk purification plants, slaughterhouse Refer Nutrition module-BPCCHN Block 2-unit I & UNIT 5	•	Field visit reports

		T		1	
			food storage of food		
			items (ex. milk, meat)		
			• Role of food handlers in		
			food borne diseases		
			• Essential steps in safe		
			cooking practices		
V	6 T		Communication		
		Describe behaviour change	management and	• Lecture	Short
		communication skills	Health Education	 Discussion 	answers
			Behaviour change	Role play	• Essay type
			communication	Demonstration	
			skills	• Supervised field	
			o communication	practice	
			 Human behaviour 	-	
			 Health belief 	Workshop/Refer- Rece/spece	
			model-concepts &	BCC/SBCC	
			definition, ways to	module	
			influence	(MoHFW &	
		Counsel and provide health	behaviour	USAID)	
		education to individuals,	o Steps of behaviour		Performance
		families and community for	change		
		promotion of healthy life	o Techniques of		evaluation
		style practices using	behaviour change-		of health
		appropriate methods and	Guiding principles		education
		media	in planning BCC		sessions to
		media	activity		individuals
			o Steps of BCC		and families
			Social and Delegations Change		
			Behaviour Change		
			Communication		
			strategies (SBCC)-		
			techniques to collect social		
			history from		
			clients		
			o Barriers to		
			effective		
			communication,		
			and methods to		
			overcome them		
			Health promotion		
			and Health		
			education-		
			methods/technique		
			s, and audio-visual		
			aids		
			uiu.		

NOTE: To Environmental Studies Module by UGC is incorporated

INTRODUCTION TO COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING I – PRACTICUM

CLINICAL:

2 Credits (80 Hours) = 2 weeks x 40 hours/week

CLINICAL POSTINGS

CLINICAL AREA	DURATION IN WEEKS	LEARNING OUTCOMES	PROCEDURAL COMPETENCIES/ CLINICAL SKILLS	CLINICAL REQUIREMENTS	ASSESSMENT METHODS
Urban & Rural	1 week	Build and maintain rapport Identify the sociodemographic characteristics, health determinants and resources of a rural and an urban community Perform nutritional assessment and plan diet plan for adult Educate individuals/family on Nutrition Hygiene Food hygiene Healthy life style Health promotion	 Interviewing skills (using communication and interpersonal relationship) Observation skills Conducting community needs assessment/survey to identify health determinants of a community Nutrition assessment skills Skill in teaching individual/family on: Nutrition, including food hygiene and safety Healthy life style Health promotion 	 Community needs assessment/Survey Rural-1 Urban-1 Nutrition assessment of an individual (adult)-1 Individual health teaching (Adult) -1 Use of audiovisual aids Flash cards Posters Flannel graph Flip charts 	 Evaluation of survey report Assessment of clinical performanc e Health talk evaluation

Field visits	1 week	Observe the setup, functions and services of CHC, PHC, and SCs/HWCs in urban/rural areas	• 0	Observational skills: Water resources and water purification sites Water quality tests	•	Visit to SC/HWC, PHC, CHC	•	Evaluation of field visit and observation reports
		Observe the national nutrition programs	0 0	Milk diary Slaughterhouse	•	Observation of nutrition programs		
		Learn the availability and cost of common food items			•	Visit to market		
		Observe the various methods of water purification Learn the standards of water quality and the water quality tests			•	Observational visit to water purification site		
		Observe the methods of purification of milk			•	Observational visit to milk diary		
		Observe the hygienic practices in slaughterhouse with regard to meat hygiene				Observational visit to slaughterhouse		

APPLIED MICROBIOLOGY AND INFECTION CONTROL INCLUDING SAFETY

PLACEMENT : III SEMESTER

SECTION A & SECTION B THEORY: 2 Credits (40 Hrs)

PRACTICAL: 1 Credit (40 Hrs)

(Lab/Experiential learning- L/E)

SECTION A: APPLIED MICROBIOLOGY

THEORY: 1 Credit (20 hours)
PRACTICAL: ½ Credit (20 hours)

(Lab/Experiential learning- L/E)

SECTION B: INFECTION CONTROL & SAFETY

THEORY: 1Credit (20hours)
PRACTICAL: ½ credit (20 hours)

(Lab/experiential learning - L/E)

SECTION A: APPLIED MICROBIOLOGY

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of fundamentals of Microbiology, compare and contrast different microbes and comprehend the means of transmission and control of spread by various microorganisms. It also provides opportunities for practicing infection control measures in hospital and community settings.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Identify the ubiquity and diversity of microorganisms in the human body and the environment
- 2. Classify and explain the morphology and growth of microbes
- 3. Identify various types of microorganisms
- 4. Explore mechanisms by which microorganisms cause disease
- 5. Develop understanding of how the human immune system counteracts infection by specific and non-specific mechanisms
- 6. Apply the principles of preparation and use of vaccines in immunization
- 7. Identify the contribution of the microbiologist and the microbiology laboratory to the diagnosis of infection

SECTION B: INFECTION CONTROL & SAFETY

THEORY: 1Credit (20hrs)
PRACTICAL: ½ credit (20 hrs)
(Lab/experiential learning - L/E)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help students to acquire knowledge and develop competencies required for fundamental patient safety and infection control in delivering patient care. It also focuses on identifying patient safety indicators, preventing and managing hospital acquired infections, and in following universal precautions.

COMPETENCIES

The students will be able to:

- Develop knowledge and understanding of Hospital acquired Infections (HAI) and effective practices for prevention
- 2. Integrate the knowledge of isolation (Barrier and reverse barrier) techniques in implementing various precautions
- 3. Demonstrate and practice steps in Hand washing and appropriate use of different types of PPE
- 4. Illustrate various disinfection and sterilization methods and techniques
- 5. Demonstrate knowledge and skill in specimen collection, handling and transport to optimize the diagnosis for treatment
- 6. Incorporate the principles and guidelines of Bio Medical waste management
- 7. Apply the principles of Antibiotic stewardship in performing the nurses' role
- 8. Identify patient safety indicators and perform the role of nurse in the patient safety audit process
- 9. Apply the knowledge of International Patient Safety Goals (IPSG) in the patient care settings
- 10. Identify employee safety indicators and risk of occupational hazards
- 11. Develop understanding of the various safety protocols and adhere to those protocols

COURSE OUTLINE

(Theory-T, Lab/Experiential Learning-L/E)

UNIT		ME ours)	LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING/ LEARNING	ASSESSMENT METHODS	
	T	P	OUTCOMES		ACTIVITIES	WETHODS	
I	3		Explain concepts and principles of microbiology and its importance in nursing	Introduction: Importance and relevance to nursing Historical perspective Concepts and terminology Principles of microbiology	Lecture cum Discussion	Short answer questionsObjective type	
II	10	10 (L/E)	Describe structure, classification morphology and growth of bacteria Identify Microorganisms	 General characteristics of Microbes: Structure and classification of Microbes Morphological types Size and form of bacteria Motility Colonization Growth and nutrition of microbes Temperature Moisture Blood and body fluids Laboratory methods for Identification of Microorganisms Types of Staining - simple, differential (Gram's, AFB), special - capsular staining (negative), spore, LPCB, KOH mount. Culture and media preparation - solid and liquid. Types of media - semi synthetic, synthetic, enriched, 	 Lecture cum Discussion Demonstration Experiential Learning through visual 	 Short answer questions Objective type 	

III	4	6	Describe the different disease	enrichment, selective and differential media. Pure culture techniques – tube dilution, pour, spread, streak plate. Anaerobic cultivation of bacteria Pathogenic organisms	• Lecture cum	• Short
		(L/E)	producing organisms	 Micro-organisms Cocci — gram positive and gram negative; Bacilli— gram positive and gram negative Viruses Fungi -Superficial and Deep mycoses Parasites Rodents & vectors Characteristics,	 Discussion Demonstration Experiential learning through visual 	answer Objective type
IV	3	4(L/E)	Explain the concepts of immunity, hyper sensitivity and immunization	Immunity Immunity Immunity-Types, classification Antigen and antibody reaction Hypersensitivity reactions Serological tests Immunoglobulins — structure, types & properties Vaccines -types & Classification, storage and handling, cold chain, Immunization for various diseases Immunization Schedule	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Visit to observe vaccine storage Clinical practice 	 Short answers Objective type Visit report

SECTION B: INFECTION CONTROL & SAFETY

COURSE OUTLINE

UNIT					LEARNING CONTENT			ASSESSMENT
	(Hours)		ours) OUTCOMES			METHODS		
		T			ACTIVITIES			
I	T 2	P 2(E)	Summarize the evidence based and effective patient care practices for the prevention of common healthcare associated infections in the healthcare setting	HAI (Hospital acquired Infection) Hospital acquired infection Bundle approach Prevention of Urinary Tract Infection (UTI) Prevention of Surgical Site Infection (SSI) Prevention of Ventilator Associated events (VAE) Prevention of Central Line Associated Blood Stream Infection (CLABSI) Surveillance of HAI — Infection control team & Infection control committee	 Lecture & Discussion Experiential learning 	Knowledge assessment- MCQ, Short answer type		
II	3	4(L)	Demonstrate appropriate use different types of PPEs and the critical use of risk assessment	Isolation Precautions and use of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) Types of isolation system, standard precaution and transmission-based precautions (Direct Contact, Droplet, Indirect) Epidemiology & Infection prevention – CDC guidelines Effective use of PPE	 Lecture Demonstration & Re-Demonstration 	Performance assessment		
III	1	2(L)	Demonstrate the hand hygiene practice and its effectiveness on infection control	 Hand Hygiene Types of Hand hygiene. Hand washing and use of alcohol hand rub Moments of Hand Hygiene WHO hand hygiene promotion 	Lecture Demonstrat ion & Redemonstrati on	Performance assessment		
IV	1	2 (E)	Illustrates disinfection and sterilization in the healthcare setting	 Disinfection and sterilization Definitions Types of disinfection and 	Lecture DiscussionExperiential	Short answersObjective		

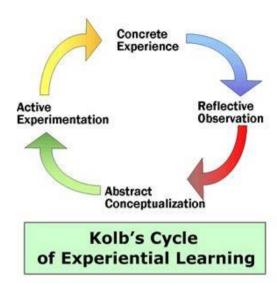
				sterilization Environment cleaning Equipment Cleaning Guides on use of disinfectants Spaulding's principle	learning through visit	type
V	1		Illustrate on what, when, how, why specimens are collected to optimize the diagnosis for treatment and management.	 Specimen Collection (Review) Principle of specimen collection Types of specimens Collection techniques and special considerations Appropriate containers Transportation of the sample Staff precautions in handling specimens 	• Discussion	Knowledge evaluation- Quiz & Performance assessment - Checklist
VI	2	2 (E)	Explain on Bio Medical waste management & laundry management	BMW (Bio Medical Waste Management) Laundry management process and infection control and prevention Waste management process and infection prevention Staff precautions Laundry management Country ordinance and BMW National guidelines 2017: Segration of wastes, Colour coded waste containers, waste collection & storage, Packaging & labeling, Transportation	 Discussion Demonstration Experiential learning through visit 	 Knowledge assessment by short answers, objective type Performance assessment
VII	2		Explain in detail about Antibiotic stewardship, AMR Describe MRSA/MDRO and its prevention	 Antibiotic stewardship Importance of Antibiotic Stewardship Anti Microbial Resistance Prevention of MRSA, MDRO in healthcare setting 	Lecture & Discussion Written assignment- Recent AMR guidelines	Short answers, Objective type • Assessment of assignment

VIII	2	4 (L/E)	Enlist the patient safety indicators followed in a health care organization and the role of nurse in the patient safety audit process	 Patient Safety Indicators Care of Vulnerable patients Prevention of Iatrogenic injury Care of lines, drains and tubing's Restrain policy and care – Physical and Chemical Blood & blood transfusion policy Prevention of IV Complication Prevention of Fall Prevention of DVT Shifting and transporting of patients Surgical safety Care coordination event related to medication reconciliation and administration Prevention of communication errors Prevention of HAI Documentation 	Lecture Demor Experio learnin	nstration ential	•	Knowledge assessment Checklist
IX	1	1 (E)	Captures and analyzes incidents and events for quality improvement	 Incidents and adverse Events Capturing of incidents RCA CAPA Report writing 	LectureRole-pInquiryLearning	lay /-Based		 Knowledge assessment short answers, objective type
X	1		Enumerate IPSG and application of the goals in the patient care settings.	 IPSG (International Patient safety Goals) Identify patient correctly Improve effective communication Improve safety of High Alert medication Ensure safe surgery Reduce the risk of health care associated infection Reduce the risk of patient harm resulting from falls Reduce the harm associated with clinical alarm system 	• Lecture • Role p		•	Objective type

XI	2	3 (L/E)	Enumerate the various safety protocols and its applications	 Safety protocol 5S Radiation safety Laser safety Fire safety Types and classification of fire Fire alarms Firefighting equipment HAZMAT safety Types of spill Spillage management MSDS Environmental safety Risk assessment Aspect impact analysis Maintenance of Temp and Humidity (Department wise) Audits Emergency Codes Role of Nurse in times of disaster 	•	Lecture Demonstration/ Experiential learning		Mock drillsPost testsChecklist
XII	1		Explain importance of employee safety indicators	 Employee Safety Indicators Vaccination NSI prevention Fall prevention Radiation safety Annual health check 	•	Lecture Discussion	•	Knowledge assessment by short answers, objective type
XIII	1		Identify risk of occupational hazards, prevention and post exposure prophylaxis.	Healthcare Worker Immunization Program and management of occupational exposure • Occupational health ordinance • Vaccination program for healthcare staff • Needle stick injuries and prevention • Post exposure prophylaxis	•	Lecture method Journal review		• Short answer

*Experiential learning:

Experiential learning is the process by which knowledge is created through the process of experience in the clinical field. Knowledge results from the combination of grasping and transforming experience. (Kolb, 1984). The experiential learning cycle begins with an experience that the student has had, followed by an opportunity to reflect on that experience. Then students may conceptualize and draw conclusions about what they experienced and observed, leading to future actions in which the students experiment with different



behaviors. This begins the new cycle as the students have new experiences based on their experimentation. These steps may occur in nearly and order as the learning progresses. As per the need of the learner, the concrete components and conceptual components can be in different order as they may require a variety of cognitive and affective behaviors.

PHARMACOLOGY I

PLACEMENT : III Semesters

THEORY: Pharmacology I (III Semester): 1 Credit (20 Hours) - Units I-VIII

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of Pharmaco-dynamics, Pharmaco-kinetics, principles of therapeutics & nursing implications.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Describe pharmacokinetics and pharmacokinetics
- 2. Review the principles of drug calculation and administration
- 3. Explain the commonly used antiseptics and disinfectants
- 4. Describe the pharmacology of drugs acting on the GI system
- 5. Describe the pharmacology of drugs acting on the respiratory system
- 6. Describe drugs used in the treatment of cardiovascular and blood disorders
- 7. Explain the drugs used in the treatment of endocrine system disorders
- 8. Describe the drugs acting on skin and drugs used to treat communicable diseases
- 9. Explain the drugs used in the treatment of ear, nose, throat and eye disorders
- 10. Explain the drugs used in the treatment of urinary system disorders
- 11. Describe the drugs used in the treatment of nervous system disorders
- 12. Explain the drugs used for hormonal replacement and for the pregnant women during antenatal, intra natal and postnatal period
- 13. Explain the drugs used to treat emergency conditions and immune disorders
- 14. Discuss the role and responsibilities of nurses towards safe administration of drugs used to treat disorders of various systems with basic understanding of pharmacology
- 15. Demonstrate understanding about the drugs used in alternative system of medicine

COURSE OUTLINE

UNIT NO.	TIME (HRS)	LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT METHODS
I	3	Describe Pharmacodynamics, Pharmacokinetics, Classification, principles of administration of drugs.	 Introduction to pharmacology Definitions & Branches Nature & Sources of drugs Dosage Forms and Routes of drug administration Terminology used Classification, Abbreviations, Prescription, Drug 	 Lecture cum Discussion Guided reading and written assignment on schedule K drugs 	Short answerObjective ty

П	1	Describe antiseptics, and disinfectant & nurse's responsibilities	Calculation, Weights and Measures • Pharmacodynamics: Actions, Drug Antagonism, Synergism, Tolerance, Receptors, Therapeutic, adverse, toxic effects, pharmacovigilance • Pharmacokinetics: Absorption, Bioavailability, Distribution, Metabolism, Interaction, Excretion • Review-Principles of drug administration and treatment individualization • Factors affecting dose, route etc • Indian Pharmacopoeia: Legal Issues, Drug Laws, Schedule Drugs • Rational Use of Drugs • Principles of Therapeutics Pharmacology of commonly used antiseptics and disinfectants • Antiseptics and Disinfectants • Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, Crug interactions, side effects,	 Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	 Assessment of assignments Short answer Objective type
III	2	Describe drugs acting on gastro-intestinal	adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse Drugs acting on G.I system Pharmacology of commonly	Lecture cum Discussion	Short answerObjective
		system & nurse's responsibilities	used drugs Emetics and Antiemetics Laxatives and Purgatives Antacids and antipeptic ulcer drugs Anti diarrhoeals – Fluid and electrolyte therapy, Furazolidone, dicyclomine Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse	Drug study/ presentation	type

IV	2	Describe drugs acting on respiratory system & nurse's responsibilities	 Drugs acting on respiratory system Pharmacology of commonly used Antiasthmatics – Bronchodilators (Salbutamol inhalers) Decongestants Expectorants, Antitussives and Mucolytics Broncho-constrictors and Antihistamines Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug Interactions, side effects, adverse effects toxicity and role of nurse 	 Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	 Short answer Objective type
V	4		Drugs used in treatment of Cardiovascular system and blood disorders Haematinics, & treatment of anemia and antiadrenergics Cholinergic and anti-cholinergic Adrenergic Drugs for CHF & vasodilators Anti anginals Antiarrhythmics Antihypertensives Coagulants & Anticoagulants Antiplatelets & thrombolytics Hypolipidemics Plasma expanders & treatment of shock Drugs used to treat blood disorders Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug Interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse	 Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	 Short answer Objective type
VI	2	Describe the drugs used in treatment of endocrine system disorders	Drugs used in treatment of endocrine system disorders Insulin & oral hypoglycemics Thyroid and anti thyroid drugs Corticosteroids Anabolic steroids Calcitonin, parathormone, vit. D3, calcium metabolism Calcium salts	 Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	 Short answer Objective type

VII	Describe drugs used in skin diseases & nurse's responsibilities	 Antihistaminics and antipruritics Topical applications for skin-Benzylbenzoate, Gamma BHC, Clotrimazole, Miconazole, Silver Sulphadiazine (burns) Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects toxicity and role of nurse 	 Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	 Short answer Objective type
VIII	Explain drug therapy/chemotherapy of specific infections & infestations & nurse's responsibilities	Drugs used in treatment of communicable diseases (common infections, infestations)	Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation	 Short answer Objective type

ADULT HEALTH NURSING I WITH INTEGRATED PATHOPHYSIOLOGY (including BCLS module)

PLACEMENT : III SEMESTER

THEORY- 6 Credits (120 hrs)
PRACTICAL- Lab/Skill lab- 1 Credit (40 hrs)
Clinical- 6 Credits (480 hrs)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to equip the students to review and apply their knowledge of Anatomy, Physiology, Biochemistry and Behavioral sciences in caring for adult patients with Medical / Surgical disorders using nursing process approach and critical thinking. It also intends to develop competencies required for assessment, diagnosis, treatment, nursing management, and supportive /palliative care to patients with various Medical Surgical disorders.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of Medical Surgical Nursing I course, students will be able to

- 1. Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, manifestations, diagnostic studies, treatments and complications of common medical and surgical disorders
- 2. Perform complete health assessment to establish a data base for providing quality patient care and integrate the knowledge of anatomy, physiology and diagnostic tests in the process of data collection
- 3. Identify diagnoses, list them according to priority and formulate nursing care plan
- 4. Perform nursing procedures skillfully and apply scientific principles while giving comprehensive nursing care to patients
- 5. Integrate knowledge of pathology, nutrition and pharmacology in caring for patients experiencing various medical and surgical disorders
- 6. Identify common diagnostic measures related to the health problems with emphasis on nursing assessment and responsibilities
- 7. Demonstrate skill in assisting / performing diagnostic and therapeutic procedures
- 8. Demonstrate competencies/skills to patients undergoing treatment for medical surgical disorders
- 9. Identify the drugs used in treating patients with medical surgical conditions
- 10. Plan and give relevant individual and group education on significant medical surgical topics
- 11. Maintain safe environment for patients and the health care personnel in the hospital
- 12. Integrate evidence-based information while giving nursing care to patients

COURSE CONTENT

UNIT	HRS.	LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT METHODS
I	6 (T) 4 (L/S L)	Narrate the evolution of medical surgical nursing Apply nursing process in caring for patients with medical surgical problems Execute the role of a nurse in various medical surgical setting Develop skills in assessment and care of wound Develop competency in providing pre and postoperative care	 Introduction Evolution and trends of medical and surgical nursing International classification of diseases Roles and responsibility of a nurse in medical and surgical settings Outpatient department In-patient unit Intensive care unit Introduction to medical and surgical asepsis Inflammation, infection Wound healing – stages, influencing factors Wound care and dressing technique Care of surgical patient pre-operative post-operative Alternative therapies used in caring for patients with 	 Lecture cum discussion Demonstration & Practice session Role play Visit to outpatient department, in patient and intensive care unit 	• OSCE
II	11 (T) 4 (L/S L)	Explain organizational set up of the operating theatre Differentiate the role of scrub nurse and circulating nurse Describe the different positioning for various surgeries Apply principles of asepsis in handling the sterile equipment	Intraoperative Care Organization and physical set up of the operation theatre Classification Classification Classifing Members of the OT team Duties and responsibilities of the nurse in OT Position and draping for common surgical procedures Instruments, sutures and suture materials, equipment for common surgical procedures Disinfection and sterilization of equipment Preparation of sets for	 Lecture cum Discussion Demonstration, Practice session, and Case Discussion Visit to receiving bay 	 Caring for patient intra operatively Submit a list of disinfectant s used for instruments with the action and precaution

Ш	6 (T) 4 (L/S L)	Demonstrate skill in assessing the patient and document accurately the surgical safety checklist Develop skill in assisting with selected surgeries Explain the types, functions, and nursing considerations for different types of anaesthesia Identify the signs and symptoms of shock and electrolyte imbalances Develop skills in managing fluid and electrolyte imbalances Perform pain assessment and plans for the nursing	 Scrubbing procedures – Gowning, masking and gloving Monitoring the patient during the procedures Maintenance of the therapeutic environment in OT Assisting in major and minor operation, handling specimen Prevention of accidents and hazards in OT Anaesthesia- types, methods of administration, effects and stages, equipment & drugs Legal aspects Nursing care of patients with common signs and symptoms and management Fluid and electrolyte imbalance Shock 	 Lecture, discussion, demonstration Case discussion 	 Short answer MCQ Case report
IV	16 (T) 4 (L)	Demonstrate skill in respiratory assessment Differentiates different breath sounds and lists the indications Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of common respiratory problems Describe the health behaviour to be adopted in preventing respiratory illnesses	 Pain Nursing Management of patients with respiratory problems Review of anatomy and physiology of respiratory system Nursing Assessment — history taking, physical assessment and diagnostic tests Common respiratory problems: Upper respiratory tract infections Chronic obstructive pulmonary diseases Pleural effusion, Empyema Bronchiectasis Pneumonia Lung abscess 	 Lecture, discussion, Demonstration Practice session Case presentation Visit to PFT Lab 	 Essay Short Answer OSCE

V	15 (T) 5 (L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of gastrointestinal disorders Demonstrate skill in gastrointestinal assessment Prepare patient for upper and lower gastrointestinal investigations Demonstrate skill in gastric decompression, gavage, and stoma care Demonstrate skill in different feeding techniques	 Cyst and tumors Chest Injuries Acute respiratory distress syndrome Pulmonary embolism Health behaviours to prevent respiratory illness Nursing Management of patients with disorders of digestive system Review of anatomy and physiology of GI system Nursing assessment – History and physical assessment GI investigations Common GI disorders: Oral cavity-lips, gums and teeth GI - Bleeding, Infections, Inflammation, tumors, Obstruction, Perforation & Peritonitis Peptic & duodenal ulcer, Mal-absorption, Appendicitis, Hernias Hemorrhoids, fissures, Fistulas Pancreas- inflammation, cysts, and tumors Liver-inflammation, cysts, abscess, cirrhosis, portal hypertension, hepatic failure, tumors Gall bladderinflammation, Cholelithiasis, tumors Gastric decompression, 	 Lecture, Discussion Demonstration, Role play Problem Based Learning Visit to stoma clinic 	• Quiz • OSCE
VI	15 (T) 5 (L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing	Nursing Management of patients with cardiovascular problems Review of anatomy and physiology of cardio-	Lecture, discussionDemonstration	Care planDrug record

VII	7 (T) 3 (L)	management of cardiovascular disorders Demonstrate skill in cardiovascular assessment Prepare patient for invasive and non-invasive cardiac procedures Demonstrate skill in monitoring and interpreting clinical signs related to cardiac disorders Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of hematological disorders Interpret blood reports Prepare and provides health education on blood donation Explain the etiology,	 vascular system Nursing Assessment-History and Physical assessment Disorders of vascular system-Hypertension, arteriosclerosis, Raynaud's disease, aneurysm and peripheral vascular disorders Coronary artery diseases-coronary atherosclerosis, Angina pectoris, myocardial infarction Valvular disorders congenital and acquired Rheumatic heart disease pericarditis, myocarditis, endocarditis, cardiomyopathies Cardiac dysrrhythmias, heart block Congestive heart failure, corpulmonale, pulmonary edema, cardiogenic shock, cardiac tamponade Cardiopulmonary arrest Nursing Management of patients with disorders of blood Review of Anatomy and Physiology of blood, nursing assessment bistory, physical assessment Diagnostic tests Anemia, Polycythemia Bleeding Disorders clotting factor defects and platelets defects, thalassemia, leukemias, leukopenias, agranulocytosis Lymphomas, myelomas Nursing management of 	 Practice session Case Discussion Health education Drug Book/presentation BCLS Module Field visit to blood bank Counseling 	BLS/BCLS evaluation • Interpretati on of blood reports • Visit report
VIII	8 (T) 2 (L)	pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of	 patients with disorders of endocrine system Review of anatomy and physiology of endocrine system Nursing Assessment – 	 Lecture, discussion, demonstration Practice session 	Prepare health education on self-administrat

		endocrine disorders Demonstrate skill in assessment of endocrine organ dysfunction Prepare and provides health education on diabetic diet Demonstrate skill in insulin administration	History and Physical assessment Disorders of thyroid and Parathyroid, Adrenal and Pituitary (Hyper, Hypo, tumors) Diabetes mellitus	Case DiscussionHealth education	ion of insulin • Submits a diabetic diet plan
IX	8 (T) 2 (L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of disorders of integumentary system Demonstrate skill in integumentary assessment Demonstrate skill in medicated bath Prepare and provide health education on skin care	Nursing management of patients with disorders of Integumentary system Review of anatomy and physiology of skin Nursing Assessment — History and Physical assessment Infection and infestations; Dermatitis Dermatoses; infectious and Non infectious Acne, Allergies, Eczema & Pemphigus Psoriasis, Malignant melanoma, Alopecia Special therapies, alternative therapies Drugs used in treatment of disorders of integumentary system	 Lecture, discussion Demonstration Practice session Case Discussion 	Drug report Preparation of Home care plan
X	11 (T) 4 (L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of musculoskeletal disorders Demonstrate skill in musculoskeletal assessment Prepare patient for radiological and non- radiological	Nursing management of patients with musculoskeletal problems Review of Anatomy and physiology of the musculoskeletal system Nursing Assessment-History and physical assessment, diagnostic tests Musculoskeletal trauma: Dislocation, fracture, sprain, strain, contusion, amputation Musculoskeletal infections and tumors: Osteomyelitis, benign and malignant tumour Orthopedic modalities: Cast,	 Lecture / Discussion Demonstration Case Discussion Health education 	 Nursing care plan Prepare health teaching on care of patient with cast

VI	17	investigations of musculoskeletal system Demonstrate skill in crutch walking and splinting Demonstrate skill in care of patient with replacement surgeries Prepare and provide health education on bone healing	splint, traction, crutch walking Musculoskeletal inflammation: Bursitis, synovitis, arthritis Special therapies, alternative therapies Metabolic bone disorder: Osteoporosis, osteomalacia and Paget's disease Spinal column defects and deformities – tumor, prolapsed intervertebral disc, Pott's spine Rehabilitation, prosthesis Replacement surgeries		
XI	17 (T) 3 (L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of patients with communicable diseases Demonstrate skill in barrier and reverse barrier techniques Demonstrate skill in execution of different isolation protocols	Nursing management of patients with Communicable diseases Overview of infectious diseases, the infectious process Nursing Assessment — History and Physical assessment, Diagnostic tests Tuberculosis Diarrhoeal diseases, hepatitis A-E, Typhoid Herpes, Chickenpox, Smallpox, Measles, Mumps, Influenza Meningitis Gas gangrene Leprosy Dengue, Plague, Malaria, Chikungunya, swine flu, Filariasis Diphtheria, Pertussis, Tetanus, Poliomyelitis Special infection control measures: Notification, Isolation, Quarantine, Immunization,	 Lecture, discussion, demonstration Practice session Case Discussion / seminar Health education Drug Book/ presentation Refer TB control & Management module 	 Prepares and submits protocol on various isolation techniques

CLINICAL PRACTICUM

CLINICAL PRACTICUM : 6 Credits (480 Hrs) - 18 weeks x 27 hrs

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES

On completion of the clinical practicum, the students will be able to apply nursing process and critical thinking in delivering holistic nursing care including rehabilitation to the adult patients undergoing surgery, with shock and fluid and electrolyte imbalance and with selected medical & surgical conditions i.e., Gastrointestinal, Respiratory, Endocrine, Orthopedic, Dermatology and Cardiovascular disorders.

The students will be competent to:

- 1. Utilize the nursing process in providing care to the sick adults in the hospital
 - a. Perform complete health assessment to establish a data base for providing quality patient care
 - b. Integrate the knowledge of diagnostic tests in the process of data collection
 - c. Identify nursing diagnoses and list them according to priority
 - d. Formulate nursing care plan, using problem solving approach
 - e. Apply scientific principles while giving nursing care to patients
 - f. Perform nursing procedures skillfully on patients
 - g. Establish /develop interpersonal relationship with patients and family members
 - h. Evaluate the expected outcomes and modify the plan according to the patient needs
- 2. Provide comfort and safety to adult patients in the hospital
- 3. Maintain safe environment for patients during hospitalization
- 4. Explain nursing actions appropriately to the patients and family members
- 5. Ensure patient safety while providing nursing procedures
- 6. Assess the educational needs of the patient and their family related to medical and surgical disorders and provide appropriate health education to patients
- 7. Provide pre, intra and post-operative care to patients undergoing surgery
- 8. Integrate knowledge of pathology, nutrition and pharmacology for patients experiencing various medical and surgical disorders
- 9. Integrate evidence-based information while giving nursing care to patients
- 10. Demonstrate the awareness of legal and ethical issues in nursing practice

I. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH MEDICAL CONDITIONS

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Intravenous therapy
- Oxygen through mask
- Oxygen through nasal prongs
- Venturi mask
- Nebulization
- Chest physiotherapy

	Learning	Procedural competencies/Clinical	Clinical	Assessment
area/unit in	Outcomes	skills	Requirements	methods
General medical 4	Develop skill in intravenous injection administration and IV therapy Assist with diagnostic procedures Develop skill in the Management of patients with Respiratory problems Develop skill in managing patients with	 Intravenous therapy IV cannulation IV maintenance and monitoring Administration of IV medication Care of patient with Central line Preparation and assisting and monitoring of patients undergoing diagnostic procedures such as thoracentesis, Abdominal paracentesis Management patients with respiratory problems Administration of oxygen through mask, nasal prongs, venturi mask Pulse oximetry Nebulization Chest physiotherapy Postural drainage Oropharyngeal suctioning Care of patient with chest drainage Diet Planning High Protein diet Diabetic diet 	 Care Study – 1 Health education Clinical presentation / Care note) - 1 	 Clinical evaluation OSCE Care Study evaluation Care Note/Clinical presentation
	0 0	Diabetic dietInsulin administrationMonitoring GRBS		

II. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH SURGICAL CONDITIONS

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Nasogastric aspiration
- Surgical dressing
- Suture removal
- Colostomy care / ileostomy care
- Enteral feeding

	Duration in	Learning	Procedural	Clinical Requirements	
area/unit		Outcomes	competencies/Clinical skills		methods
General surgical wards	4	Develop skill in caring for patients during pre and post- operative period Assist with diagnostic procedures Develop skill in managing patient with Gastro-intestinal Problems Develop skill in wound management	 Pre-Operative care Immediate Post-operative care Post-operative exercise Pain assessment Pain Management Assisting diagnostic procedure and after care of patients undergoing Colonoscopy ERCP Endoscopy Liver Biopsy Nasogastric aspiration Gastrostomy / Jejunostomy feeds Ileostomy / Colostomy care Surgical dressing Suture removal Surgical soak Sitz bath Care of drain 	 Care study – 1, Care Note – 1 Health teaching Clinical Presentation / Care note) - 1 	Clinical evaluation, OSCE Care study Care note/Clinical presentation

III. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH CARDIAC CONDITIONS

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Cardiovascular assessment
- Interpreting ECG
- CPR
- ABG analysis
- Taking blood sample
- Arterial blood gas analysis interpretation

Clinical	Dι	ıration	Learning	Procedural	Clinical	Assessment
area/unit	in	weeks	Outcomes	competencies/Clinical skills	Requirements	methods
area/unit Cardiology wards	h	2 2	Develop skill in Management of patients with cardiac problems Develop skill in management of patients with disorders of Blood	 Cardiac monitoring Recording and interpreting ECG Arterial blood gas analysis – interpretation Administer cardiac drugs Preparation and after care of patients for cardiac catheterization CPR Collection of blood sample for Blood grouping/cross matching Blood sugar Serum electrolytes Assisting with blood transfusion Assisting for bone marrow aspiration Application of antiembolism stockings (TED hose) Application / maintenance of 	 Cardiac assessment – 1 Drug presentation - 1 	Clinical evaluation Drug presentati on
			management of patients with	 Collection of blood sample for Blood grouping/cross matching Blood sugar Serum electrolytes Assisting with blood transfusion Assisting for bone marrow aspiration Application of antiembolism stockings (TED hose) 		

IV. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH DISORDERS OF INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

Application of topical medication

B. Clinical postings

Clinical	Duration	Learning Outcomes	Procedural	Clinical	Assessment
area/unit	in		competencies/Clinical skills	Requirements	methods
	weeks				
Dermatology	1	Develop skill in	• Intradermal injection-		• Clinical
wards		management of patients	Skin allergy testing		evaluation
		with disorders of	• Application of topical		
		Integumentary system	medication		
			Medicated bath		

V. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH COMMUNICABLE DISEASES

A. Skill Lab

- Barrier Nursing
- Reverse Barrier Nursing
- Standard precautions

Clinical	Duration	Learning Outcomes	Procedural	Clinical	Assessment
area/unit	in weeks		competencies/Clinical skills	Requirements	methods
Isolation ward	1	Develop skill in the management of patients requiring isolation		• Care Note – 1	 Clinical evaluation Care note

VI. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH MUSCULOSKELETAL PROBLEMS

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Range of motion exercises
- Muscle strengthening exercises
- Crutch walking

B. Clinical postings

Clinical	Duration	Learning	Procedural	Clinical	Assessment
area/unit	in	Outcomes	competencies/Clinical skills	Requirements	methods
	weeks				
Orthopedic wards	2	Develop skill in management of patients with musculoskeletal problems	 Preparation of patient with Myelogram / CT / MRI Assisting with application & removal of POP / Cast Preparation, assisting and after care of patient with Skin traction / skeletal traction Care of orthotics Muscle strengthening exercises Crutch walking Rehabilitation 	• Care Note – 1	Clinical evaluation,Care note

VII. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS IN THE OPERATING ROOMS

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Scrubbing, gowning and gloving
- Orient to instruments for common surgeries
- Orient to suture materials
- Positioning

Clinical area/unit	Duration in weeks	Learning Outcomes	Procedural competencies/Clinical skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment methods
Operation theatre	4	Develop skill in caring for intraoperative patients	 Position and draping Preparation of operation table Set up of trolley with instrument Assisting in major and minor operation Disinfection and sterilization of equipment Scrubbing procedures – Gowning, masking and gloving Intra operative monitoring 	 Assist as circulatory nurse - 5 Positioning & draping - 5 Assist as scrub nurse in major surgeries - 5 Assist as scrub nurse in minor surgeries - 5 	

PHARMACOLOGY II

PLACEMENT-IV Semester			Theory: 2 Cr	edits (40 Hours)	
IX	4	Describe drugs used in disorders of ear, nose, throat and eye and nurses' responsibilities	 Drugs used in disorders of ear, nose, throat & Eye Antihistaminics Topical applications for eye (Chloromphenicol, Gentamycin eye drops), ear (Soda glycerine, boric spirit ear drops), nose and buccal cavity-chlorhexidine mouthwash Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug Interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse 	 Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	Short answerObjective type
X	4	Describe drugs acting on urinary system & nurse's responsibilities	 Drugs used on urinary system Pharmacology of commonly used drugs Renin angiotensin system Diuretics and antidiuretics Drugs toxic to kidney Urinary antiseptics Treatment of UTI – acidifiers and alkalinizers Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, Drug Interactions, side effects, adverse effects toxicity and role of nurse 	 Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	Short answerObjective type
XI	10	Describe drugs used on nervous system & nurse's responsibilities	 Drugs acting on nervous system Basis & applied pharmacology of commonly used drugs Analgesics and anaesthetics Analgesics- Non steroidal anti-inflammatory(NSAID)drugs Antipyretics Opioids & other central analgesics ✓ General (techniques of GA, pre anesthetic medication) & local anesthetics ✓ Gases: oxygen, nitrous, oxide, carbon-dioxide & others Hypnotics and sedatives Skeletal muscle relaxants Anti psychotics 	 Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	 Short answer Objective type

			M 1 / 1'1'	1	1
XII	5	Describe drugs used for hormonal disorder & supplementation, contraception & medical termination of pregnancy & nurse's responsibilities	 Mood stabilizers Antidepressants Anti Anxiety Drugs Anticonvulsants Drugs for neurodegenerative disorders & miscellaneous drugs Stimulants, ethyl alcohol and treatment of methyl alcohol poisoning Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, drug Interactions, side effects, adverse effects toxicity and role of nurse Drugs used for hormonal, disorders and supplementation, contraception and medical termination of pregnancy Estrogens and progesterones Oral contraceptives and hormone replacement therapy Vaginal contraceptives Drugs for infertility and medical termination of pregnancy Uterine stimulants and relaxants Composition, actions dosage route indications, contraindications, drugs interactions, side effects, adverse, effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse 	 Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	 Short answer Objective type
XIII	3	Develop understanding about important drugs used for women before, during and after labour	Drugs used for pregnant women during antenatal, labour and postnatal period Tetanus prophyaxis Iron and Vit K ₁ supplementation Oxytocin, Misoprostol Ergometrine Methyl prostaglandin F2-alpha Magnesium sulphate Calcium gluconate	 Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	Short answerObjective type
XIV	10	Describe drugs used in deaddiction, emergency, poisoning, vitamins & minerals supplementation, drugs	 Miscellaneous Drugs used for deaddiction Drugs used in CPR and emergency-adrenaline, Chlorpheniramine, 	Lecture cum DiscussionDrug study/ presentation	Short answerObjective type

		used for immunization & immune-suppression & nurse's responsibilities	 hydrocortisone, Dexamethasone IV fluids & electrolytes replacement Common poisons, drugs used for treatment of poisoning Activated charcoal Ipecac Antidotes, Anti-snake venom (ASV) Vitamins and minerals supplementation Vaccines & sera (Universal immunization program schedules) Anticancer drugs-Chemotherapeutic drugs commonly used Immuno-suppressants and 		
			Immunostimulants		
XV	4	Demonstrate awareness of common drugs used in alternative system of medicine.	 Introduction to drugs used in alternative systems of medicine: Ayurveda, homeopathy, unani and siddha etc. Drugs used for common ailments 	Lecture cum DiscussionObservational visit	Short answerObjective type

ADULT HEALTH NURSING II WITH INTEGRATED PATHOPHYSIOLOGY INCLUDING GERIATRIC NURSING (with Health Assessment module)

PLACEMENT : IV SEMESTER

THEORY - 120 hours (6 Credits)

PRACTICUM - Lab/Skill lab- 40 hrs (1 Credit)

Clinical - 480 hours (6 Credits)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to equip the students to review and apply their knowledge of Anatomy, Physiology, Biochemistry and Behavioral sciences in caring for adult patients with Medical / Surgical disorders using nursing process approach. It also intends to develop competencies required for assessment, diagnosis, treatment, nursing management, and supportive /palliative and rehabilitative care to adult patients with various Medical Surgical disorders.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course the students will apply nursing process and critical thinking in delivering holistic nursing care with selected Medical & Surgical conditions.

At the completion of Adult Health Nursing II course, students will

- 1. Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, manifestations, diagnostic studies, treatments and complications of common medical and surgical disorders.
- 2. Perform complete health assessment to establish a data base for providing quality patient care and integrate the knowledge of diagnostic tests in the process of data collection
- 3. Identify diagnoses, list them according to priority and formulate nursing care plan
- 4. Perform nursing procedures skillfully and apply scientific principles while giving comprehensive nursing care to patients
- 5. Integrate knowledge of anatomy, physiology, pathology, nutrition and pharmacology in caring for patients experiencing various medical and surgical disorders
- 6. Identify common diagnostic measures related to the health problems with emphasis on nursing assessment and responsibilities
- 7. Demonstrate skill in assisting / performing diagnostic and therapeutic procedures
- 8. Demonstrate competencies/skills to patients undergoing treatment for medical surgical disorders
- 9. Identify the drugs used in treating patients with medical surgical conditions
- 10. Plan and provide relevant individual and group education on significant medical surgical topics
- 11. Maintain safe environment for patients and the health care personnel in the hospital

COURSE OUTLINE

UNIT	TIME (HRS)	LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING / LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT METHODS
I	10(T) 4(L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and medical, surgical, nutritional and nursing management of patients with ENT disorders	Nursing management of patient with disorders of Ear, Nose and Throat (Includes etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and medical, surgical, nutritional and nursing management) Review of anatomy and physiology of the ear, nose and throat History, physical assessment, and diagnostic tests Ear Ear External ear: deformities otalgia, foreign bodies and tumors Middle year- impacted wax, tympanic, membrane perforation, otitis media, and tumors. Inner ear- Meniere's disease, labyrinthitis, ototoxicity tumors Upper respiratory airway infections —Rhinitis, sinusitis, tonsillitis, laryngitis Epistaxis, Nasal obstruction Deafness and its management	 Lecture and discussion Demonstration of hearing aids, nasal packing, medication administration Visit to audiology and speech clinic 	 MCQ Short answers Essay OSCE Assessment of skill (using checklist) Quiz Drug book
П	10(T) 4(L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and	Nursing management of patient with disorder of eye Review of anatomy physiology of the eye History, physical assessment, diagnostic assessment Eye Disorders	 Lecture and discussion Demonstration of visual aids, lens, medication administration Visit to eye bank 	MCQShort EssayOSCEDrug book

III	9(T) 4 (L)	management of patients with disorders of eye Describe eye donation, banking and transplantation Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of Kidney and urinary system disorders Demonstrate skill in genitourinary assessment Prepare patient for genitourinary investigations Prepare and	 Refractive errors Eyelids – infection, deformities Conjunctiva – inflammation and infection bleeding Cornea- inflammation and infection Lens- cataract Glaucoma Retinal detachment Blindness Eye banking, Eye donation Nursing management of patient with Kidney and Urinary problems Review of Anatomy and physiology of the genitourinary system History, physical assessment, diagnostic tests Urinary tract infections-acute, chronic, lower, upper Nephritis, nephrotic syndrome, Renal calculi Acute and chronic renal failure Disorders of ureter, urinary bladder and Urethra Disorders of prostate - inflammation, infection, stricture, obstruction, and 	 Lecture cum Discussion Demonstration Case Discussion Health education Drug book & Field visit- Visits hemodialysis unit 	 MCQ Short Note Long essay Case report Submits health teaching on prevention of urinary calculi
IV		Prepare and provide health education on prevention of renal calculi Explain the	stricture, obstruction, and Benign Prostate Hypertrophy Nursing management of		
	5 (T)	etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical,	disorders of male reproductive system Review of Anatomy and physiology of the male reproductive system History, Physical Assessment, Diagnostic	 Lecture, Discussion Case Discussion Health education 	Short essay

		nutritional, and nursing management of	testsInfections of testis, penis and adjacent		
		male reproductive disorders	structures – Phimosis, Epididymitis, and Orchitis Sexual dysfunction, infertility, contraception Male Breast Disorders - gynecomastia, tumor, climacteric changes		
V	8(T)	Explain the	Nursing management of	Lecture and	• OSCE
	4(L)	etiology, patho- physiology,	patient with burns, reconstructive and	discussion	• Short notes
		clinical	cosmetic surgery	 Demonstration of burn wound 	
		manifestations,	• Review of anatomy and physiology of the skin	assessment, vacuum dressing	
		types, diagnostic measures and	and connective tissues	and fluid	
		management of	• History, physical assessment, assessment	calculationsVisit to burn	
		patients with	of burns and fluid &	rehabilitation	
		disorders of burns/cosmetic	electrolyte lossBurns	centers	
		surgeries and its	• Reconstructive and		
		significance	cosmetic surgery for burns, congenital deformities, injuries and		
			cosmetic purposes, gender reassignment		
			• Legal and ethical aspects		
			• Special therapies: LAD, vacuumed dressing.		
			Laser, liposuction, skin		
			health rejuvenation, use of derma filters		
VI	16(T)	Explain the	Nursing management of patient with neurological	Lecture and	• OSCE, short
	4(L)	etiology, pathophysiology,	disorders	discussionDemonstration	notes, Essay • Drug book
		clinical	Review of anatomy and Thereigh are a first the second and the second anatomy are second and the second and the second anatomy are second and the second and the second and the second anatomy are second and the second anatomy are second and the second and the second and the second anatomy are second and the second anatomy are second a	of	Drug book
		manifestations,	physiology of the neurological system	physiotherapy,	
		diagnostic	• History, physical,	neuro assessment,	
		measures and management of	neurological assessment, diagnostic tests	tracheostomy	
		patients with	Headache, Head injuries	careVisit to	
		neurological	• Spinal injuries –	rehabilitation	
		disorders	Paraplegia, Hemiplegia, Quadriplegia	center, long term care clinics,	
			• Spinal cord compression –	EEG, NCV study	

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			herniation of in vertebral	unit,	
			disc		
			• Intra cranial and cerebral		
			aneurysms Maningitis anomhalitis		
			• Meningitis, encephalitis,		
			brain, abscess, neuro- cysticercosis		
			 Movement disorders – Chorea, Seizures & 		
			Epilepsies &		
			Cerebro-vascular		
			disorders-CVA		
			• Cranial, spinal		
			neuropathies – Bell's		
			palsy, trigeminal neuralgia		
			 Peripheral Neuropathies 		
			 Degenerative diseases - 		
			Alzheimer's disease,		
			Parkinson's disease		
			• Guillain-Barré syndrome,		
			Myasthenia gravis &		
			Multiple sclerosis		
			• Rehabilitation of patient		
			with neurological deficit		
VII	12 (T)	Explain the	Nursing management of		
VII	12 (T) 4 (P)	Explain the etiology,	Nursing management of patients with	• Lecture,	
VII	, ,	etiology, pathophysiology,		Lecture, discussion	
VII	, ,	etiology, pathophysiology, clinical	patients with	· ·	
VII	, ,	etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations,	patients with Immunological problems • Review of Immune system	discussion	
VII	, ,	etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and	 patients with Immunological problems Review of Immune system Nursing Assessment – 	discussionCase Discussion	
VII	, ,	etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical,	 patients with Immunological problems Review of Immune system Nursing Assessment – History and Physical 	discussion • Case Discussion / seminar	
VII	, ,	etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and	 patients with Immunological problems Review of Immune system Nursing Assessment – History and Physical assessment 	discussionCase Discussion/ seminarRefer Module on	
VII	, ,	etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing	 patients with Immunological problems Review of Immune system Nursing Assessment – History and Physical assessment HIV & AIDS: 	discussionCase Discussion/ seminarRefer Module on	
VII	, ,	etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of	 patients with Immunological problems Review of Immune system Nursing Assessment – History and Physical assessment HIV & AIDS: Epidemiology, 	discussionCase Discussion/ seminarRefer Module on	
VII	, ,	etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of immunological	 patients with Immunological problems Review of Immune system Nursing Assessment – History and Physical assessment HIV & AIDS: Epidemiology, Transmission, Prevention 	discussionCase Discussion/ seminarRefer Module on	
VII	, ,	etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of immunological disorders	 patients with Immunological problems Review of Immune system Nursing Assessment – History and Physical assessment HIV & AIDS: Epidemiology, Transmission, Prevention of Transmission 	discussionCase Discussion/ seminarRefer Module on	
VII	, ,	etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of immunological disorders • Prepare and	 patients with Immunological problems Review of Immune system Nursing Assessment – History and Physical assessment HIV & AIDS: Epidemiology, Transmission, Prevention of Transmission Role of Nurse; 	discussionCase Discussion/ seminarRefer Module on	
VII	, ,	etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of immunological disorders • Prepare and provides health	 patients with Immunological problems Review of Immune system Nursing Assessment – History and Physical assessment HIV & AIDS: Epidemiology, Transmission, Prevention of Transmission Role of Nurse; Counseling, Health 	discussionCase Discussion/ seminarRefer Module on	
VII	, ,	etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of immunological disorders • Prepare and provides health education on	 patients with Immunological problems Review of Immune system Nursing Assessment – History and Physical assessment HIV & AIDS: Epidemiology, Transmission, Prevention of Transmission Role of Nurse; Counseling, Health education and home care 	discussionCase Discussion/ seminarRefer Module on	
VII	, ,	etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of immunological disorders • Prepare and provides health	 patients with Immunological problems Review of Immune system Nursing Assessment – History and Physical assessment HIV & AIDS: Epidemiology, Transmission, Prevention of Transmission Role of Nurse; Counseling, Health education and home care consideration 	discussionCase Discussion/ seminarRefer Module on	
VII	, ,	etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of immunological disorders • Prepare and provides health education on prevention of HIV	patients with Immunological problems Review of Immune system Nursing Assessment — History and Physical assessment HIV & AIDS: Epidemiology, Transmission, Prevention of Transmission Role of Nurse; Counseling, Health education and home care consideration National AIDS Control	discussionCase Discussion/ seminarRefer Module on	
VII	, ,	etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of immunological disorders • Prepare and provides health education on prevention of HIV infection	 patients with Immunological problems Review of Immune system Nursing Assessment – History and Physical assessment HIV & AIDS: Epidemiology, Transmission, Prevention of Transmission Role of Nurse; Counseling, Health education and home care consideration 	discussionCase Discussion/ seminarRefer Module on	
VII	, ,	etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of immunological disorders • Prepare and provides health education on prevention of HIV infection • Describe the	patients with Immunological problems Review of Immune system Nursing Assessment — History and Physical assessment HIV & AIDS: Epidemiology, Transmission, Prevention of Transmission Role of Nurse; Counseling, Health education and home care consideration National AIDS Control Program — NACO,	discussionCase Discussion/ seminarRefer Module on	
VII	, ,	etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of immunological disorders • Prepare and provides health education on prevention of HIV infection • Describe the national infection control programmes	 patients with Immunological problems Review of Immune system Nursing Assessment – History and Physical assessment HIV & AIDS: Epidemiology, Transmission, Prevention of Transmission Role of Nurse; Counseling, Health education and home care consideration National AIDS Control Program – NACO, various national and 	discussionCase Discussion/ seminarRefer Module on	
VII	, ,	etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of immunological disorders • Prepare and provides health education on prevention of HIV infection • Describe the national infection control programmes • Describe the drug	 patients with Immunological problems Review of Immune system Nursing Assessment – History and Physical assessment HIV & AIDS: Epidemiology, Transmission, Prevention of Transmission Role of Nurse; Counseling, Health education and home care consideration National AIDS Control Program – NACO, various national and international agencies, 	discussionCase Discussion/ seminarRefer Module on	
VII	, ,	etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of immunological disorders • Prepare and provides health education on prevention of HIV infection • Describe the national infection control programmes	patients with Immunological problems Review of Immune system Nursing Assessment — History and Physical assessment HIV & AIDS: Epidemiology, Transmission, Prevention of Transmission Role of Nurse; Counseling, Health education and home care consideration National AIDS Control Program — NACO, various national and international agencies, Infection control	discussionCase Discussion/ seminarRefer Module on	

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VIII	10(T)	Explain the		Lecture and	• OSCE
	4(L)	etiology,	patient with Oncological	discussion	• Essay
		pathophysiology,	conditions	 Demonstration 	• Quiz
		types, clinical	• Structure and	of chemotherapy	Drug book
		manifestations,	characteristics of normal	preparation and	• Counseling,
		staging, diagnostic	and cancer cells	administration,	health teaching
		measures and	• History, physically	• Visit to BMT,	
		management of	assessment, diagnostic	radiotherapy units (linear	
		patients with	tests.	accelerator,	
		different cancer,	• Prevention screening	brachytherapy,	
		treatment	early detections warning	etc.), nuclear	
		modalities	sign of cancer	medicine unit,	
		including newer	Epidemiology, etiology		
		treatments	classification,		
		di Sattificities	Pathophysiology, staging clinical manifestations,		
			diagnosis, treatment		
			modalities and medical		
			and surgical nursing		
			management of		
			Oncological condition		
			• Common malignancies of		
			various body system eye,		
			ear, nose, larynx, breast,		
			cervix, ovary, uterus,		
			sarcoma, renal, bladder, kidney, prostate Brain,		
			Spinal cord.		
			 Oncological emergencies 		
			 Modalities of treatment - 		
			Chemotherapy,		
			Radiotherapy - Radiation		
			safety, AERB		
			regulations, Surgical		
			intervention, Stem cell		
			and bone marrow		
			transplant,		
			Immunotherapy, Gene		
			therapyPsychological aspects of		
			cancer-anxiety,		
			depression, insomnia,		
			anger		
			Palliative care		
			Supportive care		
			Hospice care		
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IX	15(T) 4(L)	Explain the types, policies, guidelines, prevention and management of disaster the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients with acute emergencies	Nursing management of patient in Emergency and Disaster situations Disaster Nursing Concept and principles of disaster nursing, Related Policies Types of disaster; Natural and manmade Disaster preparedness - Team, guidelines, protocols, equipment, resources Etiology, classification, Pathophysiology, staging, clinical manifestation, staging, clinical manifestation, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical and surgical nursing management of patient with medical and surgical emergencies — Poly trauma, Bites, Poisoning and Thermal emergencies Principles of emergency management Medico legal aspects	 Lecture and discussion Demonstration of disaster preparedness (Mock drill) and triaging Filed visit to local disaster management centers or demo by fire extinguishers Group presentation (role play, skit, concept mapping) on different emergency care Refer Trauma care management/ATCN module Guided reading on National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA) 	Case presentations and case study
X	8(T)	Explain the Concept, physiological changes, and psychosocial problems of ageing Describe the nursing management of the elderly	Nursing care of the elderly History and physical assessment Aging process and agerelated body changes and psychosocial aspects Stress and coping in elder patient Psychosocial and sexual abuse of elderly Role of family and formal and non-formal caregivers Use of aids and prosthesis (hearing aids, dentures) Legal and ethical issues National programmes for elderly, privileges, community programs and	 Lecture and discussion Demonstration of communication with visual and hearing impaired Field visit to old age homes 	 OSCE Case presentations Assignment on family systems of India focusing on geriatric population

	<u> </u>		health services		
			Home and institutional		
			care		
XI	12(T) 8(L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients in critical care units	Nursing management of patients in critical Care units Principles of critical care nursing Organization: physical set-up, policies, staffing norms Protocols, equipment, and supplies, Special equipment: ventilators, cardiac monitors, defibrillators, infusion pump, Resuscitation equipment Advanced Cardiac Life support Nursing management of critically ill patient Transitional care Ethical and Legal Aspects Breaking Bad News to Patients and/or their families— Communication with patient and family End of life care	Lecture and discussion Demonstration of ACLS, mechanical ventilators, cardiac monitors Clinical practice in different ICUs	Objective questions and short notes Case presentations Assessment of skill on BLS/ACLS, monitoring of patients in ICU. Written assignment on ethical and legal issues in critical care
XII	5(T)	Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients with occupational/indus trial health disorders	Nursing management of patients occupational and industrial disorders • History, physical examination, Diagnostic tests • Occupational diseases and management	 Lecture and discussion Industrial visit 	Assignment on industrial health hazards

ADULT HEALTH NURSING II - CLINICAL PRACTICUM

CLINICAL PRACTICUM: 6 Credits (480 Hours)

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES

On completion of the clinical practicum, the students will develop proficiency in applying nursing process and critical thinking in rendering holistic nursing care including rehabilitation to the adult / geriatric patients admitted in Critical Care Units, undergoing cosmetic and reconstructive surgery and with selected medical & surgical disorders of ear, nose, throat, eye, Genitourinary, reproductive, immunologic, nervous systems and in emergency / disaster conditions.

The students will be competent to

- 1. Utilize the nursing process in providing care to the sick adults in the hospital
 - a. Perform complete health assessment to establish a data base for providing quality patient care
 - b. Integrate the knowledge of diagnostic tests in patient assignment
 - c. Identify nursing diagnoses and list them according to priority
 - d. Formulate nursing care plan, using problem solving approach
 - e. Apply scientific principles while giving nursing care to patients
 - f. Develop skill in performing nursing procedures applying scientific principle
 - g. Establish /develop interpersonal relationship with patients and family members
 - h. Evaluate the expected outcomes and modify the plan according to the patient needs
- 2. Provide comfort and safety to adult patients in the hospital
- 3. Maintain safe environment for patients during hospitalization
- 4. Explain nursing actions appropriately to the patients and family members
- 5. Ensure patient safety while providing nursing procedures
- 6. Assess the educational needs of the patient and their family related to medical and surgical disorders and provide appropriate health education to patients
- 7. Provide pre, intra and post-operative care to patients undergoing surgery
- 8. Integrate knowledge of pathology, nutrition and pharmacology for patients experiencing selected medical and surgical disorders
- 9. Integrate evidence-based information while giving nursing care to patients
- 10. Demonstrate the awareness of legal and ethical issues in nursing practice

I. Nursing Management of Patients with ENT disorders

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Tracheostomy care
- Instilling Ear and Nasal medications
- Bandage application

B. Clinical postings

Clinical	Duration	Learning	Procedural	Clinical	Assessment
area/unit	in weeks	Outcomes	competencies/Clinical skills	Requirements	methods
ENT Ward & OPD	2	Provide care to patients with ENT disorders Educate the patients and their families	 Examination of ear, nose, throat and History taking Applying bandages to Ear, Nose Tracheostomy care Preparation of patient, assisting and monitoring of patients undergoing diagnostic procedures Auditory screening tests Audiometric tests Preparing the patient and assisting in special procedures like Anterior/posterior nasal packing, Ear Packing and Syringing Preparation and after care of patients undergoing ENT surgical procedures Instillation of drops/medication 	 ENT assessment -1 Case study/Clinical presentation -1 Drug Book 	 Clinical evaluation OSCE Case report study / Clinical presentation Drug Book

II. Nursing Management of Patients with Eye Conditions

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Instilling Eye medications
- Eye irrigation
- Eye bandage

Clinical	Duration	Learning Outcomes	Procedural	Clinical Requirements	Assessment
area/unit	in		competencies/Clinica		methods
	weeks		l skills		
Ophthalmol ogy unit		Develop skill in providing care to patients with Eye disorders	Examination of	 Eye assessment – 1 Health teaching Case study/Clinical Presentation– 1 	Clinical evaluationOSCEClinical presentation

	procedures
Educate the patients and	 Visual acuity
their families	o Fundoscopy,
	retinoscopy,
	ophthalmoscopy,
	tonometry,
	 Refraction tests
	• Pre and post-
	operative care
	• Instillation of
	drops/medication
	Eye irrigation
	Application of eye
	bandage
	Assisting with
	foreign body
	removal

III. Nursing Management of Patients with kidney and urinary system disorders

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Assessment-kidney & urinary system
- Preparation –dialysis
- Catheterization and care

B. Clinical postings

Clinical area/unit	Duration in weeks	Learning Outcomes	Procedural competencies/Clinical skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment methods
Renal ward/ nephrology ward including Dialysis unit	2	Develop skill in Management of patients with urinary, male reproductive problems	 Assessment of kidney and urinary system History taking Physical examination Testicular self-examination digital rectal exam Preparation and assisting with diagnostic and therapeutic procedures Cystoscopy, Cystometrogram, Contrast studies-IVP etc Peritoneal dialysis Hemodialysis, Lithotripsy Specific tests-Semen analysis, gonorreoea test, Renal/ Prostate Biopsy etc 	 Assessment - 1, Drug presentation - 1 Care study/Clinical presentation - 1 Preparing and assisting in hemodialysis 	 Clinical evaluation Care plan OSCE Quiz Drug presentation n

Catheterization -care

Bladder irrigation	
I/O recording and monitoring	
Ambulation and exercise	

IV. Nursing Management of Patients with Burns and Reconstructive Surgery

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Assessment of burns wound
- Wound dressing

B. Clinical Postings

Clinical	Duration	Learning	Procedural	Clinical	Assessmen
area/unit	in	Outcomes	competencies/Clinical	Requirements	t methods
	weeks		skills		
Burns unit/reconstru ctive surgical unit	2	Develop skill in burns assessment and providing care to patients with different types of burns Develop skill in providing care to patients with different types of cosmetic and reconstructive surgeries	 Assessment of burns First aid of burns Fluid & electrolyte replacement therapy Skin care Care of Burn wounds Bathing Dressing Pre-operative and post-operative care of patients Caring of skin graft and post cosmetic surgery Rehabilitation 	 burn wound assessment – 1 care study/case presentation -1 	 Clinical evaluati on, Care study/c ase report

V. Nursing Management of Patients with neurological disorders

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Range of motion exercises
- Muscle strengthening exercises
- Crutch walking

B. Clinical postings

Clinical area/unit	Duration in weeks	Learning Outcomes	Procedural competencies/Clinical skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment methods
Neurology- medical/ Surgery wards	3	Develop skill in Management of patients with Neurological problems	 History taking; Neurological Examination Patient monitoring Prepare and assist for various invasive and non- invasive diagnostic procedures Range of motion exercises, muscle strengthening Care of medical, surgical and rehabilitative patients 	 Neuro-assessment –1 Case study/case presentation- 1 Drug presentation -1 	 Clinical evaluation Neuro assessment OSCE Case report/presentations

VI. Nursing Management of Patients with Immunological Disorders

A. Skill Lab

- Barrier Nursing
- Reverse Barrier Nursing

B. Clinical postings

	Duration in weeks	Learning Outcomes	Procedural competencies/Clinical skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment methods
Isolation ward/Medic al ward	1	Develop skill in the Management of patients with immunologica l disorders	 History taking Immunological status assessment (e.g. HIV) and Interpretation of specific tests Caring of patients with low immunity Practicing of standard safety measures, precautions/ barrier nursing / reverse barrier/isolation skills 	Assessment of immune status	Care noteQuizHealth Teaching

VII. Nursing Management of Patients with disorders of Oncological conditions

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Application of topical medication
- Administration of chemotherapy

B. Clinical postings

Clinical	Duration	Learning	Procedural	Clinical Requirements	Assess
area/unit	in	Outcomes	competencies/Clinical		ment
	weeks		skills		method
	_				S
Oncology wards (including day care radiotherapy unit)	3	Develop skill in providing care to patients with oncological disorders	 History taking & physical examination of cancer patients Screening for common cancers – TNM classification Preparation, assisting and after care patients undergoing diagnostic procedures Biopsies/FNAC Pap smear Bone-marrow aspiration Various modalities of treatment Chemotherapy Radiotherapy Pain management Stoma therapy Immuno therapy Gene therapy Alternative therapy Stoma care and feeding Caring of patients treated with nuclear medicine Rehabilitation 	 Assessment – 1 Care study/clinical presentation -1 Pre and post-operative care of patient with various modes of cancer treatment Teaching on BSE to family members 	 Clinical evaluation Care study Quiz Drug book

VIII. Nursing Management of Patients in emergency conditions

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Assessment –primary and secondary survey
- Trauma care-bandaging, wound care, splinting, positions

B. Clinical postings

Clinical area/unit		Learning Outcomes	Procedural competencies/Clinical skills	Clinical Requirement s	Assessment methods
Emergency	2 week	Develop skill in providing care to patients with emergency health problems	 Practicing 'triage' Primary and secondary survey in emergency Examination, investigations & their interpretations, in emergency & disaster situations Emergency care of medical and traumatic injury patients Documentations, assisting in legal procedures in emergency unit Managing crowd Counseling the patient and family in dealing with grieving & bereavement 	 Triage Immediate care Use of emergenc y trolley 	Clinical evaluationQuiz

IX. Nursing Management of Patients in critical care units

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Assessment critically ill
- ET tube set up –suction
- TT suction
- Ventilator set up
- Chest drainage
- Bag mask ventilation
- Central & Peripheral line
- Pacemaker

B. Clinical postings

Clinical	Duration	Learning	Procedural	Clinical	Assessment
area/unit Critical	in weeks 2 Weeks	Outcomes Develop skill in	 competencies/Clinical skills Assessment of critically ill 	Requirements	• Clinical
Care Unit	2 WCCRS	assessment of critically ill and providing care to patients with critical health conditions	 Assessment of critically in patients Assisting in arterial puncture, ET tube intubation & extubation ABG analysis & interpretation - respiratory acidosis, respiratory alkalosis, metabolic acidosis, metabolic 	 Hemodynamic monitoring Different scales used in ICU Communicating with critically ill patients 	 evaluation OSCE RASS scale assessment Use of VAE bundle VAP, CAUTI, BSI

alkalosis	• Case
Setting up of Ventilator	Presentation
modes and settings and	
care of patient on a	
ventilator	
Set up of trolley with	
instruments	
Monitoring and	
maintenance of Chest	
drainage system	
Bag and mask ventilation	
Assisting and maintenance	
of Central and peripheral	
lines invasive	
Setting up of infusion	
pump, defibrillator,	
Drug administration-	
infusion, intracardic,	
intrathecal, epidural,	
Monitoring pacemaker	
ICU care bundle	
Management of the dying	
patient in the ICU	

X. Nursing Management of Patients with geriatric illness

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

• Use of assistive safety devices

B. Clinical postings

Clinical area/unit	Duration in weeks	Learning Outcomes	Procedural competencies/Clinical	Clinical Requirements	Assessment methods
Geriatric ward	1 week	Develops kill in geriatric assessment and providing care to patients with geriatric illness	• History taking and assessment of Geriatric patient	 Geriatric assessment 1 Care of normal and geriatric patient with illness Fall risk assessment 1 Functional status 	Clinical evaluationCare plan

EDUCATIONAL TECHNOLOGY IN NURSING EDUCATION

PLACEMENT : IV SEMESTER

THEORY: 2 credits (40 hrs)
PRACTICUM: 1 credit (40 hrs)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help the students to develop knowledge, attitude and beginning competencies essential for applying basic principles of teaching and learning among individuals and groups both in educational and clinical settings. It also introduces basics of curriculum planning and organization. It further enables students to participate actively in team and collaborative learning.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be competent to

- 1. Develop basic understanding of theoretical foundations and principles of teaching and learning
- 2. Initiate self- assessment to identify one's own learning styles
- 3. Demonstrate understanding of various teaching styles that can be used, based on the learners' readiness and needs
- 4. Develop understanding of basics of curriculum planning, and organizing
- 5. Analyze and use different teaching methods effectively that are relevant to student population and settings
- 6. Make appropriate decisions in selection of teaching learning activities integrating basic principles
- 7. Utilize active learning strategies that enhance critical thinking, team learning and collaboration
- 8. Engage in team learning and collaboration through inter professional education
- 9. Integrate the principles of teaching and learning in selection and use of educational media/technology
- 10. Apply the principles of assessment in selection and use of assessment and evaluation strategies
- 11. Construct simple assessment tools/tests integrating cognitive, psychomotor and affective domains of learning that can measure knowledge and competence of students
- 12. Develop basic understanding of student guidance through mentoring and academic advising
- 13. Identify difficult situations, crisis and disciplinary/grievance issues experienced by students and provide appropriate counseling
- 14. Engage in ethical practice in educational as well as clinical settings based on values, principles and ethical standards
- 15. Develop basic understanding of evidence-based teaching practices
- 16. Analyze the current health care trends that are applicable to nursing education

COURSE OUTLINE THEORY & PRACTICAL (LAB)

UNIT	IT TIME (Hours)		LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING LEARNING	ASSESSMEN T METHODS
	Т	P			ACTIVITIES	
I	4	2	Explain the definition, aims, types, approaches and scope of educational technology Compare and contrast the various educational philosophies Explain the teaching learning process, nature, characteristics and principles	Introduction and theoretical foundations: Education and educational technology Definition, aims Approaches and scope of educational technology Educational philosophy: Definition of philosophy, education and philosophy Comparison of educational philosophies Philosophy of nursing education Teaching learning process: Definition of teaching & learning Teaching learning as a process Nature and characteristics of teaching Principles of teaching Barriers to teaching Nature and characteristics of learning Characteristics of adult learners Principles of learning Learning theories Barriers to learning	Lecture cum discussion Group exercise: Preparation of comparison table for different educational philosophies	Quiz Assessment of Assignment: Learning theories-analysis of any one
п	5	5	Identify essential qualities/attributes of a teacher Describe the teaching styles of faculty	Assessment and Planning Assessment of teacher Essential qualities of a teacher Teaching styles-Formal authority, demonstrator, facilitator, delegator Assessment of learner	Lecture cum discussion	Short AnswerObjective type

	l	I	Evaloin the determinants of	- Tymos of learners	0.16	
			Explain the determinants of learning and initiates self-assessment to identify own learning style Identify the factors that motivate the learner Define curriculum and classify types Identify the factors influencing curriculum development Develop skill in writing learning outcomes, and lesson plan		Self- assessment exercise: Identify your learning style using any learning style inventory (ex. Kolb's learning style inventory) Lecture cum discussion Individual/gr oup exercise: Writing learning outcomes Preparation of a lesson plan	Assessment of Assignment: • Individual /Group
III	8	15	Explain the principles and strategies of classroom management Describe different methods/ strategies of teaching and develop beginning skill in using various teaching methods	Implementation Teaching in Classroom and Skill lab: Teaching Methods Classroom management-principles and strategies Classroom communication Facilitators and Barriers to classroom communication Information communication technology (ICT)- ICT used in education Teaching methods: Features, advantages and disadvantages Lecture, Group	 Lecture cum Discussion Practice teaching/ Micro teaching Exercise (Peer teaching) Patient 	 Short Answer Objective type Assessment of microteaching

			Explain active learning strategies and participate actively in team and collaborative learning	discussion, microteaching Skill lab- simulations, Demonstration & re demonstration Symposium, panel discussion, seminar, scientific workshop, exhibitions Role play, project Field trips Self-directed learning (SDL) Computer assisted learning SDL) Computer assisted learning Team based learning Problem based learning Problem based learning Peer sharing Case study analysis Journaling Debate Gaming Inter professional education	•	teaching session Construction of game-puzzle Teaching in groups-interdisciplinar y		
IV	3	3	Enumerate the factors influencing selection of clinical learning experiences Compare the advantages of different clinical education models Develop skill in using different clinical teaching strategies	Teaching in the clinical setting: Teaching methods Clinical learning environment Factors influencing selection of clinical learning experiences Models of clinical education-traditional mode, collaborative model, preceptor model, integration of education and practice model, Characteristics of effective clinical teacher Writing clinical learning outcomes/practice competencies Clinical teaching strategies- patient assignment- clinical conference, clinical presentation /bedside clinic, Case study/care	•	Lecture cum discussion Debate: which clinical education model is the best? Writing clinical outcomesassignments in pairs Written assignment on preceptorship	•	Assessment of written assignment

				study, nursing rounds, concept mapping, project, debate, game, role play, clinical simulation, PBL, questioning, written assignment, process recording		
V	5	5	Explain the purpose, principles and steps in the use of media Categorize the different types of media and describe its advantages and disadvantages Develop skill in preparing and using media		Lecture cum discussion Preparation of different teaching aids-(Integrate with practice teaching sessions)	 Short Answer Objective type Assessme nt of the teaching media prepared
				Telecommunication (Distance education) ○ Cable TV, satellite broadcasting,		

		_			T	T
				videoconferencing Telephones- Telehealth/telenursing Mobile technology		
VI	5	3	Describe the purpose, scope, principles in selection of evaluation methods and barriers to evaluation Explain the guidelines to develop assessment tests Develop skill in construction of different tests Identify various clinical evaluation tools and demonstrate skill in selected tests	Telehealth/telenursing	Lecture cum Discussion Exercise on constructing assessment tool/s	 Short Answer Objective type Assessment of tool/s prepared
				 Verbal communication (oral examination) Simulation Objective Structured Clinical Examination (OSCE) Self-evaluation Clinical portfolio, clinical logs Assessment of Attitude: Attitude scales Assessment tests for higher learning- Interpretive questions, hot spot questions, drag and drop and ordered response questions 		

VII	3	3	Explain the scope, purpose and principles of guidance	Guidance/academic advising, counseling and discipline Guidance • Definition, objectives, scope, purpose and principles • Roles of academic advisor/faculty in guidance	•	Lecture cum discussion	
			Differentiate between guidance and counseling Describe the principles, types, and counseling process Develop basic skill of counseling and guidance Recognize the importance of preventive counseling and develop skill to respond to disciplinary problems and grievance among students	 Counseling Difference between guidance and counseling Definition, objectives, scope, principles, types, process and steps of counseling Counseling skills/ techniques-basics Roles of counselor Organization of counseling services Issues for counseling in nursing students Discipline and grievance in students Managing disciplinary/grievance problems-preventive guidance & counseling Role of students' grievance redressal cell/ committee 	•	Role play on student counseling in different situations Assignment on identifying situations requiring counseling	 Assessment of performance in role play scenario Evaluation of assignment
VIII	5	2	Recognize the importance of value- based education Develop skill in ethical decision making and maintain ethical standards for students	Ethics and Evidence Based Teaching (EBT) in nursing education Ethics-Review Definition of terms Value based education in nursing Value development strategies Ethical decision making Ethical standards for students Student-faculty relationship	•	Value clarificatio n exercise Case study analysis (student encountere d scenarios)	 Short answer Evaluation of case study analysis

			Introduce knowledge of EBT and its application in nursing education	 Evidence based teaching-Introduction Evidence based education process and its application to nursing education 	and suggest ethical decision- making steps	
					Lecture cum discussion	Quiz-MCQ
IX	2	2	Orient towards recent trends in nursing education	 Emerging trends in healthcare and nursing education Emerging trends in healthcare in India Trends in nursing education 	Analysis of NHP 2017- to identify policy influencing nursing education and write term paper	• Evaluation of term paper

CHILD HEALTH NURSING I

PLACEMENT: V SEMESTER

THEORY: 2 Credits (80 Hours)

Skill Lab: 1 Credit (40 Hrs) Clinical: 2 Credits (160 Hrs)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed for developing an understanding of the modern approach to child-care, identification, prevention and nursing management of common health problems of neonates and children.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Develop understanding of the history and modern concepts of child health and child- care
- 2. Explore the national child welfare services, national programs and legislation in the light of National Health Policy 2017
- 3. Describe the role of preventive pediatrics and perform preventive measures towards accidents
- 4. Identify the developmental needs of children and provide parental guidance
- 5. Participate in national immunization programs /Universal Immunization program (UIP)
- 6. Demonstrate competencies in newborn assessment, planning and implementation of care to normal and high-risk newborn including neonatal resuscitation
- 7. Apply the principles and strategies of Integrated management of neonatal and childhood illness (IMNCI)
- 8. Apply the knowledge of pathophysiology and provide nursing care to children with common childhood diseases
- 9. Identify and meet childhood emergencies and perform child CPR

COURSE OUTLINE

UNIT NO.	TIME (HRS)	=	CONTENT	TEACHING LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT METHODS
I.	T10 L10	Explain the modern concept of child-care Describe National policy, programs & legislation in relation to child health & welfare	 Introduction: Modern concepts of child-care Historical development of child health Philosophy & Modern concept of child- care Cultural and religious considerations in child-care National policy and legislations in relation to child health and welfare. National programs and 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration of common pediatric procedures 	 Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with checklist

Describe role of preventive pediatrics	 agencies related to welfare services to the children. Internationally accepted rights of the child Changing trends in hospital care, preventive, promotive and curative aspect of child 	
List major causes of death during infancy, early & late childhood Differentiate between an adult and child in terms of illness and	health • Preventive pediatrics: • Concept • Immunization • Immunization programs and cold chain. • Care of under-five and Under-five Clinics / Wellbaby clinics • Preventive measures towards accidents	
Describe the major functions & role of the pediatric nurse in caring for a hospitalized child.	 Child morbidity and mortality rates Difference between an adult and child which affect response to illness Physiological Social Immunological 	
Describe the principles of child health nursing and perform child health nursing procedures	 Hospital environment for sick child Impact of hospitalization on the child and family Communication techniques for children Grief and bereavement The role of a child health nurse in caring for a hospitalized child 	
	 Principles of pre and postoperative care of infants and children. Child Health Nursing procedures: Administration of medication: oral, I/M, & I/V Calculation of fluid requirement 	

	I P40		 Application of restraints Assessment of pain in children. FACES pain rating scale FLACC scale Numerical scale 		GI.
II.	T12	Describe the normal growth and development of children at different ages Identify the needs of children at different ages & provide parental guidance Identify the nutritional needs of children at different ages & ways of meeting needs Identify the role of play for normal & sick children	 The healthy child Definition and principles of growth and development. Factors affecting growth and development. Growth and development from birth to adolescence Growth and developmental theories (Freud, Erickson, Jean Piaget, Kohlberg) The need of normal children through the stages of developmental and parental guidance Nutritional needs of children and infants. breast feeding exclusive breast feeding Supplementary / artificial feeding and weaning Baby friendly hospital concept Types and value of play and 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Developmental study of infant and children Observation study of normal & sick child Field visit to Anganwadi, child guidance clinic Videos on breast feeding Clinical practice/field 	 Short answers Objective type Assessment of field visits and developmental study reports
			Types and value of play and selection of play material		

III.	T15		Nursing care of neonate:	Modular based	• OSCE
	L20	Provide care to normal and high-risk neonates Perform neonatal resuscitation Recognize and manage common neonatal problems	 Appraisal of Newborn Nursing care of a normal newborn / essential newborn care. Neonatal resuscitation Nursing management of low birth weight baby. Kangaroo mother care Nursing management of common neonatal disorder. Hyperbilirubinemia Hypothermia, hyperthermia Metabolic disorder Neonatal infections Neonatal seizures Respiratory distress syndrome Retinopathy of Prematurity Organization of neonatal care unit Neonatal equipment 	teaching: ENBC and FBNC module (oral drills, videos, self - evaluation exercises) Workshop on neonatal resuscitation: NRP module Demonstration Practice Session Clinical practice Lecture Discussion	 Short answers Objective type
IV.	T10 L 05	Apply principles and strategies of IMNCI	Integrated management of neonatal and childhood Illnesses	Modular based teaching: IMNCI module • Clinical practice/field	• OSCE
V.	28	Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestation and nursing management of children with disorders of respiratory, cardiovascular, gastrointestinal, genitourinary, nervous and endocrine system	Nursing management in common childhood diseases. Respiratory system: Identification and Nursing management of congenital malformations Congenital disorders: Tracheoesophageal fistula, Diaphragmatic hernia Others: Acute nasopharyngitis, Tonsillitis, Croup, Bronchitis, Bronchiolitis, Pneumonia, Asthma Cardiovascular system: Identification and Nursing management of congenital malformations Congenital heart diseases:	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practice session Clinical practice 	 Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with checklist

- Cyanotic and Acyanotic (ASD,VSD, PDA,TOF)
 Others: Rheumatic fever
- Others: Rheumatic fever and Rheumatic heart disease, Congestive cardiac failure
- Hematological conditions:
 a) Congenital: Hemophilia,
 Thalassemia.

b) Others: Anemia, Leukemia, Idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura, Hodgkins and non-hodgkins lymphoma

Gastro-intestinal system:

- Identification and Nursing management of congenital malformations.
- Congenital: Cleft lip, Cleft palate, Congenital hypertrophic pyloric stenosis, Hirschsprungs disease (Megacolon), Anorectal malformation, Malabsorption syndrome, Abdominal wall defects, Hernia

Others: Gastroenteritis, Diarrhea, Vomiting, Protein energy malnutrition, Intestinal obstruction, Hepatic diseases, intestinal parasites

Genitourinary urinary system:

- Identification and Nursing management of congenital malformations.
- Congenital: Wilms tumor, Extrophy of bladder, Hypospadiasis, Epispadiasis, Obstructive uropathy
- Others: Nephrotic syndrome, Acute glomerulo nephritis, renal failure

Nervous system:

- Identification and Nursing management of congenital malformations
- a) Congenital: Spinabifida, Hydrocephalous.
- b) Others: Meningitis, Encephalitis, Convulsive

			disorders (convulsions and seizures), Cerebral palsy head injury. Endocrine system: Juvenile Diabetes mellitus, Hypothyroidism		
VI	T5 L5	Develop ability to meet child- hood emergencies and perform child CPR	 Child health emergencies: Accidents -causes and prevention, Poisoning, Foreign bodies, Hemorrhage, Burns and Drowning NALS/PLS/PALS (AHA Guidelines) 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Workshop 	• OSCE

CHILD HEALTH NURSING- I CLINICAL

PLACEMENT: V SEMESTER- 2 credits (160 Hrs)

CLINICAL- 3 Credits (240 Hours) **8 weeks x 30 hours/week (5 weeks + 3 weeks)**

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Perform assessment of children: health, developmental & anthropometric
- 2. Provide nursing care to children with various medical disorders
- 3. Provide pre & postoperative care to children with common pediatric surgical conditions/ malformation
- 4. Perform immunization as per NIS
- 5. Provide nursing care to critically ill children
- 6. Give health education/ nutritional education to parents
- 7. Counsel parents according to identified counseling needs

CLINICAL POSTINGS

Clinical	Duration	Learning	Procedural	Clinical	Assessment
area/unit	(in weeks)	Outcomes	competencies/Clinical skills	Requirements	Methods
Pediatric Medical Ward	V Sem - 2 Weeks	Provide nursing care to children with various medical disorders	 Taking pediatric history Physical examination & assessment of children Administration of oral, I/M, & I/V. medicine/ fluids Calculation of fluid replacement Preparation of different strengths of I/V fluids Baby bath/sponge bath Feeding children by Katori spoon, Paladai cup Teaching mothers/ parents Malnutrition Oral rehydration therapy Feeding & Weaning Immunization schedule Play therapy 	 Nursing care plan- 1 Health talk - 1 	 Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist OSCE/ OSPE Evaluation of case study/ presentation & health education session Completion of activity record.

Clinical area/unit	Duration (in weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural competencies/Clinical skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
Pediatric Surgical Ward	V Sem- 2 Weeks	 Recognize different pediatric surgical conditions/ malformations Provide pre & post operative care to children with common paediatric surgical conditions/ malformation Counsel & educate parents 	 Calculation, preparation & administration of I/V fluids Feeding Naso-gastric Gastrostomy Jejunostomy Care of surgical wounds Dressing Suture removal 	• Case study/ presentation – 1	 Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist OSCE/ OSPE Evaluation of case study/ presentation Completion of activity record.
Pediatric OPD/Im munizati on room	V Sem- 1 Week	 Perform assessment of children: health, developmental & anthropometric Perform immunization Give health education/ nutritional education 	 Assessment of children Health assessment Developmental assessment Anthropometric assessment Nutritional assessment Immunization Health / Nutritional education 	Growth and Developme ntal study: Infant -1 Toddler-1 Preschooler -1 Schooler-1 Adolescent-1	 Assess performance with rating scale Completion of activity record.

Skill Lab

Use of Manikins and Simulators

NALS, PLS/PALS, CPAP, Endotracheal Suction

Pediatric Nursing Procedures:

- Administration of medication-oral, IM & IV
- Oxygen administration
- Application of restraints
- Specimen collection
- Urinary catheterization and drainage
- Ostomy care
- Feeding-NG, gastrostomy, Jejunostomy
- Wound dressing
- Suture removal

INTERNSHIP (INTEGRATED PRACTICE)

CHILD HEALTH NURSING - PRACTICAL

Placement: VIII Semester Time: Internship – 4 weeks

Clinical area/unit	Duration (in weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural competencies/Clinical skills	Assessment methods
Pediatric Medical Ward/ICU	1	Provide Comprehensive care to children with various medical conditions	Integrated Practice	Assess clinical performance with rating scale
Pediatric Surgical Ward/ICU	1	Provide Comprehensive care to children with various surgical conditions	Integrated Practice	Assess clinical performance with rating scale
NICU	2	Provide Intensive care to neonates	Integrated Practice	Assess clinical performance with rating scale

MENTAL HEALTH NURSING I

PLACEMENT: V SEMESTER THEORY: 4 Credits (80 Hours) Clinical: 1 Credit (80 Hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to develop basic understanding of the principles and standards of mental health nursing and skill in application of nursing process in assessment and care of patients with mental health disorders.

COMPETENCIES:

On completion of the course, the students will be competent to

- 1. Trace the historical development of mental health nursing and discuss its scope
- 2. Identify the classification of the mental disorders
- 3. Develop basic understanding of the principles and concepts of mental health nursing
- 4. Apply the INC practice standards for psychiatric mental health nursing in supervised clinical settings
- 5. Conduct mental health assessment
- 6. Identify and maintain therapeutic communication and nurse patient relationship
- 7. Demonstrate knowledge of the various treatment modalities and therapies used in mental disorders
- 8. Apply nursing process in delivering care to patients with mental disorders
- 9. Provide nursing care to patients with schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders based on assessment findings and treatment/therapies used
- 10. Provide nursing care to patients with mood disorders based on assessment findings and treatment/therapies used
- 11. Provide nursing care to patients with neurotic disorders based on assessment findings and treatment/therapies used
- 12. Demonstrate skills in caring for patients with substance use disorders
- 13. Identify the needs of patients with personality and sexual disorders and provide appropriate care
- 14. Provide nursing care to patients with childhood and adolescent disorders based on assessment findings and treatment/therapies used

COURSE OUTLINE

UNIT	TIME (HRS)	LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	ACHING LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT METHODS
I	6 (T)	Describe the historical development & current trends in mental health nursing Discuss the scope of mental health nursing Describe the concept of normal & abnormal behaviour	 Introduction Perspectives of Mental Health and Mental Health Nursing, evolution of mental health services, treatments and nursing practices Mental health team Nature & scope of mental health nursing Role & functions of mental health nurse in various settings and factors affecting the level of nursing practice Concepts of normal and abnormal behaviour 	Lecture cum Discussion	
II	10	Define the various terms used in mental health Nursing Explain the classification of mental disorders Explain the psychodynami cs of maladaptive behaviour Discuss the etiological factors & psychopatholo gy of mental	Principles and Concepts of Mental Health Nursing Definition: mental health nursing and terminology used Classification of mental disorders: ICD & DSM Review of personality development, defense mechanisms Etiology bio-psycho- social factors Psychopathology of mental disorders: review of structure and function of brain, limbic system and abnormal	 Lecture discussion Explain using Charts Review of personality development 	

	T	1	T	
		Explain the principles and standards of Mental health Nursing Describe the conceptual models of mental health nursing	 neurotransmission Principles of Mental health Nursing Ethics and responsibilities Practice Standards for Psychiatric Mental health Nursing (INC standards) Conceptual models and the role of nurse: Existential model Psychoanalytical models Behavioural model Interpersonal model 	
III	6	Describe	Mental Health	Lecture
		nature, purpose and process of assessment of mental health status	Assessment History taking Mental status examination Mini mental status examination Neurological examination Investigations: Related Blood chemistry, EEG, CT & MRI Psychological tests	discussion Demonstrati on Practice session Clinical practice
IV	6	Identify therapeutic communication & techniques Describe therapeutic relationship Describe therapeutic impasses and its interventions	Therapeutic communication and nurse-patient relationship Therapeutic communication: Types, techniques, characteristics and barriers Therapeutic nurse- patient relationship Interpersonal relationship- Elements of nurse patient contract, Review of technique of IPR- Johari	 Lecture discussion Demonstrati on Role play Process recording Simulation (video)

			window • Therapeutic impasse and its management		
V	10	Explain treatment modalities and therapies used in mental disorders and role of the nurse	Treatment modalities and therapies used in mental disorders Physical therapies: Psychopharmacology, Electro Convulsive therapy Psychological Therapies: Psychotherapy, Behaviour therapy, CBT, Psychosocial: Group therapy, Family therapy, Therapeutic Community, Recreational therapy, Art therapy (Dance, Music etc), Occupational therapy Alternative & Complementary: Yoga, meditation, Relaxation Consideration for special populations	 Lecture discussion Demonstrati on Group work Practice session Clinical practice 	 Essay type Short answers Objective type
VI	8	Describe the etiology, psychodynamics/pathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with Schizophrenia, and other psychotic disorders	Nursing management of patient with Schizophrenia, and other psychotic disorders Prevalence and incidence Classification Etiology, psychodynamics, clinical manifestation, diagnostic criteria/formulations Nursing process Nursing Assessment-History, Physical and mental assessment Treatment modalities and	 Lecture discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice 	 Essay type Short Assessment of patient management problems

VIII	8	Describe the etiology, psychodynamics, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with mood disorders	nursing management of patients with Schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders Geriatric considerations and considerations for special populations Follow up and home care and rehabilitation Nursing management of patient with mood disorders Prevalence and incidence Mood disorders: Bipolar affective disorder, mania depression and dysthymia etc. Etiology, psycho dynamics, clinical manifestation, diagnosis Nursing Assessment History, Physical and mental assessment Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with mood disorders Geriatric considerations/consi derations for special populations Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation Nursing management	 Lecture discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice 	 Essay type Short Assessment of patient management problems
		etiology, psycho- dynamics, clinical manifestations, diagnostic	of patient with neurotic, stress related and somatisation disorders • Prevalence and incidence	 discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical 	 Short answers Assessment of patient management problems

	1	.,			
		criteria and management of	• classifications	practice	
		patients with	 Anxiety disorder, Phobias, 		
		neurotic, stress	Disassociative and		
		related and	Conversion disorder		
		somatization	• Etiology,		
		disorders	psychodynamics,		
			clinical		
			manifestation,		
			diagnostic		
			criteria/formulations		
			• Nursing Assessment:		
			History, Physical		
			and mental		
			assessment		
			Treatment		
			modalities and		
			nursing management		
			of patients with		
			neurotic and stress related disorders		
			Geriatric considerations/Consi		
			derations for special		
			populations		
			 Follow-up and home 		
			care and		
			rehabilitation		
IX	6	Describe the	Nursing management	Lecture	Essay type
		etiology,	patients with	discussio	• Short
		psycho-	Substance use	n	answers
		dynamics,	disorders	Case	 Assessment
		clinical	Prevalence and	discussio	of patient
		manifestations,	incidence	n	management
		diagnostic criteria and	Commonly used	• Case	problems
		management of	psychotropic substance:	presentat	
		patients with	classifications,	ion	
		substance use	forms, routes, action,	• Clinical	
		disorders	intoxication and	practice	
			withdrawal		
			Psychodynamics/eti		
			ology of substance		
			use disorder		
			(Terminologies -		
			Substance Use,		
			Abuse, tolerance,		
			Dependence,		
			Withdrawal)		

		_	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
			Diagnostic
			criteria/formulations
			Nursing
			Assessment-History
			(substance history),
			Physical, mental
			assessment and drug
			and drug assay
			Treatment
			(detoxification,
			antabuse and
			narcotic antagonist
			therapy and harm
			reduction, Brief
			interventions, MET,
			refusal skills,
			maintenance
			therapy) and nursing
			management of
			patients with
			substance use
			disorders
			• Special
			considerations for
			Vulnerable
			population
			Follow-up and home care and
			rehabilitation
X	6	D '1	
Λ	6	• Describe	Nursing management • Lecture • Essay type
		the	of patient withdiscussio• ShortPersonality and Sexualnanswers
		etiology,	
		psycho-	- I Issessificat
		dynamics, clinical	
		manifestati	111111111111111111111111111111111111111
		ons,	 Classification of disorders Case problems presentat
		diagnostic	• Etiology, psycho-
		criteria and	pathology, • Clinical
		manageme	characteristics, practice
		nt of	diagnosis
		patients	Nursing
		with	Assessment-History,
		personality,	Physical and mental
		Sexual and	assessment
		Eating	• Treatment
		disorders	modalities and
			nursing management
			of patients with
1			Parrier

YI	8	Describe the	Personality, Sexual and Eating disorders Geriatric considerations Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation	• Looturo	A Figgay type
XI	8	Describe the etiology, psychopathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of childhood and adolescent disorders including mental deficiency	Nursing management of Behavioural & Emotional disorders occurring during childhood and adolescence (Intellectual disability, autism, attention deficit, hyperactive disorder, eating disorder, learning disorder) Prevalence and incidence Classifications Etiology, psychodynamics, Characteristics, diagnostic criteria/formulations Nursing Assessment-History, Physical, mental status examination and IQ assessment Treatment modalities and nursing management of childhood disorders including intellectual disability Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation	 Lecture discussio n Case discussio n Case presentat ion Clinical practice 	 Essay type Short Assessment of patient management problems

NURSING MANAGEMENT AND LEADERSHIP

PLACEMENT: V Semester THEORY: 3credits (60 hours)

2 credits (80 hours)

Lab: 10 hours

Clinical: 70 hours

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable students to acquire knowledge and competencies in areas of administration, and management of nursing services and education. Further prepares the students to develop leadership competencies and perform their role as effective leaders in an organization.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Analyze the health care trends influencing development of nursing services and education in India
- 2. Describe the principles, functions and process of management applied to nursing
- 3. Develop basic understanding and beginning competencies in planning and organizing nursing services in a hospital
- 4. Apply the concept of human resource management and identify the job description for all categories of nursing personnel including in service education
- 5. Discuss the principles and methods of staffing and scheduling in an individual hospital/nursing unit
- 6. Develop skill in management of materials and supplies including inventory control
- 7. Develop team working and inter professional collaboration competencies
- 8. Identify effective leadership styles and develop leadership competencies
- 9. Utilize the knowledge of principles and line of control and participate in quality management and evaluation activities
- 10. Utilize the knowledge related to financial planning in nursing services and education during budgetary process
- 11. Apply the knowledge of nursing informatics in maintenance of records and reports relevant to patient information, nursing care and progress
- 12. Demonstrate understanding of the INC guidelines for establishment and accreditation of educational institutions in terms of faculty norms, physical infrastructure and clinical facilities
- 13. Demonstrate beginning competencies in planning, organizing and staffing at college including implementation and evaluation of curriculum
- 14. Identify the legal issues and laws relevant to nursing practice and education
- 15. Apply the knowledge and utilize the various opportunities for professional advancement

COURSE OUTLINE

THEORY: 60 Hours (3 Credits)

		ME	LEARNING	CONTENT	TEACHING/	ASSESSMENT
UNIT	T	urs) P	OUTCOMES		LEARNING ACTIVITIES	METHODS
I	1		Explore the health care, development of nursing services and education in India and trends	Health care and development of nursing services in India Current health care delivery system of India-review Planning and development of nursing services and education at global and national scenario Recent trends and issues of nursing service and management	 Lecture cum discussion Directed reading and written assignment 	 Short answer type Assessment of assignment
II	2		Explain the principles and functions of management applied to nursing Describe the introductory concepts of management as a process	Management basics applied to Nursing Definitions, concepts and theories of management Importance, features and levels of management Management and administration Functions of management Principles of management Role of a nurse as a manager Introduction to Management process Planning Organizing Staffing Directing/Leading Controllin	• Lecture & Discussion	• MCQ • Short answer type

				MANAGEMENT OF NURSING SERVICES		
Ш	4		Describe the essential elements of planning	 Planning nursing services Vision, Mission, philosophy, objectives Nursing service policies, procedures and manuals Functional and operational planning Strategic planning Program planning: Gantt chart & milestone chart Budgeting- concepts, principles, types, Budget proposal, cost benefit analysis Planning hospital and patient care unit (Ward) Planning for emergency and disaster 	 Lecture & Discussion Visit to specific hospital/ patient care units Demonstration of disaster drill in the respective setting 	 Formulate Mission & Vision Statement for the nursing department/ unit Assessment of problem- solving exercises Visit Report
IV	4	2	Discuss the concepts of organizing including hospital organization	 Organizing Organizing as a process-assignment, delegation and coordination Hospital –types, functions & organization Organizational development Organizational structure Organizational charts Organizational effectiveness Hospital administration, Control & line of authority Hospital statistics including hospital utilization indices Nursing care delivery systems and trends Role of nurse in maintenance of effective organizational climate 	 Lecture cum discussion Comparison of organizational structure of various organizations Nursing care delivery systems – assignment Preparation of Organizational chart of hospital/Nursing services 	 Short answer Assessment of assignment
V	8	2	Identify the significance of human resource management (HRM) and material	Staffing (Human resource management) • Definition, objectives, components and functions Staffing & Scheduling • Staffing-Philosophy,	• Lecture & Discussion, role play	• Formulate Job description at different levels of care &

Explain the procedural steps of material management Develop managerial skill in inventory control and actively participate in procurement process	staffing activities Recruiting, selecting, deployment Training, development, credentialing, retaining, promoting, transfer, terminating, superannuation Staffing units- Projecting staffing requirements / calculation of requirements of staff resources Nurse patient ratio, Nurse Population ratio as per SIU norms/IPH Norms, and Patient classification system Categories of nursing personnel including job description of all levels Assignment and nursing care responsibilities Turnover and absenteeism Staff welfare Discipline and grievances In-service education Nature and scope of inservice education program Principles of adult learning-review Planning and organizing inservice educational program Methods, techniques and evaluation Preparation of report Material resource management Procurement, purchasing process, inventory control & role of nurse Auditing and maintenance in hospital and patient care unit	 Games self-assessment, Case discussion and practice session Calculation of staffing requirements for a specified ward 	 compare with existing system Preparation of duty roster Preparation of MMF/records Preparation of log book & condemnation documents Visit Report
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VI	5	6	Describe the important methods of supervision and guidance	 Directing and leading Definition, principles, elements of directing Supervision and guidance Participatory management Inter professional collaboration Management by objectives Team management Assignments, rotations Maintenance of discipline Leadership in management 	 Lecture & Discussion Demonstration of record & report maintenance in specific wards/ departments 	Assignment on Reports & Records maintained in nursing department/ Preparation of protocols and manuals
VII	4		Discuss the significance and changing trends of nursing leadership Analyze the different leadership styles and develop leadership competencies	 Leadership Definition, concepts, and theories Leadership principles and competencies Leadership styles-Situational leadership, Transformational leadership Methods of leadership development Mentorship/ preceptorship in nursing Delegation, power & politics, empowerment, mentoring and coaching Decision making and problem solving Conflict management and negotiation Implementing planned change 	 Lecture cum discussion Self-assessment Report on types of leadership adopted at different levels of health care in the given setting Problem solving/ Conflict management exercise Observation of managerial roles at different levels (middle level mangers-ward incharge, ANS) 	 Short answer Essay Assessment of exercise/report
VIII	3		Explain the process of controlling and its activities	 Controlling Implementing standards, policies, procedures, protocols and practices Nursing performance audit, patient satisfaction Nursing rounds, Documentation-records and reports Total quality management-Quality assurance, Quality and safety Performance appraisal 	Lecture cum discussion Preparation of policies/protocols for nursing units/department	Assessment of prepared protocols

			 Program evaluation review technique (PERT) Bench marking, Activity plan (Gantt chart) Critical path analysis 		
IX	3	Explain the concepts of organizational behavior and group dynamics	Organizational behavior and human relations Concepts and theories of organizational behavior Group dynamics Review: Interpersonal relationship Human relations Public relations in the context of nursing Relations with professional associations and employee unions Collective bargaining Review: Motivation and morale building Communication in the workplace-assertive communication Committees- importance in the organization, functioning	Lecture & Discussion Role play/exercise-Group dynamics & human relations	• Short answer • OSCE
X	2	Describe the financial management related to nursing services	Financial management Definition, objectives, elements, functions, principles & scope of financial management Financial planning (budgeting for nursing department) Proposal, projecting requirement for staff, equipment and supplies for: Hospital & patient care units & emergency and disaster units Budget and Budgetary process Financial audit	 Lecture cum discussion Budget proposal review Preparation of budget proposal for a specific department 	 Short answer type Essay Assessment of assignment

XI	1	Review the concepts, principles and methods and use of nursing informatics	Nursing informatics/Information management -Review Patient records Nursing records Use of computers in hospital, college and community Telemedicine & Tele nursing Electronic Medical Records (EMR), EHR	 Review Practice session Visit to departments 	• Short answer type
XII	1	Review personal management in terms of management of emotions, stress and resilience	Personal Management-review	ReviewDiscussion	
XIII	4	Describe the process of establishing educational institutions and its accreditation guidelines	Establishment of nursing educational institutions Indian Nursing Council norms and guidelines-Faculty norms, physical facilities, clinical facilities, curriculum implementation, and evaluation/examination guidelines Coordination with regulatory bodies- INC and State Nursing Council Accreditation-Inspections Affiliation with university/State council/board of examinations	 Lecture & discussion Visit to one of the regulatory bodies 	• Visit report
XIV	4	planning and organizing	Planning and organizing	 Directed reading-INC Curriculum Preparation of organizational structure of the college Written assignment-writing philosophy of a teaching department Preparation of master plan, time 	 Short answer Essay Assessment of assignment

			staff, equipment & supplies, AV aids, Lab equipment, library books, journals, computers and maintenance Infrastructure facilities- college, classrooms, hostel, library, labs, computer lab, transport facilities Records & reports for students, staff, faculty and administrative Committees and functioning Clinical experiences	table and clinical rotation	
XV	4	Develop understanding of staffing the college and selecting the students	recruitment and placement, job description	 Guided reading on faculty norms Faculty welfare activities report Writing job description of tutors 	 Short answer Activity report Assessment of job description
XVI	4	Analyze the leadership and management activities in an educational organization	 Directing and controlling Review: Curriculum implementation and evaluation Leadership and motivation, supervision-review Guidance and counseling Quality management-educational audit Program evaluation, evaluation of performance Maintaining discipline Institutional records and reports- administrative, faculty, staff and students 	 Review principles of evaluation Assignment- Identify disciplinary problems among students Writing student record 	 Short answer Assessment of assignment and record
XVII	4	Identify various legal issues and laws relevant to nursing practice		es nal nurse	

		opportunities for professional advancement	 Career opportunities Membership with professional organizations-national and international Participation in research activities Publications-journals, newspaper 	available in India • Write an article-research/clin ical	of assignments
XVIII 2	<i>.</i>	Explain various	Professional advancementContinuing Nursing Education	Prepare journal list	• Assessment
			 Regulatory bodies –INC and SNC constitution and functions Review: Professional ethics Code of ethics and professional conduct-INC & ICN Practice standards for nursing-INC International Council for Nurses (ICN) Legal aspects in nursing: Consumer protection act, patient rights Legal terms related to practice, legal system-types of law, tort law & liabilities Laws related to nursing practice-negligence, malpractice, breach, penalties, Invasion of privacy, defamation of character Nursing regulatory mechanisms-registration, licensure, renewal, accreditation, nurse practice act, regulation for nurse practicioner/specialist nursing practice 		

80 hrs (Lab-10 and clinical-70 hrs)

Practice competencies:

Hospital

- 1. Prepare organizational chart of hospital/ Nursing services/nursing department
- 2. Calculate staffing requirements for a particular nursing unit/ward
- 3. Formulate Job description at different levels of care
- 4. Prepare duty roster for staff/ students at different levels
- 5. Participate in procuring/purchase of equipment & supplies
- 6. Prepare log book/MMF for specific equipment/ materials
- 7. Maintain and store inventory and keep daily records
- 8. Prepare and maintain various records & reports of the settings-incident reports/adverse reports/audit reports
- 9. Prepare and implement protocols & manuals
- 10. Participate in supervision, evaluation and conducting in service education for the staff

College & Hostel

- 1. Prepare organizational chart of college
- 2. Formulate job description for tutors
- 3. Prepare Master plan, time table and clinical rotation
- 4. Prepare student anecdotes
- 5. Participate in planning, conducting and evaluation of clinical teaching
- 6. Participate in evaluation of students' clinical experience
- 7. Participate in planning and conducting practical examination OSCE-end of posting

NURSING RESEARCH AND STATISTICS

PLACEMENT: V SEMESTER THEORY - 2 Credits (40 Hours)

1 Credits (80 Hours) Lab: 30hrs Clinical project-50hrs

DESCRIPTION: The Course is designed to enable students to develop an understanding of basic concepts of research, research process and statistics. It is further, structured to conduct/participate in need-based research studies in various settings and utilize the research findings to provide quality nursing care. The hours for practical will be utilized for conducting individual/group research project.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, students will be competent to

- 1. Identify research priority areas
- 2. Formulate research questions/problem statement/hypotheses
- 3. Review related literature on selected research problem and prepare annotated bibliography
- 4. Prepare sample data collection tool
- 5. Analyze and interpret the given data
- 6. Practice computing, descriptive statistics and correlation
- 7. Draw figures and types of graphs on given select data
- 8. Develop a research proposal
- 9. Plan and conduct a group/individual research project

UNIT	TIME (HRS)		LEARNING OUTCOMS	CONTENT	TEACHING/ LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT METHODS
I	T		Describe the concept of research, terms, need and areas of research in nursing Explain the steps of research process	Research and research Process Introduction and needfor nursing research Definition of Research & nursing research Steps of scientific method Characteristics of	 Lecture Discussion Narrate steps of research process followed from examples of published studies Identify research priorities on a given area/specialty List examples of Evidence Based Practice 	Short answerObjective type
II	2	6	State the purposes and steps of Evidence Based Practice Identify and state the research problem and objectives	Steps of Research process-overview Evidence Based Practice: Concept, Meaning, Purposes, Steps of EBP Process and Barriers Research Problem/Question Identification of problem area Problem statement Criteria of a good research problem. Writing objectives an hypotheses	Lecture Discussion Exercise on writing statement of problem and objectives	Short answer Objective type Formulatio n of research questions/o bjectives/hy pothesis
III	2	6	Review the related literature	Review of Literature Location Sources On line search; CINHAL, COCHRANE etc Purposes Method of review	 Lecture cum Discussion Exercise on reviewing one research report/article for a selected research problem. Prepare annotated Bibliography 	 Short answer Objective type Assessment of review of literature on given topic presented

IV	4		Describe the Research approaches and designs	Research approaches and designs • Historical, survey and experimental • Qualitative and Quantitative designs	Lecture Discussion Identify types of research approaches used from examples of published and unpublished research Studies with rationale	Short answerObjective type
V	6	4	Explain the Sampling process Describe the methods of data collection	Sampling and data Collection Definition of Population, Sample, Sampling criteria, factors influencing sampling process, types of sampling techniques. Data- why, what, from whom, when and where to collect. Data collection methods and instruments- Methods of data collection Questioning, interviewing Observations, record analysis and measurement Types of instruments, Validity & Reliability of the Instrument Research ethics Pilot study Data collection procedure	 Lecture Discussion Reading assignment on examples of data collection tools Preparation of sample data collection tool Conduct group research project 	Short answer /Objective type Developing questionnaire/ Interview Schedule/ Checklist
VI	4	4	Analyze, Interpret and summarize the research data	Analysis of data: • Compilation, Tabulation, classification, summarization, presentation, interpretation of data	 Lecture Discussion Preparation of sample tables. 	 Short answer Objective type Analyze and interpret given data

VII	12	Explain the use of statistics, scales of measurement and graphical presentation of data. Describe the measures of central tendency and variability and methods of Correlation.	 Introduction to statistics Definition, use of statistics, scales of measurement. Frequency distribution and graphical presentation of data Mean, Median, Mode, Standard deviation Normal Probability and tests of significance Co-efficient of correlation Statistical packages and its application 	 Lecture Discussion Practice on graphical presentations Practice on computation of measures of central tendency, variability & correlation 	 Short answer Objective type Computatio n of descriptive statistics
VIII	4	Communicate and utilize the research findings.	Communication and utilization of Research Communication of research findings Verbal report Writing research report Writing scientific article/paper Critical review of published research including publication ethics Utilization of research findings Conducting group research project	Lecture Discussion Read/Presentations of asample published/unpublished research report Plan, conduct and Write individual/group research project	 Short answer Objective type Oral Presentation Development of research proposal Assessment of research Project.

HEALTH AND NURSING INFORMATICS AND TECHNOLOGY

PLACEMENT: V SEMESTER THEORY: 1.5 Credits (30 Hours)

PRACTICAL: Lab- 0.5 Credit (20 Hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to equip novice nursing students with knowledge and skills necessary to deliver efficient informatics- led health care services.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Develop a basic understanding of computer application in patient care and nursing practice
- 2. Apply the knowledge of computer and information technology in patient care and nursing education, practice, administration and research
- 3. Describe the principles of health informatics and its use in developing superior healthcare
- 4. Demonstrate the use of information system in healthcare for patient care and utilization of nursing data
- 5. Demonstrate the knowledge of using EHR system in clinical practice
- 6. Apply the knowledge of interoperability standards in clinical setting
- 7. Apply the knowledge of information and communication technology in public health promotion
- 8. Utilize the functionalities of NIS system in nursing
- 9. Demonstrate the skills of using data in management of health care
- 10. Apply the knowledge of the principles of digital ethical and legal issues in clinical practice
- 11. Utilize evidence-based practices in informatics and technology for providing quality patient care
- 12. Update and utilize evidence-based practices in nursing education, administration, and practice.

COURSE OUTLINE

UNIT	TIME (Hrs)		LEARNING CONTENT OUTCOMES		TEACHING LEARNING	ASSESSMENT METHODS
	T	P			ACTIVITIES	
I	10	10	Describe the importance computer and technology in patient care and nursing practice	Introduction to computer applications for patient care delivery system and nursing practice • Use of computers in teaching, learning, research and nursing practice	 Lecture Discussion Practice session Supervised clinical practice on EHR use Participate in data analysis using statistical package with statistician 	• Short answers

,	2		advantages and	Risk	•	Discussion	• Essay
IV	2	2	Explain the use of electronic health records in nursing practice Describe the latest trend in electronic health records standards and interoperability Describe the	 Shared Care & Electronic Health Records Challenges of capturing rich patient histories in a computable form Latest global developments and standards to enable lifelong electronic health records to be integrated from disparate systems. Patient Safety & Clinical 	•	Lecture Discussion Practice on Simulated EHR system Practical session Visit to health informatics department of a hospital to understand the use of EHR in nursing practice Prepare a report on current EHR standards in Indian setting Lecture	 (T) Essay Short answers Objective type (P) Assessment of skills using checklist
III	2	2	Describe the concepts of information system in health Demonstrate the use of health information system in hospital setting	Information Systems in Healthcare Introduction to the role and architecture of information systems in modern healthcare environments Clinical Information System (CIS)/Hospital information System (HIS)	•	Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practical session Work in groups with nurse leaders to understand the hospital information system	 (T) Essay Short answers Objective type
II	3	2	Demonstrate the use of computer and technology in patient care, nursing education, practice, administration and research. Describe the principles of health informatics Explain the ways data, knowledge and information can be used for effective healthcare	Word, Excel, Power Point Internet Literature search Statistical packages Hospital management information system Principles of Health Informatics Health informatics-needs, objectives and limitations Use of data, information and knowledge for more effective healthcare and better health	•	with different hospital management systems Lecture Discussion Practical session Work in groups with health informatics team in a hospital to extract nursing data and prepare a report	 (P) Assessment of skills using checklist (T) Essay Short answers Objective type Assessment of report
			Demonstrate the	 Windows, MS office: Word, Excel, Power 	•	Visit to hospitals with different	

			limitations of health informatics in maintaining patient safety and risk management	 Relationship between patient safety and informatics Function and application of the risk management process 			•	Short answers Objective type
VI	2	2	Explain the importance of knowledge management Describe the standardized languages used in health informatics	 Clinical Knowledge & Decision Making Role of knowledge management in improving decision-making in both the clinical and policy contexts Systematized Nomenclature of Medicine, Clinical Terms, SNOMED CT to ICD-10-CM Map, standardized nursing terminologies (NANDA, NOC), Omaha system. 	•	Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practical session Work in groups to prepare a report on standardized languages used in health informatics. Visit health informatics department to understand the standardized languages used in hospital setting	(T) •	Essay Short answers Objective type
VII	2		Explain the use of information and communication technology in patient care Explain the application of public health informatics	 eHealth: Patients and the Internet Use of information and communication technology to improve or enable personal and public healthcare Introduction to public health informatics and role of nurses 	•	Lecture Discussion Demonstration	•	Essay Short answers Objective type Practical exam
VIII	3	2	Describe the functions of nursing information system Explain the use of healthcare data in management of health care organization	Using Information in Healthcare Management Components of Nursing Information system(NIS) Evaluation, analysis and presentation of healthcare data to inform decisions in the management of healthcare organizations	•	Lecture Discussion Demonstration on simulated NIS software Visit to health informatics department of the hospital to understand use of healthcare data in decision making	(T) •	Essay Short answers Objective type
IX	2		Describe the ethical and legal issues in healthcare informatics	Information Law & Governance in Clinical Practice • Ethical-legal issues	•	Lecture Discussion Case discussion/role	(T) •	Essay Short answers

		Explains the ethical and legal issues related to nursing informatics	pertaining to healthcare information in contemporary clinical practice • Ethical- legal issues related to digital health applied to nursing	play	Objective type(P)OSCE
X	2	Explain the relevance of evidence-based practices in providing quality healthcare	Healthcare Quality & Evidence Based Practice • Use of scientific evidence in improving the quality of healthcare and technical and professional informatics standards	Lecture DiscussionCase study	 (T) Essay Short answers Objective type

SKILLS

- Utilize computer in improving various aspects of nursing practice
- Use technology in patient care and professional advancement
- Use data in professional development and efficient patient care
- Use information system in providing quality patient care.
- Use the information system to extract nursing data
- Conducting literature review

INTRODUCTION TO FORENSIC NURSING AND INDIAN LAWS

PLACEMENT: V SEMESTER THEORY: 1 Credit (20

Hours)

DESCRIPTION

This course is designed to help students to know the importance of forensic science in Total patient care and to recognize forensic nursing as a specialty discipline in Professional nursing practice.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Identify forensic nursing as an emerging specialty in healthcare and nursing practice
- 2. Explore the history and scope of forensic nursing practice
- 3. Identify forensic team, role and responsibilities of forensic nurse in total care of victim of violence and in preservation of evidence
- 4. Develop basic understanding of the Indian judicial system and legal procedure

COURSE OUTLINE

			COLUMNIA		4 GGTGG3 573 773
UNIT	TIME	LEARNING	CONTENT	TEACHING/	ASSESSMENT
	(Hrs)	OUTCOMES		LEARNING	METHODS
				ACTIVITES	
I	3	Describe the nature of forensic science and discus issues concerning violence	 Forensic science Definition History Importance in medical science Forensic science laboratory Violence Definition Epidemiology Source of data Sexual abuse-child and women 	 Lecture cum discussion Visit to regional/state forensic science laboratory 	Quiz-MCQWrite visit report

I	2	Explain concepts	Forensic nursing	•	Lecture cum	Short answer
		of forensic nursing	Definition		discussion	Objective type
		and scope of	History and			
		practice for	development			
		forensic nurse	• Scope - setting of			
			practice, areas of			
			practice and			
			subspecialties			
			• Ethical issues			
			Roles and			
			responsibilities of nurse			
			• INC & SNC Acts			
III	7	Identify members	Forensic team	•	Lecture cum	
		of forensic team	 Members and their 		Discussion	
		and describe role	roles			 Objective type
		of forensic nurse	Comprehensive forensic			 Short answer
			nursing care of victim			
			and family	•	Hypothetical/real	
			 Physical aspects 		case presentation	
			 Psychosocial aspects 			
			 Cultural and spiritual 			
			aspects			
			 Legal aspects 			
			• Assist forensic team in			
			care beyond scope of			
			her practice			
			Admission and	•	Observation of post-	
			discharge/referral/death		mortem	
			of victim of violence			
			• Responsibilities of			
			nurse as a witness			
			Evidence preservation-			
			role of nurses			
			• Observation	•	Visit to department	Write report
			• Recognition		of forensic medicine	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
			• Collection			
			• Preservation			
			Documentation of			
			Biological and other			
			evidence related to			
			criminal/traumatic			
			event			
			Forwarding biological samples for forensia			
			samples for forensic examination			
			examination			

IV	3	Describe fundamental rights and human rights commission	Introduction of Indian constitution Fundamental rights Rights of victim Rights of accused Human rights commission	 Lecture cum discussion Written Assignment Visit to prison 	 Short answer Assessment of written assignment Write visit report
V	5	Explain Indian judicial system and laws	Sources of laws and law- making powers Overview of Indian judicial system JFMC District State Apex Civil and criminal case procedures IPC ICPC ICPC	 Lecture cum discussion Guided reading 	QuizShort answer
		Discuss the importance of POSCO Act	Overview of POSCO Act	Lecture cum discussion	

CHILD HEALTH NURSING II

PLACEMENT: VI SEMESTER

THEORY: 20 Hours Clinical: 80 Hours

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed for developing an understanding of the modern approach to child-care, identification, prevention and nursing management of common health problems of neonates and children.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Apply the knowledge of pathophysiology and provide nursing care to children with orthopedic disorders, eye, ear and skin disorders and communicable diseases
- 2. Provide care to children with common behavioural, social and psychiatric problems
- 3. Manage challenged children
- 4. Identify the social and welfare services for challenged children

COURSE OUTLINE

UNIT	TIME	LEARNING	CONTENT	TEACHING	ASSESSMENT
NO.	(HRS)	OUTCOMES		LEARNING ACTIVITIES	METHODS
VII	T110	Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestation and nursing management of children with Orthopedic disorders, eye, ear and skin disorders	Orthopedic disorders:	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practice session Clinical practice 	 Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with checklist
		Explain the preventive measures and strategies for children with communicable diseases	Communicable diseases in children, their identification/diagnosis, nursing management in hospital, in home, control & prevention: • Tuberculosis • Diphtheria • Tetanus • Pertussis • Poliomyelitis • Measles		

UNIT NO.	TIME (HRS)	LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING LEARNING	ASSESSMENT METHODS
110.	(IIII)	OUTCOMES		ACTIVITIES	WETHODS
VIII	T 10	Describe the management of children with	 Mumps, and Chickenpox HIV/AIDS Dengue fever Management of behavior and social problems in children.	Lecture Discussion Field visits to	Short answersObjective typeAssessment of
		behavioral & social problems Identify the social & welfare services for challenged children	 Child Guidance clinic Common behavior disorders in children and management Enuresis and Encopresis Nervousness Nail biting Thumb sucking Temper tantrum Stealing Aggressiveness Juvenile delinquency School phobia Learning disability Psychiatric disorders in children and management Childhood schizophrenia Childhood depression Conversion reaction Posttraumatic stress disorder Autistic spectrum disorders Eating disorder in children and management Obesity Anorexia nervosa Bulimia Management of challenged children. Mentally Physically Socially Child abuse, substance abuse Welfare services for challenged children in 	child guidance clinics, school for mentally & physically, socially challenged	field reports

UNIT	TIME	LEARNING	CONTENT	TEACHING	ASSESSMENT
NO.	(HRS)	OUTCOMES		LEARNING	METHODS
				ACTIVITIES	
			India		

CHILD HEALTH NURSING II

PLACEMENT: VI SEMESTER 1 Credit (80 Hrs)

THEORY: 20 Hours Clinical: 80 Hours

Pediatric Medical Ward	VI Sem- 1 Week	Counsel & educate parents	 Application of restraints Administration of O₂ inhalation by different methods Collection of specimens for common investigations Assisting with common diagnostic procedures 	• Case study/ presentation – 1	 Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist OSCE/OSPE Evaluation of case study/presentation & health education session Completion of activity record.
Pediatric Surgical Ward	VI Sem- 1 Weeks	 Recognize different pediatric surgical conditions/ malformations Provide pre & post operative 	 Bowel wash, insertion of suppositories Care for ostomies: Colostomy Irrigation Ureterostomy Gastrostomy Enterostomy Urinary catheterization & 	• Nursing care plan- 1	 Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist OSCE/

		care to children with common paediatric surgical conditions/ malformation • Counsel & educate parents	drainage		OSPE Evaluation of case study/ presentation Completion of activity record.
NICU & PICU	VI Sem-1 Week	Provide nursing care to critically ill children	 Care of a baby in incubator / warmer Care of a child on ventilator, CPAP Endotracheal Suction Chest Physiotherapy Administration of fluids with infusion pumps Total Parenteral Nutrition Phototherapy Monitoring of babies Recording & reporting Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation (NALS,PLS,PALS) 	 Newborn assessment-1 Nursing Care Plan-1 	 Assess performance with rating scale Evaluation of observation report Completion of activity record.

MENTAL HEALTH NURSING II

PLACEMENT: VI SEMESTER TEORY: 1credit (20 Hours)

PRACTICAL:

Clinical: 2 Credits (160 Hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to provide the students with basic understanding and skills essential to meet psychiatric emergencies and perform the role of community mental health nurse.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Apply nursing process in providing care to patients with organic brain disorders
- 2. Identify and respond to psychiatric emergencies
- 3. Carry out crisis interventions during emergencies under supervision
- 4. Perform admission and discharge procedures as per MHCA 2017
- 5. Explore the roles and responsibilities of community mental health nurse in delivering community mental health services

UNIT	TIME (HRS)	LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT METHODS
XII	5	Describe the etiology, psychopathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of organic brain disorders.	Nursing management of organic brain disorders (Delirium, Dementia, amnestic disorders) • Prevalence and incidence • Classificatio n • Etiology, psycho- pathology, clinical features, diagnosis and Differential diagnosis • Nursing Assessment- History,	 Lecture discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice 	 Essay type Short answers Assessment of patient management problems

			Physical, mental and neurological assessment Treatment modalities and nursing management of organic brain disorders Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation		
XIII	6	• Identify psychiatric emergencies and carry out crisis intervention	Psychiatric emergencies and crisis intervention Types of psychiatric emergencies (Attempted suicide, violence/aggressi on, stupor, delirium tremens and other psychiatric emergencies) and their managements Maladaptive behaviour of individual and groups, stress, crisis and disaster(s) Types of crisis Crisis intervention: Principles, Techniques and Process -Stress reduction interventions as per stress adaptation model -Coping enhancement -Techniques of counseling	 Lecture discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice 	• Short answers • Objective type

XIV	4	Explain legal aspects applied in mental health settings and role of the nurse	Legal issues in Mental Health Nursing Overview of Indian Lunacy Act and The Mental Health Act 1987 (Protection of Children from Sexual Offence) POSCO Act Mental Health Care Act (MHCA) 2017 Rights of mentally ill clients Forensic psychiatry Acts related to narcotic and psychotropic substances and illegal drug trafficking Admission and discharge procedures as per MHCA 2017 Role and responsibilities of nurses in implementing MHCA 2017	•	Lecture discussion Case discussion	• Short answers • Objective type
XV	5	 Describe the model of preventive psychiatry Describes Community Mental health services and role of the nurse 	Community Mental Health Nursing	•	Lecture discussion Clinical/fiel d practice Field visits to mental health service agencies	 Short answers Objective type Assessment of the field visit reports

Institutionali
zation Versus
Deinstitutionaliz
ation
Model of
Preventive
psychiatry
• Mental
Health Services
available at the
primary,
secondary,
tertiary levels
including
rehabilitation
and nurses'
responsibilities
Mental
Health Agencies:
Government and
voluntary,
National and
International
Mental
health nursing
issues for special
populations:
Children,
Adolescene,
Women Elderly,
Victims of
violence and
abuse,
Handicapped,
HIV/AIDS etc.

CLINICAL - MENTAL HEALTH NURSING - II

SEMESTER V & VI

MENTAL HEALTH NURSING I & II-PRACTICAL: 3 Credits (240 Hours) - 35 hrs 7 weeks

(MENTAL HEALTH NURSING I – 2 Credits (160 Hours) & MENTAL HEALTH NURSING II – 1 Credit (80 Hours)

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES:

On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Assess patients with mental health problems/disorders
- 2. Observe and assist in various treatment modalities or therapies
- 3. Counsel and educate patients and families
- 4. Perform individual and group psycho-education
- 5. Provide nursing care to patients with mental health problems/disorders
- 6. Motivate patients in the community for early treatment and follow up
- 7. Observe the assessment and care of patients with substance abuse disorders in dead diction centre

CLINICAL POSTINGS

Areas	Duration (in weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Skills/Procedural competencies	Clinical requirements	Assessments Methods
Psychiatric OPD	1	 Assess patients with mental health problems Observe and assist in therapies Counsel and educate patients, and families 	 History taking Perform mental status examination (MSE) Observe/practice Psychometric assessment Perform Neurological examination Observing and assisting in therapies Individual and group psychoeducation Mental hygiene practice 	 History taking and Mental status examination-2 Health education-1 Observation report of OPD 	 Assess performance with rating scale Assesss each skill with checklist Evaluatio n of health education Assessme nt of observation report Completi on of activity

			education Family psycho- education		record
Child Guidance clinic	1	 Assessment of children with various mental health problems Counsel and educate children, families and significant others 	 History & mental status examination Observe/practice psychometric assessment Observe and assist in various therapies Parental teaching for child with mental deficiency 	 Case work- Observation report of different therapies-1 	 Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist Evaluation of the observation report
Inpatient ward	4	 Assess patients with mental health problems To provide nursing care for patients with various mental health problems Assist in various therapies Counsel and educate patients, families and significant others 	 History taking Mental status examination (MSE) Neurological examination Assisting in psychometric assessment Recording therapeutic communication Administration of medications Assist Electroconvulsive Therapy (ECT) Participating in all therapies Preparing patients for Activities of Daily living (ADL) Conducting admission and discharge counselling Counseling and teaching patients and families 	 Give care to 2-3 patients with various mental disorders Case study-1 Care plan- 2 Clinical presentation1 Process recording 2 Maintain drug book 	 Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist Evaluation of the case study, care plan, clinical presentation, process recording Completion of activity record

Community psychiatry & Deaddiction centre	1	 To identify patients with various mental disorders To motivate patients for early treatment and follow up To assist in follow up clinic Counsel and educate patient, family and community Observe the assessment and care of patients at deaddiction 	 Conduct home visit and case work Identifying individuals with mental health problems Assisting in organizations of Mental Health camp Conducting awareness meetings for mental health & mental illness Counseling and Teaching family members, patients and community Observing 	 Case work-1 Observation report on field visits Visit to deaddiction centre 	 Assess performance with rating scale Evaluation of case work and observation report Completion of activity record
		centre	• Observing deaddiction care		

INTERNSHIP

Area	Duration	Objective	Skills	Assessment
Psychiatry ward	4 weeks	 Provide comprehensive care to patients with mental health problems Carry out Specific Nursing interventions for the clients with different mental disorders 	• Integrated Practice	Assess clinical performance with rating scale

COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING -I INCLUDING EPIDEMIOLOGY

PLACEMENT: VI SEMESTER THEORY: 5 Credits (100 Hours)

Clinical: 2 Credits (160 Hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help students to practice Community Health Nursing for the individuals, family and groups at rural, urban and tribal settings by applying principles of community health nursing and epidemiological approach. It also helps the students to develop knowledge and competencies required to screen, assess, diagnose, manage and refer clients appropriately in various health care settings. It prepares the students to provide primary healthcare to clients of all ages in the community, DH, PHC, CHC, SC/HWC and develop beginning skills in participating in all the National Health Programs.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Describe community health nursing approaches and concepts
- 2. Describe the role and responsibilities of community health nursing personnel
- **3.** Utilize the knowledge and skills in providing comprehensive primary health care across the life span at various settings
- **4.** Make effective home visits applying principles and methods used for home visiting
- **5.** Use epidemiological approach in community diagnosis
- **6.** Utilize the knowledge of epidemiology, epidemiological approaches in caring for people with communicable and non-communicable diseases
- 7. Describe the methods of collection and interpretation of demographic data
- **8.** Investigate an epidemic of communicable diseases
- **9.** Assess, diagnose, manage and refer clients for various communicable and non-communicable diseases appropriately at the primary health care level
- **10.** Provide maternal, newborn and child care, and reproductive health including adolescent care in the urban and rural health care settings
- **11.** Demonstrate beginning practice competencies/skills relevant to provide comprehensive primary health care/community-based care to clients with common diseases and disorders including emergency and first aid care at home/clinics/centres as per predetermined protocols/drug standing orders approved by MOH&FW
- **12.** Identify and perform the roles and responsibilities of nurses in implementing various national health programs in the community for the prevention, control and management of communicable and non-communicable diseases particularly in screening, identification, primary management and referral to a health facility/First Referral Unit (FRU)
- **13.** Explain population control & its impact on the society and describe the approaches towards limiting family size

			COURSE OUTLIN	VE	
UNIT	TIME (Hours)	LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING/LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT METHODS
I	7 T	Describe community health nursing approaches and concepts Describe and identify the	Community health nursing approaches, concepts, roles and responsibilities of community health nursing personnel • Approaches: ○ Nursing process ○ Epidemiological approach ○ Problem solving approach ○ Evidence based approach ○ Empowering people to care for themselves • Review -Primary	LectureDiscussionDemonstrationRole plays	Short answersEssays
		activities of community health nurse to promote and maintain family health through home visits	health care and Comprehensive Primary Health Care (CPHC) Home Visits: Concept, Principles, Process, & Techniques: Bag technique Qualities of Community Health Nurse Roles and responsibilities of community health nursing personnel in family health services Review: Principles & techniques of counseling	Supervised field practice	Assessment of supervised field practice
П	10 T	Explain the specific activities of community health nurse in assisting individuals and groups to promote and maintain their health	Assisting individuals and families to promote and maintain their health A. Assessment of individuals and families (Review from Child helath nursing, Medical surgical nursing and	LectureDiscussionDemonstrationRole plays	 Short answers Essay type Assessment of clinical performance in the field practice area

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Provide primary care at home/health centers (HWC) using standing orders/protocols as per public health standards/approved by MOH&FW and INC regulation	OBG Nursing) • Assessment of children, women, adolescents, elderly etc • Children-Monitoring growth and development, milestones • Anthropometric measurements, BMI • Social development • Temperature and Blood pressure monitoring • Menstrual cycle • Breast self examination (BSE) and testicles self examination (TSE) • Warning Signs of various diseases • Tests: Urine for sugar and albumin, blood sugar, Hemoglobin B. Provision of health services/ primary health		 Assessment of procedural skills in lab procedures Evaluation of records and reports
Develop skill in maintenance of records and reports Develop beginning skills in handling social issues affecting the health and development of the family	 Routine check- up, Immunization, counseling, and diagnosis Management of common diseases at home and health centre level Care based on standing orders/protocols approved by MOH&FW Drugs dispensing and injections at health centre C. Continue medical care and follow up in community for various 	Document and maintain: Individual records Family records Health center records	Evaluation of field visit reports

	diseases/ disabilities		
Identify and assist	D. Carry out therapeutic	Field visits	
the families to	procedures as		
utilize the	prescribed/required for		
community	client and family		
resources			
appropriately	E. Maintenance of health		
	records and reports		
	Maintenance of client		
	records		
	Maintenance of health		
	records at the facility		
	level		
	 Report writing and 		
	documentation of		
	activities carried out		
	during home visits, in		
	the clinics/centers and		
	field visits		
	F. Sensitize and handle		
	social issues affecting		
	health and development of		
	the family		
	Women empowerment		
	Women and child		
	abuse		
	Abuse of elders		
	Female foeticide		
	Commercial sex		
	workers		
	Substance abuse		
	G. Utilize community		
	resources for client and		
	family		
	Trauma services		
	Old age homes		
	 Orphanages 		
	Homes for physically		
	challenged individuals		
	Homes for destitute		
	Palliative care centres		
	 Hospice care centres 		
	Assisted living facility		

	10 T	Describe concepts, approaches methods epidemiology Investigate epidemic communicable disease	the and of	Introduction Epidemiology- Epidemiological Approaches, and Processes	•	Lecture, Discussion Demonstration Role play Field visits- communicable disease hospital & Entomology office Investigation of an epidemic of communicable disease	•	Short answers Essay type Report on visit to communica ble disease hospital Report on visit to entomology office Report and presentation on Investigatin g an epidemic of communica ble disease
IV	15 T	Explain epidemiology specific communicable diseases	the of	Communicable diseases and National health programs 1. Communicable Diseases – Vector borne diseases (Every disease will be dealt under the		LectureDiscussion,DemonstrationRole play	•	Field visit reports Assessment
		Describe	the	following headlines)		Role playSuggested field		of family

various methods of visits Epidemiology of the case study prevention, control following vector born Field practice and management diseases **OSCE** Assessment of communicable of **Prevention & control** clients with nonassessment diseases and the measures communicable role of nurses in diseases Short Screening, and screening. diagnosing answers the diagnosing, following conditions, Essay type primary primary management and management, referral to a health referral and follow facility up Malaria Filaria o Kala-azar Japanese encephalitis o Dengue Chickungunya 2. Communicable Infectious diseases: diseases (Every disease will be dealt under the *following headlines)* Epidemiology of the following infectious diseases **Prevention** & **Control measures** Screening, diagnosing the following conditions, primary management, referral and follow up o Leprosy **Tuberculosis** Vaccine preventable diseases-Diphtheria, whooping cough, tetanus, poliomyelitis and measles o Enteric fever Viral hepatitis HIV/AIDS/RTI infections-

Sexually Transmitted Diseases/Reproductive

and

HIV/AIDS,

	tract infections	
	(STIs/R TIs)	
	o Diarrhoea	
Identify the		
relevant national	1 -	
health programmes		
and explain the	food transmitted and	
role of nurses in	parasitic infections-	
implementation of		
these programmes	pediculosis	
1 3	3. Communicable	
	diseases: Zoonotic	
	diseases	
	• Epidemiology of	
	Zoonotic diseases	
	Prevention & control	
	measures	
	• Screening and	
	diagnosing the	
	following conditions,	
	primary	
	management,	
	referral and follow	
	up	
	o Rabies: Identify,	
	suspect, primary	
	management and	
	referral to a health	
	facility	
	• Role of a nurses in	
	control of	
	communicable	
	diseases	
	andadoo	
	National Health	
	Programmes	
	1. UIP-Universal	
	Immunization	
	Programme	
	(Diphtheria,	
	Whooping cough,	
	Tetanus, Poliomyelitis,	
	Measles and Hepatitis	
	B)	
	2. National Leprosy	
	Eradication	
	Programme (NLEP)	
	3. Revised National	
	Tuberculosis Control	

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V 15 T	Describe the national health programmes for the control of non-communicable diseases and the role of nurses in screening, identification primary management and referral to a health facility	Programme (RNTCP) 4. Integrated Disease Surveillence Programmme (IDSP)-Enteric fever, Diarrhea, Respiratory infections and Scabies 5. National Aids Control Organization (NACO) 6. National Vector Borne Disease Control Programme 7. National Air Quality Monitoring Programme 8. Any other newly added programmes Non- Communicable diseases and National Health programmes(NCD) • National response to NCDs (Every disease will be dealt under the following headlines • Epidemiology of specific diseases • Prevention and control measures • Screening, diagnosing/ identification and primary management, referral and follow up care NCD-1 • Diabetes Mellitus • Hypertension • Cardiovascular diseases • Stroke & Obesity • Blindness-Categories of visual impairement and national	 Lecture, Discussion, Demonstration Role play Suggested field visits Field practice Assessment of clients with non-communicable diseases 	 Field visit reports Assessment of family case study OSCE assessment Short answers Essay type
		_		

programme for prevention and control of deafness Thyroid diseases Injury and accidents-Risk factors for Road traffic injuries and operational guidelines for trauma care facility on highways NCD-2 Cancers		
 Cervical Cancer Breast Cancer Oral cancer Epidemiology of specific cancers, Risk factors/Causes, Prevention, Screening, diagnosis- signs, Signs & symptoms, and early management & referral Palliative care Role of a nurse in noncommunicable disease control programme 	Participation in national health programmes	
National Health Programmes National programme for prevention and control of cancer,		
Diabetes, Cardiovascular Diseases and Stroke (NPCDCS) National programme for control of blindness		
 National programme for prevention and control of deafness National tobacco control programme 		
• Standard treatment protocols used in National Health Programmes		

VI	10 T	Explain nurses' role in identifying, primary management and referral of clients with common disorders/ conditions and emergencies including first aid	Management of common conditions and emergencies including first aid • Standing orders: Definition, uses Screening, diagnosing/identification, primary care and referral of Gastrointestinal system: Abdominal pain Nausea and vomiting Diarrhea Constipation Jaundice GI bleeding Abdominal distension Dysphagia and dyspepsia Aphthous ulcers Respiratory System:	 Lecture, Discussion, Demonstration Role play Suggested field visits Field practice Assessment of clients with common conditions and provide referral 	 Short answers Essay type Field visit reports OSCE assessment
			dyspepsia O Aphthous ulcers		

			Urinary system				
			Urinary tract infections-				
			cystitis, pyelonephritis,				
			prostatitis, UTIs in children				
			First aid in common				
			emergency conditions -				
			Review				
			High fever, low blood				
			sugar, minor injuries,				
			fractures, fainting,				
			bleeding, shock, stroke,				
			bites, burns, choking,				
			seizures, RTAs, poisoning,				
			drowning and foreign				
			bodies	L			
VII	20 T	Provide	Reproductive, maternal,				
		reproductive,	newborn, child and				
		maternal, newborn	adolescent Health	•	Lecture	•	Short
		and child care,	(Review from OBG	•	Discussion		answers
		including	Nursing and application	•	Demonstration	•	Essay type
		adolescent care in	in community setting)	•	Role play		3 31
		the urban and rural	• Present situation of		Suggested field visits,		
		health care settings	reproductive, maternal		and field practice	•	OSCE
			and child health in		*		assessment
			India	•			assessment
			Antenatal care		antenatal, postnatal,		
			• Objectives, antenatal		newborn, infant,		
			visits and examination,		preschool child, school		
			· ·		child, and adolescent		
					health		
			pregnancy, counseling	•			
			• Calcium and iron				
			supplementation in				
			pregnancy				
			• Antenatal care at				
			centre level				
			Birth preparedness				
			 High risk approach- 				
			Screening/early				
			identification and				
			primary management				
			of complications-				
			Antepartum				
			hemorrhage, pre-				
			eclampsia, eclampsia,				
			Anemia, Gestational				
			diabetes mellitus,				
			Hypothyroidism,				
			Syphilis				
			• Referral, follow up				
<u> </u>	I	l .	1 telefful, follow up	<u> </u>			

	and maintenance of		
	records and reports		
	Intra natal care		
	• Normal labour-		
	process, onset, stages		
	of labour		
	Monitoring and active		
	management of		
	different stages of		
	E		
	labour		
	• Care of women after		
	labour		
, p	• Early identification,		
Promote	primary management,		
adolesce	nt health referral and follow up-		
	preterm labour, fetal		
	distress, prolonged and		
	obstructed labour,		
	vaginal & perennial	• Screen,	
	tears, ruptured uterus	manage ar	nd
	• Care of newborn	refer	
	immediately after birth	adolescent	S
	<u> </u>	Counsel	
	• Maintenance of	adolescent	c
	records and reports	adolescent	3
	• Use of Safe child birth		
	check list		
	SBA module-Review		
	Organization of labour		
	room		
	Postpartum care		
	• Objectives, Postnatal		
	visits, care of mother		
	and baby, breast		
	feeding, diet during		
	lactation, and health		
	counseling		
	• Early identification,		
	primary management,		
	referral and follow up		
	of complications,		
	Danger signs-		
	postpartum		
	hemorrhage, shock,		
	puerperal sepsis, breast		
	conditions, post		
	partum depression		
	• Postpartum visit by		
	health care provider		
	Newborn and child care		
	- 10 11 NOTAL MAIN CHILD		

Review: Essential
newborn care
Management of
common neonatal
problems
• Management of
common child health
problems: Pneumonia,
Diarrhoea, Sepsis,
screening for
congenital anomalies
and referral
• Review: IMNCI
Module
Under five clinics
Adolescent Health
• Common health
problems and risk
factors in adolescent
girls and boys
Common Gynecological
conditions-
dysmenoorhea,
Premenstrual
Syndrome (PMS),
Vaginal discharge,
Mastitis, Breast lump,
pelvic pain, pelvic
organ prolapse
Teenage pregnancy,
awareness about legal
age of marriage,
nutritional status of
adolescents National
Menstrual Hygiene
scheme
Counseling for parents
and teen agers
teen agers National programmes
• RMNCH +A
Approach- Aims,
Health systems
strengthening,
RMNCH+A strategies,
Interventions across
life stages, programme
management

management,

VIII	4 T	Enumerate the school health activities and the role functions of a school health nurse	monitoring and evaluation systems Universal Immunization Programme as per Government of India guidelines-Review Rashtriya Bal Swasthya Karyakaram (RSBK) -children Rashtriya Kishor Swasthya Karyakram (RKSK) -adolscents Other new programmes School Health Services Objectives Health problems of school children Components of school health services Maintenance of school health records Initiation and planning of school health services Role of a school health nurse	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role play Suggested field visits Field practice 	 Short answers Essay type Evaluation of health counseling to school children Screen, diagnose, manage and refer school children OSCE assessment
IX	3 T	Discuss the concepts and scope of demography	Demography, Surveillance and Interpretation of Data • Demography and vital statistics-demographic cycle, world population trends, vital statistics • Sex ratio and child sex ratio, trends of sex ratio in India, The causes and social implications • Sources of vital statistics- Census, registration of vital events, sample	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role play Suggested field visits Field practice 	 Short answers Essay type

	1	Г		T
			registration system	
			Morbidity and	
			mortality indicators:	
			Definition, calculation	
			and interpretation	
			• Surveillance,	
			Integrated disease	
			surveillance project	
			(IDSP), Organization	
			of IDSP, flow of	
			information and mother and child	
			tracking system (MCTS) in India	
			Collection, analysis, interpretation use of	
			interpretation, use of data	
			• Review- Common	
			sampling techniques- random and	
			nonrandom techniques	
			Disaggregation of data	
X	6 T	Discuss population	Population and its	
71		explosion and its	Control • Lecture	• Short
		_		
		impact on social	Population Explosion	answers
		impact on social and economic	 Population Explosion and its impact on Demonstration 	
		impact on social	 Population Explosion and its impact on Social, Economic Discussion Demonstration Role play 	answers
		impact on social and economic development of	 Population Explosion and its impact on Social, Economic development of in this ideal area is transfer. Discussion Demonstration Role play Suggested field visits 	answers
		impact on social and economic development of	 Population Explosion and its impact on Social, Economic development of individual, society and Discussion Demonstration Role play Suggested field visits Field practice 	answers
		impact on social and economic development of India	 Population Explosion and its impact on Social, Economic development of individual, society and country. Discussion Demonstration Role play Suggested field visits Field practice 	answersEssay type
		impact on social and economic development of India Describe the	 Population Explosion and its impact on Social, Economic development of individual, society and country. Population Control – Discussion Role play Suggested field visits Field practice 	answersEssay typeOSCE
		impact on social and economic development of India Describe the various methods of	 Population Explosion and its impact on Social, Economic development of individual, society and country. Population Control – Women Discussion Role play Suggested field visits Field practice 	answersEssay type
		impact on social and economic development of India Describe the various methods of	 Population Explosion and its impact on Social, Economic development of individual, society and country. Population Control – Discussion Role play Suggested field visits Field practice 	answersEssay typeOSCE
		impact on social and economic development of India Describe the various methods of	 Population Explosion and its impact on Social, Economic development of individual, society and country. Population Control – Women Empowerment; Social, Discussion Role play Suggested field visits Field practice 	answersEssay typeOSCE
		impact on social and economic development of India Describe the various methods of	 Population Explosion and its impact on Social, Economic development of individual, society and country. Population Control – Women Empowerment; Social, Economic and Discussion Role play Suggested field visits Field practice 	answersEssay typeOSCE
		impact on social and economic development of India Describe the various methods of	 Population Explosion and its impact on Social, Economic development of individual, society and country. Population Control – Women Empowerment; Social, Economic and Educational Discussion Role play Suggested field visits Field practice 	answersEssay typeOSCE assessment
		impact on social and economic development of India Describe the various methods of	 Population Explosion and its impact on Social, Economic development of individual, society and country. Population Control – Women Empowerment; Social, Economic and Educational Development Discussion Role play Suggested field visits Field practice 	answersEssay typeOSCE assessmentCounseling
		impact on social and economic development of India Describe the various methods of	 Population Explosion and its impact on Social, Economic development of individual, society and country. Population Control – Women Empowerment; Social, Economic and Educational Development Limiting Family Size – Discussion Role play Suggested field visits Field practice 	 answers Essay type OSCE assessment Counseling on family
		impact on social and economic development of India Describe the various methods of	 Population Explosion and its impact on Social, Economic development of individual, society and country. Population Control – Women Empowerment; Social, Economic and Educational Development Limiting Family Size – Promotion of small family norm, Temporary Spacing Discussion Role play Suggested field visits Field practice 	 answers Essay type OSCE assessment Counseling on family
		impact on social and economic development of India Describe the various methods of	 Population Explosion and its impact on Social, Economic development of individual, society and country. Population Control – Women Empowerment; Social, Economic and Educational Development Limiting Family Size – Promotion of small family norm, Temporary Spacing Methods (natural, Discussion Role play Suggested field visits Field practice 	 answers Essay type OSCE assessment Counseling on family
		impact on social and economic development of India Describe the various methods of	 Population Explosion and its impact on Social, Economic development of individual, society and country. Population Control – Women Empowerment; Social, Economic and Educational Development Limiting Family Size – Promotion of small family norm, Temporary Spacing Methods (natural, biological, chemical, Discussion Role play Suggested field visits Field practice 	 answers Essay type OSCE assessment Counseling on family
		impact on social and economic development of India Describe the various methods of	 Population Explosion and its impact on Social, Economic development of individual, society and country. Population Control – Women Empowerment; Social, Economic and Educational Development Limiting Family Size – Promotion of small family norm, Temporary Spacing Methods (natural, biological, chemical, mechanical methods Discussion Role play Suggested field visits Field practice 	 answers Essay type OSCE assessment Counseling on family
		impact on social and economic development of India Describe the various methods of	 Population Explosion and its impact on Social, Economic development of individual, society and country. Population Control – Women Empowerment; Social, Economic and Educational Development Limiting Family Size – Promotion of small family norm, Temporary Spacing Methods (natural, biological, chemical, mechanical methods etc), Terminal Discussion Role play Suggested field visits Field practice 	 answers Essay type OSCE assessment Counseling on family
		impact on social and economic development of India Describe the various methods of	 Population Explosion and its impact on Social, Economic development of individual, society and country. Population Control – Women Empowerment; Social, Economic and Educational Development Limiting Family Size – Promotion of small family norm, Temporary Spacing Methods (natural, biological, chemical, mechanical methods etc), Terminal Methods (Tubectomy, Discussion Role play Suggested field visits Field practice 	 answers Essay type OSCE assessment Counseling on family
		impact on social and economic development of India Describe the various methods of	 Population Explosion and its impact on Social, Economic development of individual, society and country. Population Control – Women Empowerment; Social, Economic and Educational Development Limiting Family Size – Promotion of small family norm, Temporary Spacing Methods (natural, biological, chemical, mechanical methods etc), Terminal Methods (Tubectomy, Vasectomy) Discussion Role play Suggested field visits Field practice 	 answers Essay type OSCE assessment Counseling on family
		impact on social and economic development of India Describe the various methods of	 Population Explosion and its impact on Social, Economic development of individual, society and country. Population Control – Women Empowerment; Social, Economic and Educational Development Limiting Family Size – Promotion of small family norm, Temporary Spacing Methods (natural, biological, chemical, mechanical methods etc), Terminal Methods (Tubectomy, Vasectomy) Emergency Discussion Role play Suggested field visits Field practice 	 answers Essay type OSCE assessment Counseling on family
		impact on social and economic development of India Describe the various methods of	 Population Explosion and its impact on Social, Economic development of individual, society and country. Population Control – Women Empowerment; Social, Economic and Educational Development Limiting Family Size – Promotion of small family norm, Temporary Spacing Methods (natural, biological, chemical, mechanical methods etc), Terminal Methods (Tubectomy, Vasectomy) Discussion Role play Suggested field visits Field practice 	 answers Essay type OSCE assessment Counseling on family

reproductive, sexual
health including
problems of
adolescents
Medical Termination
of pregnancy and MTP
Act
National Population
Stabilization Fund/JSK
(Jansankhya Sthirata
Kosh)
Family planning 2020
National Family
Welfare Program
• Role of a nurse in
Family Welfare
Program

COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING I

CLINICAL POSTINGS:

4 Weeks x 40 hours/week

Total hours: 160 hours

CLINICAL AREA/UNIT	DURATION IN WEEKS	LEARNING OUTCOMES	PROCEDURAL COMPETENCIES/ CLINICAL SKILLS	CLINICAL REQUIREMENTS	ASSESSMEN T METHODS
Urban Rural	2 weeks 2 Weeks	Identify prevalent communicable and non-communicable diseases	Investigating an epidemic - Community health survey	Community health survey to investigate an epidemic-1	
		Perform health assessment for clients of various age groups Screen, diagnose, manage and refer clients with common health problems in the community and refer high risk clients	Health assessment including nutritional assessment for clients of different age groups	 Health assessment of woman-1, infant/under five-1, adolescent-1, adult-1 Growth monitoring of under- five children- 1 	 Clinical performance e assessment OSCE during posting Final clinical avamination
		Assess and provide antenatal, intrapartum, postnatal and new- born care Participate in school health programme	Screening, diagnosing, primary management of common health problems in the community and referral of highrisk clients to FRUs	Screening, diagnosing and primary management and referral:	clinical examinatio n (University)

Counsel and educate	Assessment	pregnant	
individual, family	(physical &	woman- 1	
and community	nutritional) of	High risk	
	antenatal,	neonate- 1	
Provide family	intrapartum,	• Emergencies- 1	
welfare services	postnatal and	• Minor ailments-	
	newborn • Conduction of	2	
	normal delivery at	 Primary management and 	
	health center	care based on	
	Newborn care	standing	
		orders/protocols	
	Participation in	approved by	
Participate in	school health	MOH&FW	Evaluation
implementation of	programme	Assessment of	of Group
national health		antenatal-1,	health
programmes	• Health	intrapartum-1,	education
Maintain records and	counselling to	postnatal-1 and	
reports	different clients	newborn-1	
reports	Group health education	Conduction of normal delivery	
	Education	normal delivery at health center	
		and	 Family
	Family planning	documentation-	Case study
	counselling	2	evaluation
	Insertion and	Immediate	
	removal of IUCD	newborn care and	
		documentation-	
		1	
		Participation in	
		school health	
	Participation in National Health	programme-1	
	Programmes	• Health	
	1 10grammes	counseling for	
		o Adult with	
	Documentation	Communicable	
	skills	diseases/NCD-1	
		AdolescentGroup health	
		Education - 1	
		(Rural/Urban)	
		Family planning	
		counselling- 1	
		Insertion of	

	 IUCD-1 Removal of IUCD-1 Family case study- 1 (Rural/Urban)
	 Participation in any two National Health programmes
	 Document and maintain: Individual record Family record Health center record Writing report on Health center activities

Reference: Modules used in Certificate programme for community Health for nurses (Bridge Programme)

MIDWIFERY / OBSTETRIC AND GYNECOLOGY NURSING- I

PLACEMENT: VI SEMESTER THEORY: 2 Credits (40 Hours)

Skill lab: 1 Credit (40 Hours)

Clinical: 2 Credits (160 Hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed for students to develop knowledge and competencies on the concepts and principles of midwifery. It helps them to acquire knowledge and skills in rendering respectful maternity care to woman during antenatal, natal and postnatal periods in hospitals and community settings. It further helps to develop skills in managing normal neonates and participate in family welfare programme.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the program, the students will be able to:

- 1. Demonstrate professional accountability for the delivery of nursing care as per INC standards/ICM competencies that are consistent with moral, altruistic, legal, ethical, regulatory and humanistic principles in midwifery practice.
- 2. Communicate effectively with individuals, families and professional colleagues fostering mutual respect and shared decision making to enhance health outcomes.
- 3. Recognize the trends and issues in midwifery/obstetrical nursing.
- 4. Review and describe the anatomy and physiology of human reproductive system and conception
- 5. Describe and apply the physiology in the management of normal pregnancy, birth and puerperium.
- 6. Demonstrate competency in providing respectful maternity care for the women during the antenatal, intranatal and postnatal period.
- 7. Conduct normal deliveries and provide essential newborn care
- 8. Apply nursing process in caring for women and their families

COURSE OUTLINE

UNIT	TIME	LEARNING	CONTENT	TEACHING/	ASSESSMENT
	(Hours)	OUTCOMES		LEARNING	METHODS
				ACTIVITIES	
I	T- 4	Identify the	Introduction to midwifery		
		trends and issues	History of midwifery in India		
		in midwifery	• Current scenario: Midwifery in		
			India- Transformative education		
			for relationship based and		
			transformative midwifery		
			practice in India, National health		
			programs related to RMNCH		

			 Current trends in midwifery and gynecology nursing: Respectful maternity and newborn care (RMNC) Midwife led care units (MLCU) Birthing centers, water birth, lotus birth Essential competencies for basic midwifery practice (ICM) Universal rights of child-bearing women Sexual and reproductive health and rights Legal provisions in midwifery practice in India: INC/MOH&FW regulations Ethical issues in maternal and neonatal care Adoption laws, MTP act, Pre-Natal Diagnostic Test (PNDT)Act, Surrogate mothers Roles And responsibilities of a midwife in different settings 	 Discussion Demonstration Role play Directed reading and assignment: ICM competencies Scenario based learning 	 Short answers Objective type Essay Quiz
II	T- 4 L- 4	Describe / Review the anatomy and physiology of human reproductive system	 (hospital / community) Maternal, Fetal & Newborn physiology: Anatomy and physiology of human reproductive system and conception Review: Female organs of reproduction Female pelvis –bones, joints, ligaments, planes, diameters, landmarks, inclination, variations in pelvis shape Foetal skull- bones, sutures, fontanelles, diameters, moulding Fetopelvic relationship Physiology of menstrual cycle, 	 Lecture Discussion Self- directed learning Models Videos & films 	 Quiz Simulation Short answers OSCE

	1	1	T	1		
			menstrual hygiene			
			• Fertilization, conception			
			and implantation			
			Embryological development			
			Placental development			
			Placental function: blood brain barrier			
			Fetal growth and development			
			Fetal circulation & Fetal nutrition			
III	T – 10		Assessment and management	•	Lecture	
	L - 10	Provide	of normal pregnancy(ante-	•	Discussion	Short answers
	C - 40	preconception	natal)	•	Demonstration	Objective type
		care to eligible	Pre pregnancy Care	•	Health talk	Assessment of
		couples	Review of sexual development	•	Role play	skills with
			(Self Learning)	•	Counselin	check list
		Describe the	Socio-cultural aspects of		g session	Case study
		physiology,	human sexuality (Self		Case	evaluation
		assessment and	Learning) • Preconception care		discussion/	• OSCE
		management of	Pre-conception counseling		presentation	
		normal	(including awareness regarding	•	Simulation	
		pregnancy	normal births), Genetic			
		including pre	counseling (Self Learning)	•	Supervised	
		pregnancy care	Planned parenthood		Clinical	
			Pregnancy assessment and		practice	
		Demonstrate	antenatal care (I, II & III			
		knowledge of	Trimesters) Normal pregnancy			
		midwifery	Assess and confirm			
		practice	pregnancy: Diagnosis of			
		throughout 1 st ,2 nd and 3 rd	pregnancy - Signs, differential			
		trimesters	diagnosis and confirmatory			
			tests			
			 Review of maternal nutrition & 			
			malnutrition			
					D.C. CD.A	
			Building partnership with women following RMC	•	Refer SBA	
			protocol		module &	
			• Fathers engagement in		Safe	
			maternity care		motherhoo	
			-		d booklet	
			Physiological changes during			
			pregnancy Reproductive			
			system, Cardio-vascular			
			system Respiratory system			
			Urinary system, Gastero			

intestinal system, Metabolic changes, Skeletal changes, Skin changes Endocrine system & psychological changes

Ante-natal care:

ITrimester

- Antenatal assessment: History taking, physical examination, breast examination laboratory investigation
- Identification and management of minor discomforts of pregnancy
- Antenatal care and counseling (lifestyles in pregnancy, nutrition, shared decision making, risky behavior in pregnancy, counseling regarding sexual life during pregnancy etc)
- Danger signs during pregnancy
- Birth preparedness and complication readiness (including promoting normalcy during pregnancy)
- Respectful care and compassionate communication
- Recording and reporting: Clinical procedures as per the GoIs guideline
- GoI current model of ANC provision
- Role of Doula/ASHAs

II Trimester

- Education and management of physiological changes and discomforts of 2nd trimester
- Rh
 negative
 and
 prophylacti
 c anti D
- Second trimester tests and health education

- Lab testsperforman ce, and interpretati on
- Refer
 Guidelines
 for
 calcium
 supplemen
 tation

- Demonstra tion of birthing positions
- Scenario based learning
- Workshop on alternative birthing

 Interpreting screening results Health education on IFA, calcium and vitamin D supplementation, glucose tolerance test, immunization etc Antenatal assessment: abdominal palpation, fetal assessment, auscultate fetal heart rate -Doppler and pinnard's stethoscope, Assessment of fetal wellbeing:, DFMC, biophysical profile, Non stress test, cardiotocography, USG, Vibro acoustic stimulation, biochemical tests. Antenatal care Women centered care Respectful care and compassionate communication Referral and collaboration, empowerment Ongoing risk assessment Maternal Mental Health III Trimester Education and management of physiological changes and discomforts of 3rd trimester Third trimester tests and screening 	positions	
 Fetal engagement in late pregnancy 3rd trimester antenatal education classes Birth preparedness and complication readiness Health education on exclusive breastfeeding Danger signs of pregnancy-recognition of ruptured membranes Ongoing risk assessment Cultural needs Women centered care Respectful and compassionate communication Alternative birthing positions- 		

		women's preferred choices		
		1		
		Role of Doula / ASHA's		
IV T - 10 L - 12 C - 6	2 physiology of	Physiology, management and care during labour Review of Normal labour and birth Onset of birth/ labour Per vaginal examination Stages of labour Organization of labor room- Triage, preparation for birth Positive birth environment Respectful care and communication Drugs used in labour Fist Stage Physiology of normal labour Monitoring progress of labour using Partograph Assessing and monitoring fetal well being Care during 1st stage of normal labour Pain relief in labour (non- pharmacological and pharmacological and pharmacological support- Managing fear Activity and positioning during first stage of labour Nutrition during labour Promote positive childbirth experience for women Birth companion for labour Role of Doula / ASHA's Second stage Physiology (Mechanism of labour) Signs of imminent labour Intrapartum monitoring Birth position of choice Vaginal examination Psychological support	 Lecture Discussion Bedside clinics Case discussion/presentation Simulated practice Supervised Clinical practice – Pervaginal examination, Conduction of deliveries SBA module LaQshyaguide lines Dakshitha guidelines 	 Essay type Short answers Objective type Case study evaluation Assessment of skills with check list OSCE

during birth to enhance physiology and promote normal birth

Assess and provide care of the newborn immediately following birth

- Non-directive coaching
- Management of birth/Conduction of deliverypreparation and supporting physiological birthing
- Essential newborn care (ENBC)
- Assessment and care of the newborn immediately following birth
- Role of Doula / ASHA's

Third Stage

- Physiology placental separation and expulsion, homeostasis
- Physiological management of third stage of labour
- Active management of third stage of labour
- Examination of placenta, membranes and vessels
- Assess perineal, vaginal tear / injuries and suture if required
- Insertion of postpartum IUCD
- Immediate perineal care
- Initiation of breast feeding
- Skin to skin contact
- Vitamin K prophylaxis
- Newborn resuscitation

tional event Fourth Stage

Care during 4th Stage of labour

Observation, Critical Analysis and Management of mother and newborn

- Maternal assessment, observation fundal height, uterine consistency, urine output, blood loss
- Documentation and Record of birth
- Breastfeeding and latching
- Managing uterine cramp
- Alternative/complementary therapies
- Role of Doula / ASHA's

- Demonstration
- Group work
- Scenario based learning

Discuss the impact of labour and birth as a transitional event in the woman's life

Ensure initiation of breast feeding and adequate latching

V	T- 6 L- 6 C- 30	Describe the physiology, management and care of normal puerperium	 Various childbirth practices Safe environment for mother and newborn to promote bonding Maintaining records and reports Postpartum care/Ongoing care of women Normal puerperium-Physiology, duration Physiology of puerperium Post-natal assessment and carefacility and home-based care Perineal hygiene and care Bladder and bowel function Minor disorders of puerperium and its management Physiology of lactation and lactation management Postnatal counseling and psychological support Normal postnatal baby blues and recognition of post-natal depression Transition to parenthood Care for the mother from 72 hours to 6 weeks after the delivery Cultural competence (Taboos related to postnatal diet and practices) Diet during lactation-review Post-partum family planning Follow – up of postnatal mothers. 	 Lecture Discussi on Demonstration Health talk Simulated practice Supervised Clinical practice Refer SBA module ENBC module 	 Essay type Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with checklist OSCE
			1 - 1		
VI	T- 6 L- 8 C- 30	Discuss the need for compassionate, family centered midwifery care of the newborn and how this is	Assessment and ongoing care of normal neonates • Family centred care • Respectful care and communication • Normal Neonate -	 Lecture Discussi	 Essay type Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with checklist

provided	Physiological	 Supervised 	• OSCE
	adaptation	clinical practice	
Describe the	• Newborn assessment and care	 Refer safe 	
assessment a	Screening for congenitar	deliver app	
management	of anomalies	module-	
normal neon	• Care of newborn from 72 hours	newborn	
	to 6 weeks after the delivery	management	
	(Routine care of newborn)		
	Skin to skin contact and		
	thermoregulation		
	• Infection prevention		
	(asepsis and hand washing)		
	• Immunization		
	• Minor disorders of newborn		
	and its management		

(Skill lab & Clinical)

PLACEMENT: VI SEMESTER Total Hours: 200hrs

Skill Lab: 1 Credit (40 Hours) Clinical: 2 Credits (160 Hours)

Practice Competencies:

On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Counsel women and their families on pre-conception care
- 2. Demonstrate lab tests Eg. urine pregnancy test
- 3. Perform antenatal assessment of pregnant women
- 4. Assess and care for normal antenatal mothers
- 5. Assist and perform specific investigations for antenatal mothers
- 6. Counsel mothers and their families on antenatal care and preparation for parenthood
- 7. Conduct childbirth education classes
- 8. Set up and manage a delivery unit
- 9. Prepare and provide respectful maternity care for mothers in labour
- 10. Perform per-vaginal examination for a woman in labour if indicated
- 11. Conduct normal delivery with essential newborn care
- 12. Demonstrate skills in resuscitating the newborn
- 13. Assist women in the transition to motherhood
- 14. Assess and care for normal postnatal mothers
- 15. Provide care for postnatal mothers and their newborn
- 16. Perform postnatal and newborn assessment
- 17. Counsel mothers on postnatal and newborn care

SKILL LAB:

Procedures/ Skills for demonstration and return demonstration:

- 1. Urine pregnancy test
- 2. Calculation of EDD, Obstetrical score, gestational weeks
- 3. Antenatal assessment
- 4. Counseling antenatal mothers micro birth planning
- 5. PV examination
- 6. Plotting and interpretation of partograph
- 7. Preparation for delivery setting up labour room, articles, equipment
- 8. Mechanism of labour normal
- 9. Conduction of delivery with essential newborn care
- 10. Active management of third stage of labour
- 11. Placental examination
- 12. Newborn resuscitation
- 13. Monitoring during fourth stage of labour
- 14. Postnatal assessment
- 15. Newborn assessment
- 16. Kangaroo mother care

CLINICAL POSTINGS 4 weeks x 40hours/week

CT INTO A T	CLINICAL DUBATION CLINICAL					
CLINICAL	DURATION	CLINICAL	PROCEDURAL	CLINICAL	ASSESSMENT	
AREA	IN WEEKS	LEARNING		REQUIREMENTS	METHODS	
		OUTCOMES	/CLINICAL			
			SKILLS			
Antenatal	1 week	Perform antenatal	History	Antenatal	• OSCE	
OPD and		assessment	collection	palpation	• Case	
			 Physical 	 Health talk 	presentation	
Antenatal			examination	 Case study 	presentation	
ward		Perform laboratory	 Obstetric 	Case study		
,,,,,,,		tests for antenatal	examination			
		women and assist in				
			• Pregnancy			
		selected antenatal	confirmation			
		diagnostic	test			
		procedures	Urine testing			
			• Blood testing for			
			Hemoglobin			
		Counsel antenatal	Blood test for			
		women	malaria			
			Blood test for			
			grouping and			
			typing			
			• Kick chart			
			/DFMC /NST /			
			CTG / USG			
			 Antenatal 			
			counseling			
			 Preparation for 			
			childbirth			
			• Birth			
			preparedness			
			and			
			complication			
D/	1 1	D	readiness	D 1		
Post-partum	1 week	Perform postnatal	• Postnatal	Postnatal assessment	Assignment	
clinic /		assessment	assessmentCare of	assessmentNewborn	• case study	
PTCT		Provide care to	postnatal	assessment	• case	
		normal postnatal	mothers –		presentation	
Centre and		mothers and	normal	• Case study		
Postnatal		newborn	• Care of normal	• Case		
Ward		Postnatal	newborn	presentation		
,,,,,,		counseling	 Lactation 	• Cu-T insertion		
		Provide family	management	and removal		
		welfare services	 Postnatal 			
			counselling			

T	1	T	
Labour	2 weeks	Monitor labour using partograph Provide care to women during labour Conduct normal delivery, provide care to mother and immediate care of newborn	 Health teaching on postnatal and newborn care Family welfare counseling Assessment of woman in labour Partograph recording Partograph case study Per vaginal examination if indicated Obstetric examination Care during first stage of labour Pain management techniques Positions in labour Preparation for labour –
			articles, physical, psychological Conduction of normal delivery Essential newborn care Newborn resuscitation Active management of third stage of labour Monitoring and care during fourth stage of labour

COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING – II

PLACEMENT: VII SEMESTER
THEORY: 2 Credits (40 Hours)
Clinical: 1 Credit (80 Hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help students gain broad perspective of specialized roles and responsibilities of community health nurses and to practice in various specialized health care settings. It helps students to develop knowledge and competencies required for assessment, diagnosis, treatment, and nursing management of individuals and families within the community in wellness and illness continuum.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Describe occupational health hazards, occupational diseases and the role of nurses in occupational health programmes
- 2. Identify health problems of older adults and provide primary care, counseling and supportive health services
- 3. Participate in screening for mental health problems in the community and providing appropriate referral services
- 4. Discuss the methods of data collection for HMIS, analysis and interpretation of data
- 5. Discuss about effective management of health information in community diagnosis and intervention
- 6. Describe the management system of delivery of community health services in rural and urban areas
- 7. Describe the leadership role in guiding, supervising, and monitoring the health services and the personnel at the PHCs, SCs and community level including financial management and maintenance of records & reports
- 8. Describe the roles and responsibilities of Mid-Level Health Care Providers (MHCPs) in Health Wellness Centers (HWCs
- 9. Identify the roles and responsibilities of health team members and explain their job description
- 10. Demonstrate initiative in preparing themselves and the community for disaster preparedness and management
- 11. Demonstrate skills in proper bio-medical waste management as per protocols
- 12. Explain the roles and functions of various national and international health agencies

COURSE OUTLINE

UNIT	TIME	LEARNING OUTCOMES	CONTENT	TEACHING / LEARNING ACTIVITIES	ASSESSMENT METHODS
I	4	Describe occupational health hazards, occupational diseases and the role of nurses in occupational health programmes	 Occupational Health Occupational health hazards Occupational diseases ESI Act National/ State Occupational Health Programmes Role of a nurse in occupational health services- Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of clients with occupational health problems 	 Lecture, Discussion, Demonstration, Role play Suggested field visits, Field practice 	 Essay type Short answers Clinical performance evaluation
II	5	Identify health problems of older adults and provide primary care, counseling and supportive health services	 Geriatric Health Care Health problems of older adults Management of common geriatric ailments: counseling, supportive treatment of older adults Organization of geriatric health services National programme for health care of elderly (NPHCE) State level programmes/ Schemes for older adults Role of a community health nurse in geriatric health services- Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of older adults with health problems 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration 	 Visit report on elderly home Essay type Short answers

III	4 hours	Describe screening for mental health problems in the community, take preventive measures and provide appropriate referral services	 Mental Health Disorders Screening, management, prevention and referral for mental health disorders Review: Depression, anxiety, acute psychosis, Schizophrenia Dementia Suicide Alcohol and substance abuse Drug deaddiction programme National Mental Health Programme National Mental Health Policy National Mental Health Act Role of a community health nurse in screening, initiation of treatment and follow up of mentally ill clients 	 Lecture Discussion, Demonstration Role play Health counseling on promotion of mental health Suggested field visits, Field practice 	Essay typeShort answersCounseling report
IV	4 hours	Discuss about effective management of health information in community diagnosis and intervention	Health Management Information System (HMIS) Introduction to health management system: data elements, recording and reporting formats, data quality issues Review: Basic Demography and vital statistics Sources of vital statistics Common sampling techniques, frequency distribution Collection, analysis, interpretation of data Analysis of data for community needs assessment and preparation of health action plan	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration, Role play Suggested field visits, Field practice Group project on community diagnosis-data management 	 Group project report Essay type Short answers
V	5 hours	Describe the system management of delivery of community health services in rural and	Delivery of community health services: • Planning, budgeting and material management of CHC, PHC, SC/HWC	LectureDiscussionVisits to various health care	Essay typeShort answersFiled visit reports

		urban areas	 Manpower planning as per IPHS standards Rural: Organization, staffing and material management of rural health services provided by Government at village, SC/HWC, PHC, CHC, hospitals- district, state and central 	delivery systems • Supervised field practice	
			 Urban: Organization, staffing, and functions of urban health services provided by Government at slums, dispensaries, special clinics, municipal and corporate hospitals Defense services Institutional services Other systems of medicine and health: Indian system of medicine, AYUSH clinics, Alternative health care systems referral systems, Indigenous health services 		
VII	8	Describe the leadership role in guiding, supervising, and monitoring the health services and the personnel at the PHCs, SCs and community level including financial management Describe the roles and responsibilities of Mid-Level Health Care Providers (MHCPs) in Health Wellness Centers (HWCs	Leadership, Supervision and Monitoring Understanding work responsibilities/job description of DPHN, Health Visitor, PHN, MPHW (Female), Multipurpose health Worker (Male), AWWs and ASHA Roles and responsibilities of Mid -Level Health Care Providers (MLHPs) Village Health Sanitation and Nutrition Committees (VHSNC): objectives, composition and roles & responsibilities Health team management	 Lecture, Discussion Demonstration Role play Suggested field visits Field practice 	 Report on interaction with MPHWs, HVs, ASHA, AWWs Participation in training programmes Essay Type Short answers

- Review: Leadership & supervision-concepts, principles & methods Leadership in health: leadership approaches in healthcare setting, taking control of health of community and organizing health camps, village clinics Training, Supportive supervision and monitoring-concepts, principles and process Eg. performance of frontline health workers **Financial Management** and Accounting & **Computing at Health** Centers (SC) Activities for which funds are received Accounting and book keeping requirementsaccounting principles & policies, book of accounts to be maintained, basic
 - Accounting and book keeping requirements-accounting principles & policies, book of accounts to be maintained, basic accounting entries, accounting process, payments & expenditure, fixed asset, SOE reporting format, utilization certificate (UC) reporting
 - o Preparing a budget
 - o Audit

Records & Reports:

- Concepts of records and reports-importance, legal implications, purposes, use of records, principles of record writing, filing of records
- Types of recordscommunity related records, registers, guidelines for maintaining
- Report writingpurposes, documentation of activities, types of reports

VII	4	Demonstrate	 Medical Records Department- functions, filing and retention of medical records Electronic Medical Records (EMR)- capabilities and components of EMR, electronic health record (EHR), levels of automation, attributes, benefits and disadvantages of EHR Nurses' responsibility in record keeping and reporting Disaster Management 	• Lecture,	•
	hours	initiative in preparing themselves and the community for disaster preparedness and management	 Disaster types and magnitude Disaster preparedness Emergency preparedness Common problems during disasters and methods to overcome Basic disaster supplies kit Disaster response including emergency relief measures and Life saving techniques Use disaster management module 	Discussion, Demonstration, Role play Suggested field visits, and field practice Mock drills Refer-Disaster module (NDMA) National Disaster/INC – Reaching out in emergencies	
VIII	3 hours	Describe the importance of biomedical waste management, its process and management	Bio-Medical Waste Management • Waste collection, segregation, transportation and management in the community • Waste management in health center/clinics • Bio-medical waste management guidelines – 2016, 2018 (Review)	 Lecture cum Discussion Field visit to waste management site 	Field visit report
IX	3 hours	Explain the roles and functions of various national and international health agencies	Health agencies International WHO, UNFPA, UNDP, World Bank, FAO, UNICEF, European Commission, Red cross, USAID, UNESCO,	LectureDiscussionField visits	Essay typeShort answers

	O, CAR, CIDA,
JH	PIEGO, any other
• Na	tional: Indian Red
cro	oss, Indian Council
for	Child Welfare,
Fa Fa	mily Planning
As	sociation of India,
Tu	berculosis
As	sociation of India,
Ce	entral Social Welfare
Bo	pard, All India
W	omen's Conference,
Bl	ind Association of
Ind	dia, any other
Vo	oluntary Health
As	sociation of
In In	dia(VHA)

COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING II

CLINICAL POSTINGS

2 Weeks x 40 hrs/week Total hours: 80 hours

Urban 1 Week Rural 1 Week	Participate in community	CLINICAL SKILLS		
	diagnosis -data management Screen, diagnose, manage and refer clients with occupational health problem Screen, diagnose, manage and refer clients who are mentally unhealthy Screen, assess and manage elderly with health problems and refer appropriately Participate in health centre activities Organize and conduct clinics/health camps in the community Prepare for	 Participation in Community diagnosis-data management Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of clients with occupational health problems Mental health screening Health assessment of elderly Writing health center activity report Organizing and conducting clinics/camp Participation in disaster mock drills 	 Group project: Community diagnosis-data management Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of clients with occupational health problems-1 Mental health screening survey- 1 Health assessment (Physical & nutritional) of elderly- 1 write report on health center activities- 1 Organizing and conducting: Antenatal/underfi ve clinic/Health camp- 1 Participation in disaster mock drills Field visit to bio- medical waste management site 	 Assignment evaluation Field visit report Clinical performance assessment OSCE during posting Final clinical examination (University)
	disaster preparedness and		Visit to AYUSH clinic	

Reference: Modules used in Certificate programme for community Health for nurses (Bridge Programme)

MIDWIFERY / OBSTETRIC AND GYNECOLOGY NURSING- II

PLACEMENT: VII SEMESTER THEORY : 4 Credits (80

hours)

Skill lab: 1 Credit (40 hours)

Clinical: 7 Credits (560 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed for students to develop knowledge and competencies on the concepts and principles of obstetrical and gynecology nursing. It helps them to acquire knowledge and skills in rendering respectful maternity care to high risk woman during antenatal, natal and postnatal periods in hospitals and community settings and help to develop skills in initial management and referral of high risk neonates and participate in family welfare programme. It would also help students to gain knowledge, attitude and skills in caring for women with gynecological disorders.

COMPETENCIES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Describe the assessment, initial management, referral and respectful maternity care of women with high risk pregnancy.
- 2. Demonstrate competency in identifying deviation from normal pregnancy.
- 3. Describe the assessment, initial management, referral and nursing care of women with high risk labour.
- 4. Assist in the conduction of abnormal vaginal deliveries and caesarean section.
- 5. Describe the assessment, initial management, referral and nursing care of women with abnormal postnatal conditions.
- 6. Demonstrate competency in the initial management of complications during the postnatal conditions.
- 7. Demonstrate competency in providing care for high risk newborn.
- 8. Apply nursing process in caring for high risk women and their families.
- 9. Describe the assessment and management of women with gynecological disorders.
- 10. Demonstrate skills in performing and assisting in specific gynecological procedures.
- 11. Counsel and care for couples with infertility
- 12. Describe artificial reproductive technology
- 13. Describe the drugs used in obstetrics and gynecology
- 14. Demonstrate skills in implementing various government programs related to MNCH care.
- 15. Identify the role of a midwife in vital statistics and health information management
 - **16.** Recognize the importance of family welfare programme and describe the methods of contraception and role of nurse in family welfare

COURSE OUTLINE

UNI	TIM	LEARNING	CONTENT	TEACHING/	ASSESSME
T	E	OUTCOMES		LEARNING	NT
				ACTIVITIES	METHODS
I	T- 20 L- 10 C- 120	Describe the assessment, initial management, and referral of women with abnormal/proble ms during pregnancy Support women with complicated pregnancy and facilitate safe and positive birthing outcome	Recognition and Management of problems during Pregnancy Assessment of high-risk pregnancy Problems/complication s of pregnancy Hyper-emesis gravidarum, Bleeding in early pregnancy: abortion, ectopic pregnancy, vesicular mole Bleeding in late pregnancy placenta previa, abruption placenta, trauma Medical conditions complicating pregnancy: Anemia, PIH, GDM, cardiac disease, pulmonary disease, thyrotoxicosis, STDs, HIV, Rh incompatibility Infections in pregnancy - urinary tract infection, bacterial, viral, protozoal, fungal Surgical conditions complicating pregnancy: appendicitis, acute abdomen Hydramnios Multiple pregnancy Abnormalities of placenta and cord Intra uterine growth	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Video & films Scan reports Case discussion Case presentation Drug presentation Health talk Simulation Role play Supervised Clinical practice SBA module WHO midwifery toolkit GoI guideline – screening for hypothyroidism, screening for syphilis, deworming during pregnancy, diagnosis and management of GDM 	 Essay type Short answers Objectiv e type Assessme nt of skills with check list OSCE

			restriction Intra uterine fetal death Gynaecological conditions complicating pregnancy Mental health issues during pregnancy Adolescent pregnancy, elderly primi, grand multiparity Management and care of conditions as per the protocol Policy for the referral services Drugs used in management of high-risk pregnancies Maintenance of records and reports		
П	T - 20 L - 15 C - 120	Identify, provide initial management and refer women with problems during labour within the scope of midwifery practice.	Recognition of deviations from the normal and management during labour • Preterm labour: Prevention and management of preterm labour; (Use of antenatal corticosteroids in preterm labour) • Premature rupture of membranes • Malposition's and abnormal presentations (breech, brow, face, shoulder) • Contracted Pelvis, Cephalo Pelvic Disproportion (CPD) • Disorders of uterine action- Prolonged labour, Precipitate labour,	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Case discussion/ presentation Simulation Role play Drug presentation Supervised Clinical practice SBA module WHO midwifery toolkit GoI guidelines- use of uterotonics during labour 	 Essay type Short answers Objectiv e type Assessme nt ofskills with check list OSCE

Obstetric procedures- Forceps delivery, Vacuum delivery, Version Manual removal of the placenta Induction of labour- Medical & surgical Caesarean section: indications and preparation Nursing management of women undergoing Obstetrical operations and procedures Drugs used in management of abnormal labour Anesthesia and analgesia in obstetrics III T- III T- Describe the Anesthesia and analgesia in obstetrics Recognition and Management of postnatal problems Physical examination, identification of deviation Physical examination Drug presentation Short answ			 Dysfunctional labour Complications of third stage: Retained placenta, Injuries to birth canal, Postpartum hemorrhage (bimanual compression of the uterus, aortic compression, uterine balloon tamponade) Obstetric emergencies-Ruptured uterus, Obstetrical shock, Amniotic fluid embolism, Foetal distress, Cord prolapse, Shoulder dystocia, Uterine inversion, Vasa previa Episiotomy and suturing 	
nursing care of from normal Supervised Clinical ers	10 a L - 5 i C - 1 80 i 1	assessment, initial management, referral and	 Episiotomy and suturing Obstetric procedures-Forceps delivery, Vacuum delivery, Version Manual removal of the placenta Induction of labour-Medical & surgical Caesarean section: indications and preparation Nursing management of women undergoing Obstetrical operations and procedures Drugs used in management of abnormal labour Anesthesia and analgesia in obstetrics Recognition and Management of postnatal problems Physical examination, identification of deviation from normal Lecture Demonstration Case discussion/presentation Drug presentation Supervised Clinical 	Simul ationShort answ

		abnormal postnatal conditions.	and its management Puerperal pyrexia Puerperal sepsis Urinary complications Secondary Postpartum hemorrhage Vulval hematoma Breast engorgement including mastitis/breast abscess, feeding problem Thrombophlebitis DVT Uterine sub involution Vesico vaginal fistula (VVF), Recto vaginal fistula (RVF) Postpartum blues / psychosis Drugs used in abnormal	on prevention and management of PPH	E
			puerperiumPolicy about referral		
IV	T - 7 L - 5 C - 40	Describe high risk neonates and their nursing management	Assessment and management of High- risk newborn (Review) Models of newborn care in India – NBCC; SNCUs Screening of high-risk newborn Protocols, levels of neonatal care, infection control Prematurity, Postmaturity Low birth weight Kangaroo Mother Care Birth asphyxia / Hypoxic encephalopathy Neonatal sepsis Hypothermia Respiratory distress Jaundice Neonatal infections High fever	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Simulation Case discussion/ presentation Drug presentation Supervised Clinical practice 	 Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with check list OSCE

Betiology, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and management of disorder of female reproductive system Menstrual abnormalities Abnormal uterine bleed Pelvic inflammatory disease Infections of the reproductive tract Uterine displacement Endometriosis Uterine and cervical fibroids and polyps Tumors – uterine, cervical, ovarian, vaginal, vulval Cysts – ovarian, vulval Cysts – ovarian, vulval Cysts – ovarian, vulval Serectocele, urethrocele, rectocele Genitor-urinary fistulas Breast disorders – infections, deformities, cysts, tumors HPV vaccination Disorders of Puberty and menopause Hormonal replacement therapy Assessment and management of couples with infertility Infertility – definition, causes Counseling the infertile couple Investigations – male and female Artificial	Visit to infertility clinic and ART centers	
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VI	T- 8 C- 80	Describe family planning and the national programs related to family welfare, MNCH+A care	 Surrogacy, sperm and ovum donation, cryopreservation Adoption – counselling, procedures Injuries and Trauma; Sexual violence Drugs used in treatment of gynaecological disorders Family planning and family welfare programs Review: Vital indicators – Maternal mortality ratio, Infant Mortality Rate, Neonatal Mortality Rate, perinatal mortality rates Maternal death audit National health Mission National programs related to maternal newborn child health and adolescent services Family welfare services Planned Parenthood Impact of early / frequent 	 Lecture Supervised practice Field visits GoI guidelines – injectable contraceptives, oral contraceptives, male and female sterilization 	 Essay type Short answers Objectiv e type Field visit reports
			 Planned Parenthood 		
			family planning methods- Action, effectiveness, advantages, disadvantages, myths, misconception and medical eligibility criteria (MEC) for use of various family planning methods Emergency contraceptives Family planning Counseling using Balanced Counseling		

	Strategy (BCS)	
	 Importance of follow up 	
	and recommended timing	
	 Unintended or mistimed 	
	pregnancy	
	1 0	
	 Post abortion counseling 	
	 Recent trends 	
	and research in	
	contraception	

(Skill lab & Clinical)

PLACEMENT: VII SEMESTER Total Hours: 600hrs Skill Lab – 40 (1 credit)

Clinical - 560 (7 credits)

Practice Competencies:

On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Identify and refer antenatal mothers with complications
- 2. Conduct labour and delivery
- 3. Demonstrate skills in resuscitating the newborn
- 4. Assist and manage complications during labour
- 5. Assist in the conduction of abnormal vaginal deliveries and caesarean section.
- 6. Identify postnatal and neonatal complications and refer them
- 7. Provide care for high risk antenatal, intranatal and postnatal mothers and their families using nursing process approach
- 8. Provide care for high risk newborn
- 9. Assist in advanced clinical procedures in midwifery
- 10. Provide family welfare services
- 11. Provide care for women during their non childbearing period.
- 12. Provide post abortion care
- 13. Demonstrate IUCD insertion and removal
- 14. Participate in national family welfare programs
- 15. Assess women with gynecological disorders
- 16. Demonstrate skills in performing and assisting in specific gynecological procedures
- 17. Counsel and care for couples with infertility

I. SKILL LAB:

Procedures/ Skills for demonstration and return demonstration:

- 1) Antenatal assessment and identification of complications
- 2) Counselling antenatal women complication readiness
- 3) PV examination
- 4) Plotting and interpretation of partograph
- 5) Preparation for delivery setting up labour room, articles, equipment
- 6) Mechanism of labour normal and abnormal
- 7) Conduction of delivery with essential newborn care
- 8) Active management of third stage of labour
- 9) Placental examination
- 10) Newborn resuscitation
- 11) Monitoring during fourth stage of labour
- 12) Postnatal assessment
- 13) Newborn assessment
- 14) Kangaroo mother care
- 15) Management of complications during pregnancy / labour /post partum (case studies / simulated scenarios)
- 16) Administration of Magnesium sulphate
- 17) Starting and maintaining an oxytocin drip
- 18) Management of PPH Bimanual compression of uterus
- 19) Management of PPH –Balloon tamponade
- 20) Family planning counselling.
- 21) PPIUCD insertion
- 22) Instruments used in obstetrics and gynecology
- 23) Visual inspection of cervix with acetic acid
- 24) Cervical biopsy
- 25) Breast examination

CLINICAL POSTINGS 14 weeks x 40 hours/week

	DURATION IN WEEKS	LEARNING OUTCOMES	PROCEDURAL COMPETENCIES/	CLINICAL REQUIREMENTS	ASSESSMENT METHODS
			CLINICAL SKILLS		
Antenatal OPD including	2 weeks	Perform antenatal assessment and identify complications	 Pregnancy confirmation test History collection Physical 	Antenatal palpationHealth talkCase study	SimulationCase presentation
infertility clinics /		during antenatal period	examinationObstetric examination		
Reproductiv e medicine,		Perform laboratory tests for antenatal	 Urine testing Blood testing for		

Family welfare and post-partum clinic / PTCT Centre Antenatal ward	2 weeks	women Perform and assist in selected advanced antenatal diagnostic procedures Provide antenatal care for women with complications of pregnancy Counsel antenatal mothers	•	Hemoglobin Blood test for malaria Blood test for grouping and typing Kick chart, DFMC Assist in NST/CTG/USG Care of mothers with complications in pregnancy			
			•	Antenatal counselling Antenatal interventions Preparation for childbirth Birth preparedness and complication readiness			
Postnatal Ward	2 wks	Perform postnatal assessment and identification of postnatal complications Provide post abortion care and postnatal counselling Provide postnatal	•	Postnatal history collection and physical examination Identify postnatal complications Post abortion care Post abortion counselling	 Health talk Antenatal assessment Postnatal assessment Newborn assessment Case studies Case presentation IUCD insertion and removal 	•	Role play Assignment Case study, Case presentation Simulation Vignettes
		care	•	Care of postnatal mothers – normal, caesarean section Care of normal newborn Lactation management Postnatal			

	1	Т	ı		1			
		Provide family welfare services	•	counselling Health teaching				
		Westure services		on postnatal and				
				newborn care				
				Family welfare				
			•	counselling				
Labour	4 weeks	Conduction of	•	Assessment of	•	Partograph	•	Assignment
room		normal deliveries		woman in labour		recording	•	Case study
100111			•	Partograph	•	Pain management	•	Case
		Conduct / assist in	•	Pervaginal		during labour		presentation
		abnormal		examination if indicated	•	Conduction of		
		deliveries	•	Obstetric		delivery		
				examination	•	Assisting in		
		Monitor labour	•	Care during first		abnormal deliveries		
		using partograph		stage of labour	•	Managing		
			•	Pain management techniques		complication during		
			•	Positions in		labour		
				labour	•	Case study		
			•	Preparation for	•	Case presentation		
		Identify and		labour – articles,				
		manage		physical, psychological				
		complications	•	Conduction of				
		during labour		normal delivery				
			•	Essential newborn				
				care				
			•	Newborn				
				resuscitation Active				
				management of				
				third stage of				
				labour				
			•	Monitoring and				
				care during fourth stage of labour				
			•	Identification and				
				management of				
				prolonged labour,				
				cervical dystocia, CPD, contracted				
				pelvis				
			•	Assist in the				
				management of				
				abnormal				
				deliveries – posterior position,				
				breech deliveries,				

			•	twin deliveries, vacuum extraction, forceps delivery, shoulder dystocia Assist in cervical encerclage procedures, D&C, D&E Management of trauma to the birth canal, retained placenta, post partum hemorrhage, uterine atony Management of			
Neonatal Intensive Care Unit	2 weeks	Perform assessment of newborn and identify complications/con genital anomalies Perform neonatal resuscitation Care of high risk newborn	•	obstetric shock Neonatal assessment identification of complication, congenital anomalies. Observation of newborn Neonatal resuscitation	 Case study Case presentation Assignments Simulated practice 	•	Case presentation Care study Care plan Simulation, Vignettes
		Provide care for newborns in ventilator, incubator etc Assist / perform special neonatal procedures	•	Phototherapy and management of jaundice in newborn Assist in Exchange transfusion Care of baby in incubator, ventilator, warmer. Infection control in the nursery Neonatal medications Neonatal feeding			

obstetric /	1 week	Assist in	•	- spoon and katori, paladai, NG tube Starting IV line for newborn, drug calculation Assist in advanced neonatal procedures	Assisting	in		Assignment
Gynae operation theatre	I week	Assist in gynecological and obstetric surgeries	•	Observe / Assist in caesarean section Management of retained placenta Gynecological surgeries Hysterectomy Uterine rupture.	Assisting obstetric gynecological surgery Tray set-up	in and	•	Assignment Tray set-up for obstetric and gynecologic al surgeries
Gynecology ward	2 weeks	Care for women with gynecological disorders	•	Care of women with gynecological conditions Vaginal douche application Health education	Care plan		•	Case presentation Simulation Vignettes

CHC, PHC,	1 week	Provide MNCH+A	● Conduction of ● Reports	Assignment
SC /		care in the	antenatal and	• Report
		community	postnatal clinics • Record maintenance	e submission
Community			• Conduction of	
midwifery			other special • Conducting special	1
		Desvide midwifeev	clinics and camps clinics	
		Provide midwifery care for women in	- Tubectomy,	
		the community	vasectomy • Health talk	
		the community	Tracking every pregnancy – RCHHome visit	
			pregnancy – RCH	
			Maintaining vital	
			statistics	
			• Care of antenatal	
			and postnatal	
		T 1 . C 11	mother at home	
		Implement family	Newborn care at	
		welfare programs	home	
			• Identification of	
			complication and	
			referral	
			Follow up of	
			mothers and newborns	
			• Micro birth	
			planning	
			• Conduction of	
			family welfare	
			clinics	
			• Distribution of	
			contraceptives	
			• Community	
			health education	